

DOE's EGS Program Review

Seismic (MEQ) Characterization of EGS Fracture Network Lifecycles

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Project Objective

❖ To image seismically an EGS fracture network, and its evolution with time

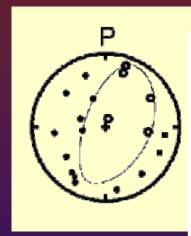
EGS Problem

- Project will contribute to numerous program goals:
 - fracture mapping extent & geometry
 - * effective fracture area, volume in contact with circulating fluids
 - pathways & trajectories of circulating fluids
 - * mode of failure on fractures
 - potential for fluid circulation
 - need for fracture propping
 - stress regime in hydrofractured volume
 - evolution of stresses

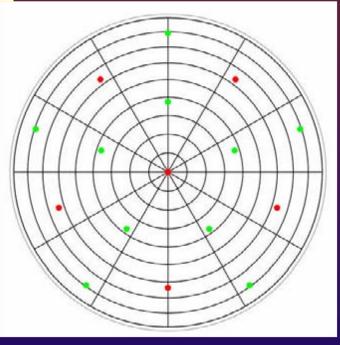
Background/Approach: Current work

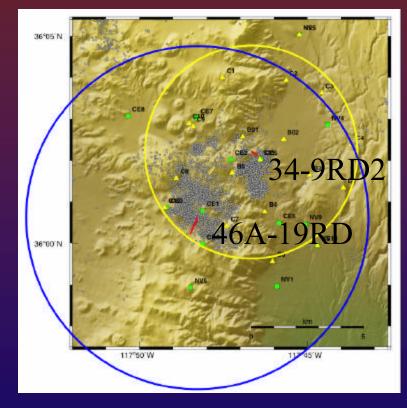
- ❖ Operate temporary network around 46A-19RD
- ❖ Format, merge data with US Navy permanent network data

Background/Approach: Current work

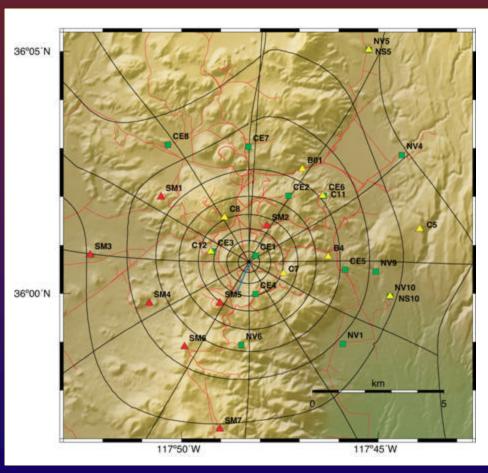


Faces & vertices of regular icosahedron





Background/Approach: Current work



New



Old



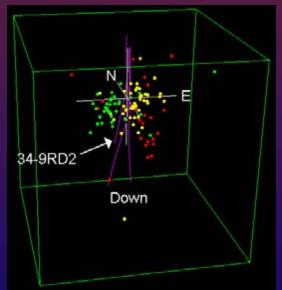
Navy

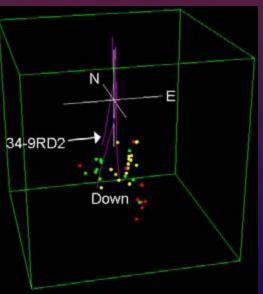
- ❖ Seismic (MEQ) Characterization of EGS Fracture Network Lifecycles
- ❖ Project will run 1st Oct 2006 30th Sept 2007
- ❖ 3 tasks:
 - Software development
 - ❖ Application of new techniques to 46A-19RD at Coso
 - Integration of results with other knowledge

- Software development
 - ❖ High-resolution MEQ locations: waveform crosscorrelation + hypocc
 - ❖ 4-D tomography: invert for structural changes
 - ❖ Focal mechanisms (moment tensors): add errors

❖ High-resolution MEQ locations: waveform crosscorrelation + hypocc

Routine catalog hypocenters



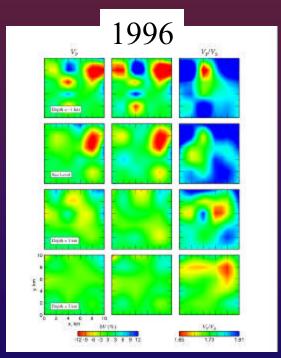


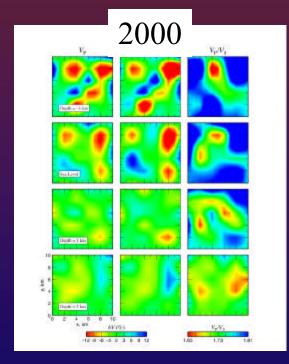
Relatively relocated hypocenters

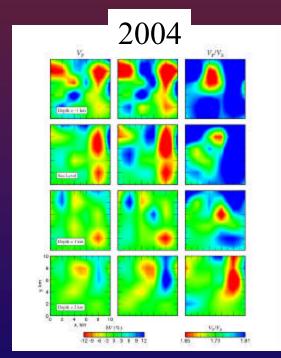
34-9RD2 injection

green: pre-injection; yellow: co-injection; red: post-injection

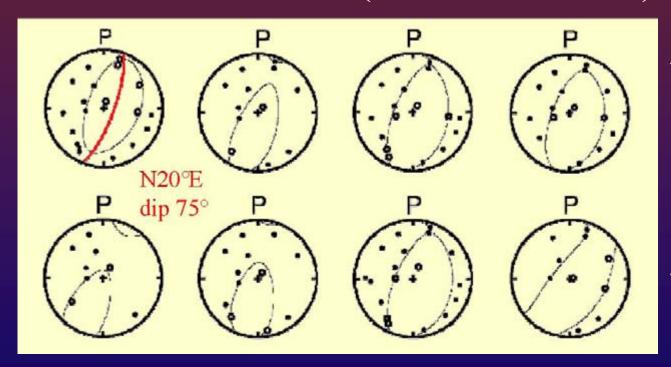
❖ 4-D tomography: invert for structural changes





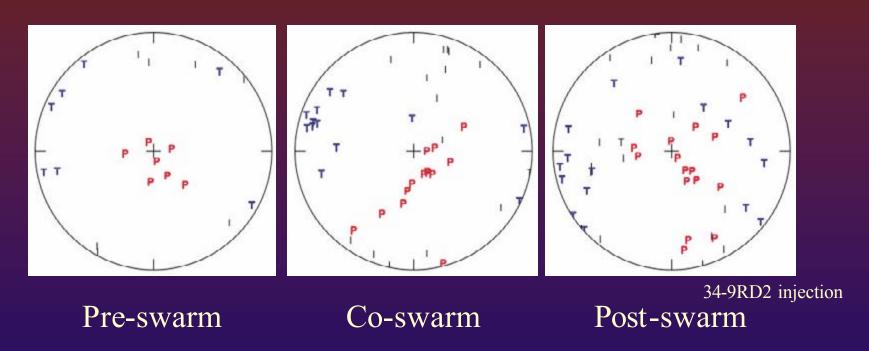


* Focal mechanisms (moment tensors): add errors



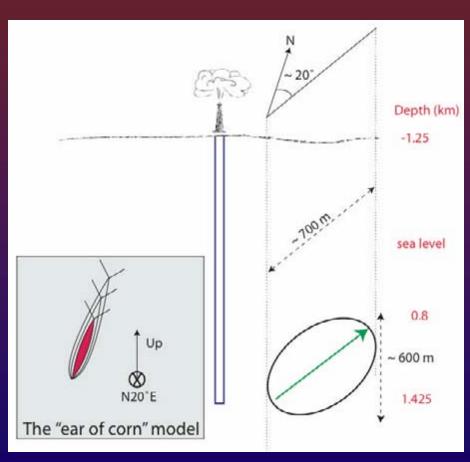
- *Red line:
 seismic zone
 revealed by
 relative
 relocations
- Crack-opening component

Background/Approach: Earlier results



- Stress release during of pre-, co- and post-swarm MEQs different
- Indicates lifecycle of new EGS hydrofracture

Background/Approach: Earlier results



- ♦ Hydrofracturing of 34-9RD2
- Fracture mapped
- ❖ Fracture size/area estimated
- Trajectory determined
- * Mode of failure
- ❖ Potential for circulation
- ❖ Stress regime
- Changes in stress with time

Results/Accomplishments

- MEQ study should be a standard geothermal exploration/monitoring tool
- * HOWEVER, its full potential is only realised for:
 - appropriately high-quality data
 - appropriate processing methods

Conclusion

- ❖ Seismic (MEQ) Characterization of EGS Fracture Network Lifecycles
- Will the project objective be achieved by the project completion date? YES
- ❖ For 46A-19RD: Expect to characterize:
 - * fracture geometry orientation, length & area
 - * mode of failure and thus permeability prospects
 - * stress regime & changes with time