ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

1. **Project Name:** High-Strength/High Alkaline Resistant Fe-Phosphate

Glass Fibers as Concrete Reinforcement

2. Lead Organization: MO-SCI Corporation

4000 Enterprise Dr.,

P.O. Box 2

Rolla, MO 65402-0002

3. **Principal Investigator:** Mariano Velez

(573) 364-2338 / (573) 364-9589 / mvelez@mo-sci.com

4. **Project Partners:** University of Missouri-Rolla, Ceramic Engineering Dept.,

Richard K. Brow, <u>brow@umr.edu</u>, (573) 341-6812

AGY

Scott R. Northrup, scott.northrup@agy.com, (803) 643-1192

5. **Date Project Initiated:** May 2004

6. **Expected Completion Date:** April 2007

PROJECT RATIONALE AND STRATEGY

1. **Project Objective:** Develop alkaline-resistant iron-phosphate glass fibers for use in reinforcing concrete and cement products and which can replace silica-based alkali-resistant glass fibers. These iron-phosphate glass fibers offer the potential for 40-60% energy savings compared to higher melting silica-based alkaline-resistant glass fibers.

- 2. **Technical Barrier(s) Being Addressed:** The barriers to achieving the energy savings offered by the lower melting (1100 to 1300 °C) iron phosphate glasses are their dark color and higher fluidity when molten. Their dark color inhibits heat transfer by radiation so alternative melting techniques, such as induction or electrical resistance heating, suitable for commercial production may be needed. Similarly, the high fluidity of iron phosphate melts, compared to the more viscous silica-based melts, requires closer control of the melt temperature and fiberization conditions.
- 3. **Project Pathway:** The overall approach is to apply our existing knowledge of the structure and properties of iron phosphate glasses to identify candidate compositions possessing the needed combination of chemical durability, mechanical properties (elastic modulus) and ease of fiberization that equals or exceeds the foreign-produced, alkali-resistant, silica-based glass fibers now commercially available. Fibers pulled from promising iron phosphate melts will be used to reinforce various concrete products whose mechanical strength will be measured and compared with equivalent concrete products made with fibers of silica-based glass. This processing information and property data will be transferred to our industrial partner (AGY) who will undertake glass melting and fiber production experiments on a commercial scale.
- 4. **Critical Metrics:** Success will consist of:

- Demonstrating that fibers useful for reinforcing concrete (or other) products can be produced from iron phosphate melts, using less energy than what now is required to produce alkaline resistant, silica-based fibers, and
- Obtain fibers that are equivalent or better in alkaline resistance and mechanical strength to the incumbent alkali resistant glass, and
- Achieve a successful transfer of the technical information and press technology to a company wanting to produce iron phosphate glass fiber for commercial use.

PROJECT PLANS AND PROGRESS

1. **Past Accomplishments:** We have manufactured iron-phosphate glasses with chemical durability to alkaline environments similar to commercial-based silica glasses and with similar elastic properties (June 2005 Milestone). These iron-phosphate glasses have been successfully melted at temperatures between 1100 and 1250 °C and then pulled into continuous fibers using platinum bushings at temperatures between 1050 and 1250 °C. These temperatures are lower than those used for manufacturing alkaline-resistant silica-based glass fibers, which demonstrate the potential for energy savings.

2. Future Plans:

Date	Milestone/Deliverable	Partner Activities
June	Manufacture iron-phosphate glass fibers	UMR will modify composition to improve
2005	with similar or better mechanical	mechanical properties of iron-phosphate
	properties than commercial alkaline-	glasses. Best compositions will be pulled
	resistant silica-based glass fibers	into fibers at Mo-Sci Corp
June	Fabricate iron-phosphate glasses in less	Mo-Sci Corp is testing fiber pulling in
2006	expensive metal bushings and/or at	platinum bushings demonstrating that lower
	reduced temperatures in comparison	temperatures are used for manufacturing the
	with the manufacturing of alkaline-	iron-phosphate glass fibers.
	resistant silica-based glass fibers.	
June	Use waste or recycled materials as a	UMR will include phosphate-based waste
2006	raw material in iron-phosphate glasses	materials in the iron-phosphate glasses
	formulation	formulation. Best compositions will be
		pulled into fibers at Mo-Sci Corp
June	Incorporate iron-phosphate glass fibers	Mo-Sci Corp is testing best iron-phosphate
2007	in concrete mixes	glass fibers in concrete for long-term
		assessment.
June	Manufacture iron-phosphate glasses in	AGY will be conducting initial pilot-scale
2007	pilot-scale operation	glass fiber manufacturing in 2005.

- 3. **Project Changes:** An additional task is to evaluate the laboratory-scale melting procedure to design the industrial melting method of the iron-phosphate glasses.
- 4. **Commercialization Potential, Plans, and Activities:** The anticipated product is an iron-phosphate glass fiber that would replace commercial silica-based alkaline-resistant glass fibers for concrete reinforcement (GFRC). The iron-phosphate glass fiber is to be fabricated eventually by the glass company partner AGY. Reinforced concrete is used today for making low-weight panels for buildings exterior, window frames, pipes, and permanent formwork. Other applications include permanent formwork for bridge works, retaining walls, sewer linings, utility boxes, drainage channels and tanks

for agriculture. Nearly all products historically made of asbestos-cement such as general purpose flat sheet for buildings, roofing tiles or slates, are being replaced by GFRC. The estimated production of alkaline-resistant silica-based glass fibers is of 20,000 tons/year, with an estimated value of \$50 million/year and reinforcing 400,000 to 600,000 tons of concrete.

5. Patents, Publications, Presentations:

• M. Velez, S. Reis, R.K. Brow, D.E. Day, Alkaline-Resistant Iron-Phosphate (ARFP) Glass Fibers for Concrete Reinforcement, to be presented at the 107 Annual meeting of the American Ceramic Society, Baltimore, Maryland, April 10-13, 2005