

PV Module Reliability Workshop

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Breakage Causes

Glass breaks when an applied load exceeds the strength of the glass

The big question is:

Was the load too great, or was the glass too weak?

How Strong is Annealed Glass?

(Bending) Tensile Stress



- 6,000 psi Half (~500) Broken

- 3,000 psi 8 of 1,000 Samples Broken

0 psi 1,000 Identical Test Samples Conclusion: Don't use glass for Rupture Disks



1. Heat-Strengthened Glass is ~ 2 times Stronger than Annealed

2. Tempered Glass is ~ 4 times Stronger than Annealed Glass

3. Chemically Strengthened Glass can be > 4 times Stronger than Annealed

How does Coating Glass Affect its Strength?

•Coating Types:

 "Soft" Vacuum Sputtered – Applied post glass manufacture No change to glass strength – damage already done Moisture & Temperature Sensitive

•"Hard" CVD (Chemical Vapor Deposition)-Applied during glass manufacture Small improvement ~20% by protecting top side only High temperature (650+C) resistance Durable - weatherproof Temperable, Bendable

Breakage Causes

- 1. Tensile Stress: 1.a. Bending

 1.b. Thermal
 1.c. NiS inclusion expansion in FT or HS
- Impact: 2a. Hard Body Hail Stones
 2b. Soft Body Snow Slide
- 3. Crushing
- 4. Acts of God? God doesn't break glass we do
- 5. Mother Nature? '*Hurricanes Happen'* – don't blame your mother

Finding Breakage Causes

FRACTOGRAPHICS can find the cause.
It only takes: enough time; enough money;
and having <u>all</u> the broken pieces near the fracture origin

See: ASTM C1256-93 "Interpreting Glass Fracture Surface Features" ASTM C1678-07 "Standard Practice for Fractographic Analysis"

"White Boat Rock"

Bending or Thermal Cause

First, find the fracture origin

Compression



Origin

Wallner Lines in 19 mm Glass edge





Properly glazed High Aspect Ratio Sealed Insulating Glass.

Breakage from too High or too Low air space pressure



± pressure load

Sealed Insulating Glass

Simply Supported Edges.

Break caused by excessive $\pm \Delta P$ ressure in sealed air space.





Incorrect 'Clamped Edges' create very high bending stresses at low temperatures in Insulating Glass. Fracture origin at a scratch.

Thermal Loads



Thermal Stress Generation







Classic Thermal Stress fracture origin.

Break typically starts in the central ³/₄ of the edge length and not at a corner.

Crunch damage at origin and solar stress caused fracture

Fracture direction of travel

Cut edge – poor quality

Solar E (solar absorbing Low E coating) incorrectly used on #3 Surface (should be #2). Energy Advantage Low E can be correctly used on either #2 or #3 Surface Solar E, #3 surface installed

Fracture travel direction

Fracture opened up (rotated 180 deg. in plane of glass) to reveal: 1. origin at #3 surface edge damage; 2 Mirror Radius, and fracture surface deveoping Mist. 3 and then 4. Hackle as it progressed away from the origin Fracture travel direction



Low Stress: Single crack suggests a weaker glass edge. Less energy was needed to propagate the crack





Medium scratch from dragging against a hard object created enough damage to provide fracture origin



High Stress: Multiple crack surfaces were needed to absorb excessive energy.







A corner impact easily creates a 10 or 20 mm long crack which waits for a high stress situation to make it run. Here low winter temperature contracts the sealed air space and creates a large bending stress.

Over-running Interrupted Cut Score Line

Weld Splatter Damage

Insufficient sealant in IG gun head made rub marks causing many vents of submillimeter size in glass cut edge

Fracture Origin at rub mark on IG cut edge. Thermal stress caused the small vent to run

Impact Cause

Tempered Glass

Fracture origin at plate center

Look for surface damage or very small inclusion in glass at origin

TEMPERED GLASS

 On rare occasions, heat-treated (tempered and sometimes even heat-strengthened) glass can break spontaneously, without any applied load, due to small inclusions that may be present in all float glasses.

Tempered Glass Corner origin of fracture.

Look for cornercrunch damage

Wind Loads

Wind Loads used to be 60 second duration gusts.Now the building codes use 3 second duration gusts.3 second gusts are greater than those of 60 sec.But Glass is stronger when the load duration is shorter so there was little change when the codes changed.

Other Considerations

1. Condensation Damage

Soda-Lime window glass can be corroded by alkalis. Small amounts of water (dew?) leach sodium making an alkali solution which attacks the silicate structure. See drinking glasses washed too often in domestic dish washers.

Other Considerations

2. Solarization Some glass compositions show slight yellowing when exposed to strong UV light for extended periods of time.

Will my glass break?

Nobody knows for sure. You can't tell how strong it is, until it was.

Design glass not to break (low probability), but if it does, the consequences must be acceptable.

What to Do

Was the load too great? Reduce the load or stress Or Was the glass too weak? Strengthen the glass

Raise the Bridge (Strengthen the Glass) OT

Lower the River (Reduce the Load)