DEER Conference 2003 – Newport, USA

August 2003



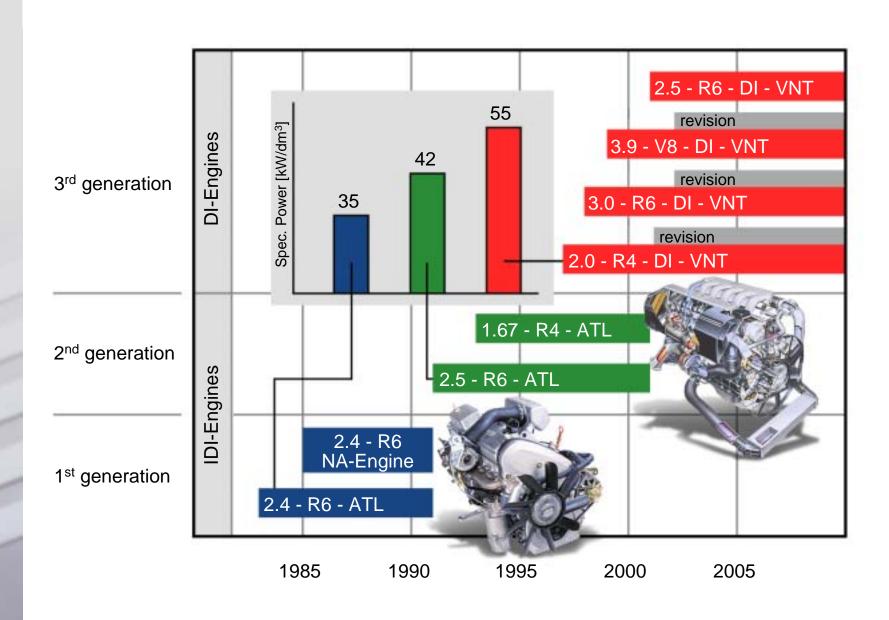




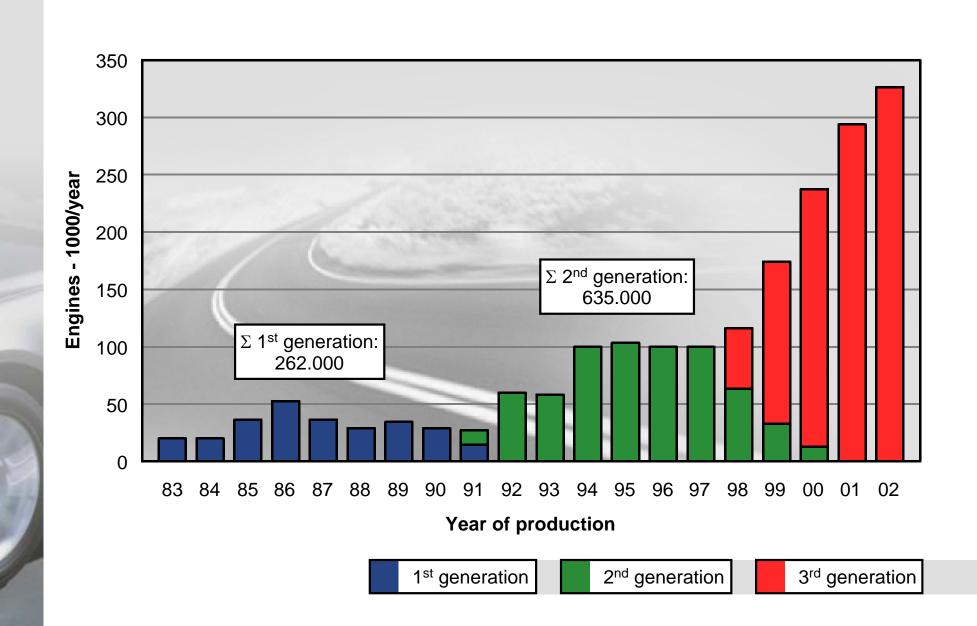




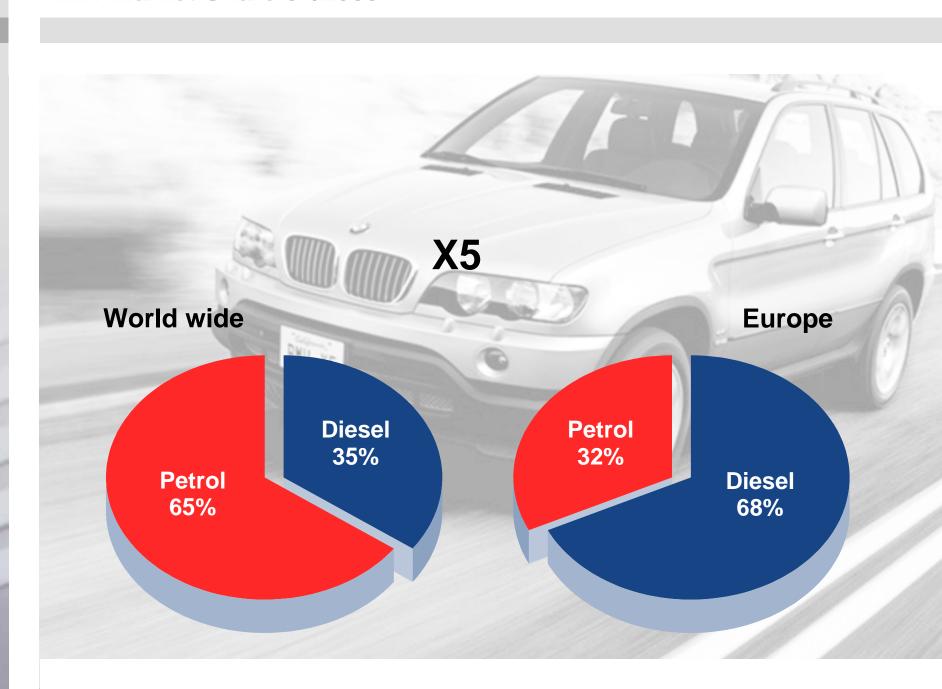
BMW Diesel History



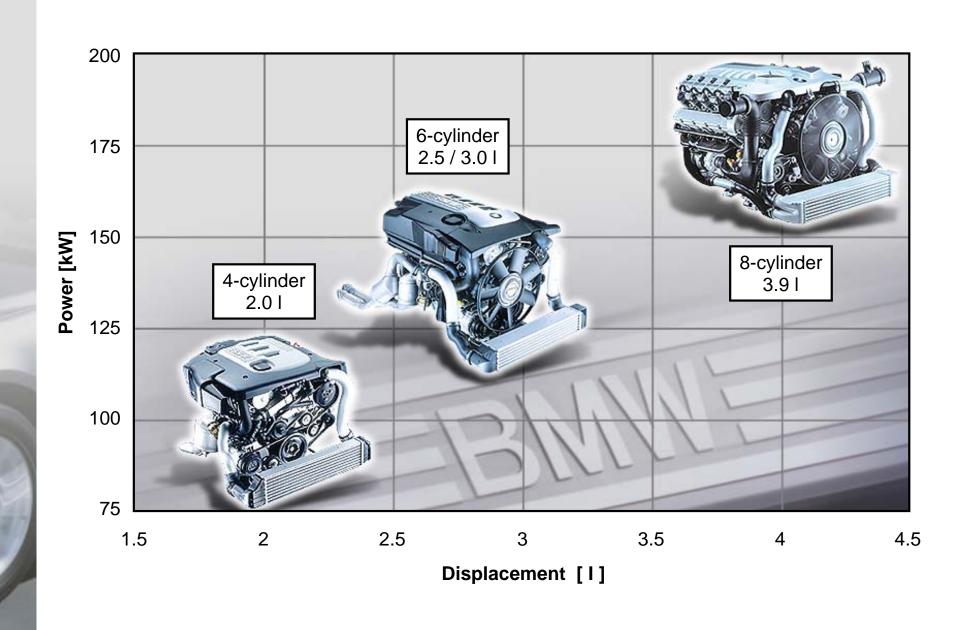
BMW Diesel Production



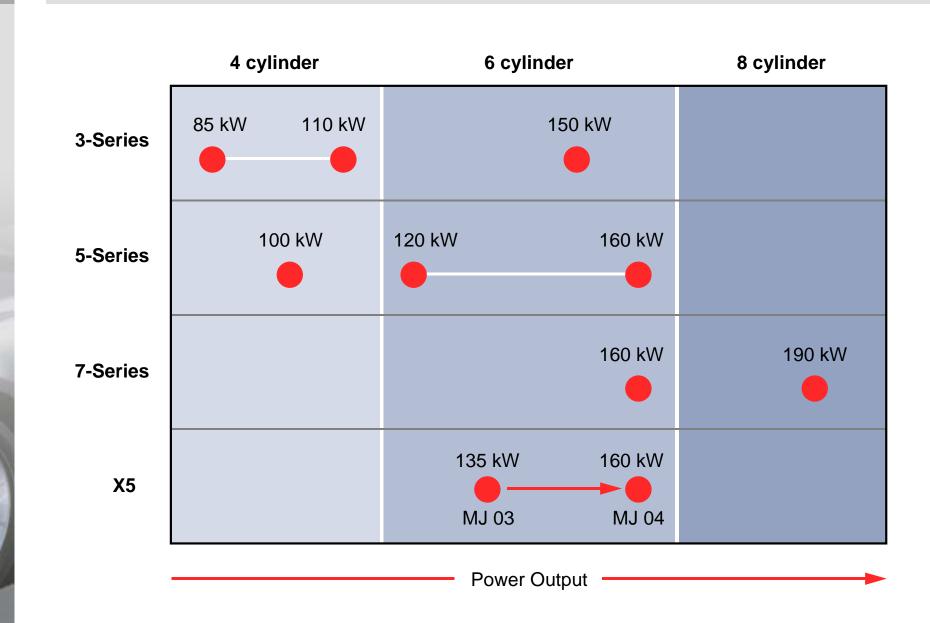
BMW Market Share 04/2003



BMW Diesel Engine Family



BMW Diesel Product Range



Key Technologies

Core engine

- Durability for cylinder pressures up to 180 bar
- High thermal resistance
- Low friction

Combustion concept

- Combustion chamber layout
- Port design for efficient swirl generation



- High hydraulic performance
- Sophisticated application strategy



- VNT-Turbochargers
- Optimised intake / exhaust system with intercooling

Outstanding performance Low consumption and emissions

BMW Diesel-

Development





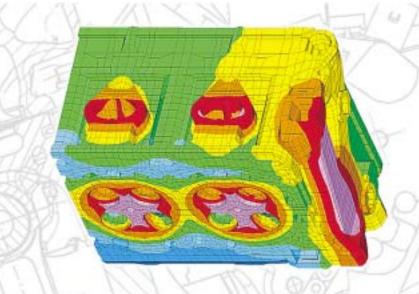
Core Engine Design

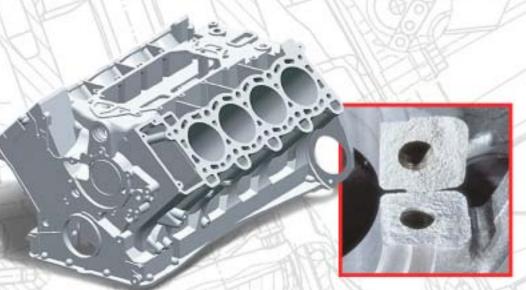
Cylinder head

- Aluminium alloy with specific thermal treatment
- Design based on sophisticated simulation methods
 - Mould filling
 - Residual stress simulation
 - Strength and fatigue analysis

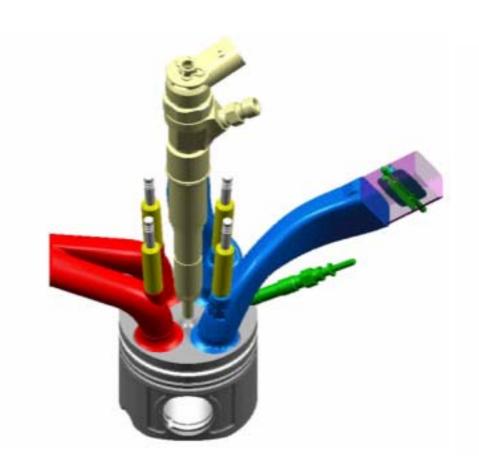
Crank case

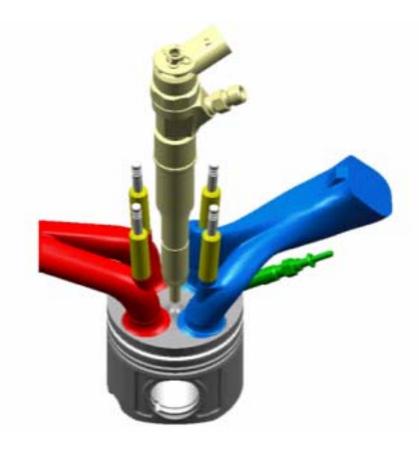
- Material GGV-500
- Cracked main bearing walls
- Two main bearing bolts





Combustion Chamber and Port Design





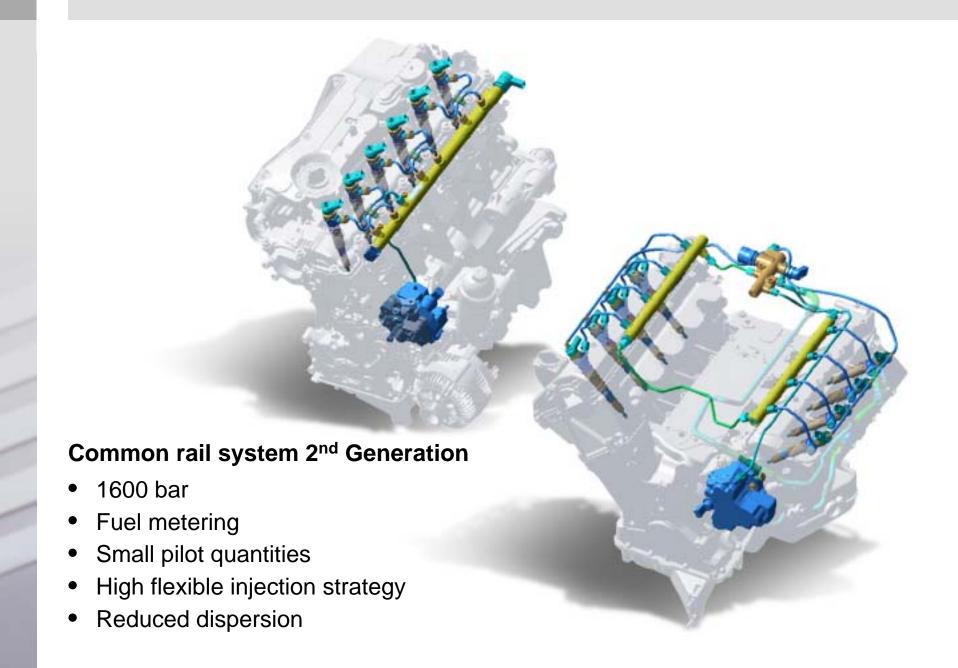
6-Cylinder Engine

- Swirl port from the top
- Tangential port with swirl flap from the side

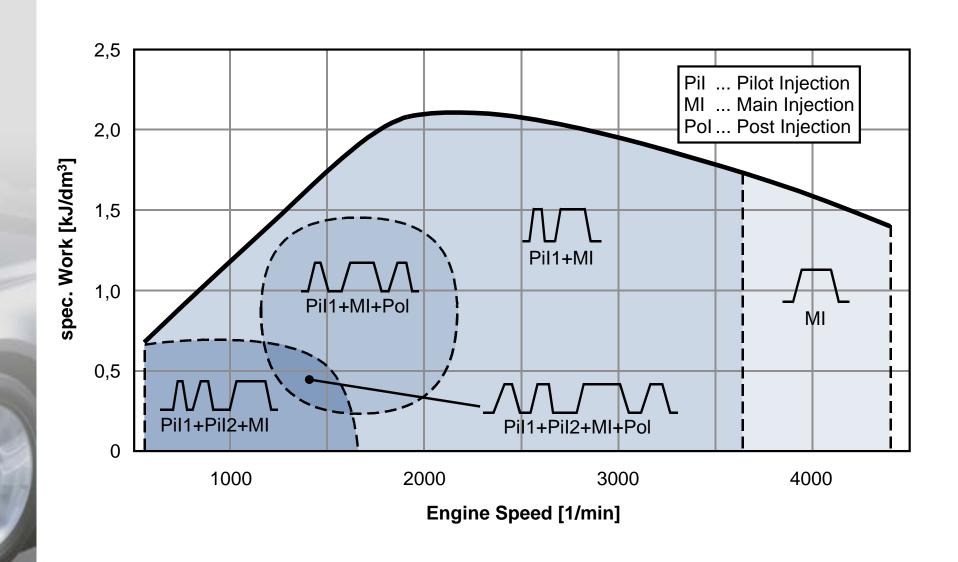
8-Cylinder Engine

 Inlet ports coming from one side

Fuel Injection System



Injection Strategy



Characteristics Diesel Electronic Control Units

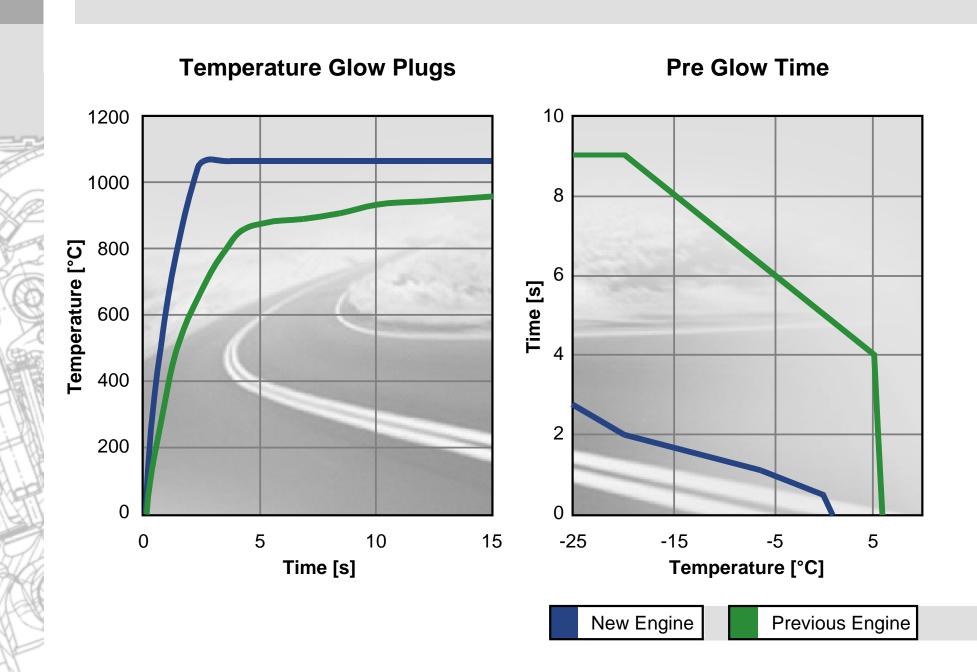
					730d 740d
Start of Production		1989	1993	1998	2002
ECU-Type		DDE1	DDE2	DDE4	DDE5
Data Length	bit	8	16	16	32
Computer Performance	MIPS	<1	1	4	40
Number of Transistors	Mio	<1	<1	<1	7
Memory	kByte	33	64	256	1000
Number Labels for Calibrat	ion	500	1500	4500	7800*
Number of ECU - Pins		55	55	121	154

^{*} With Master / Slave ECU's: 15600 Labels for Calibration

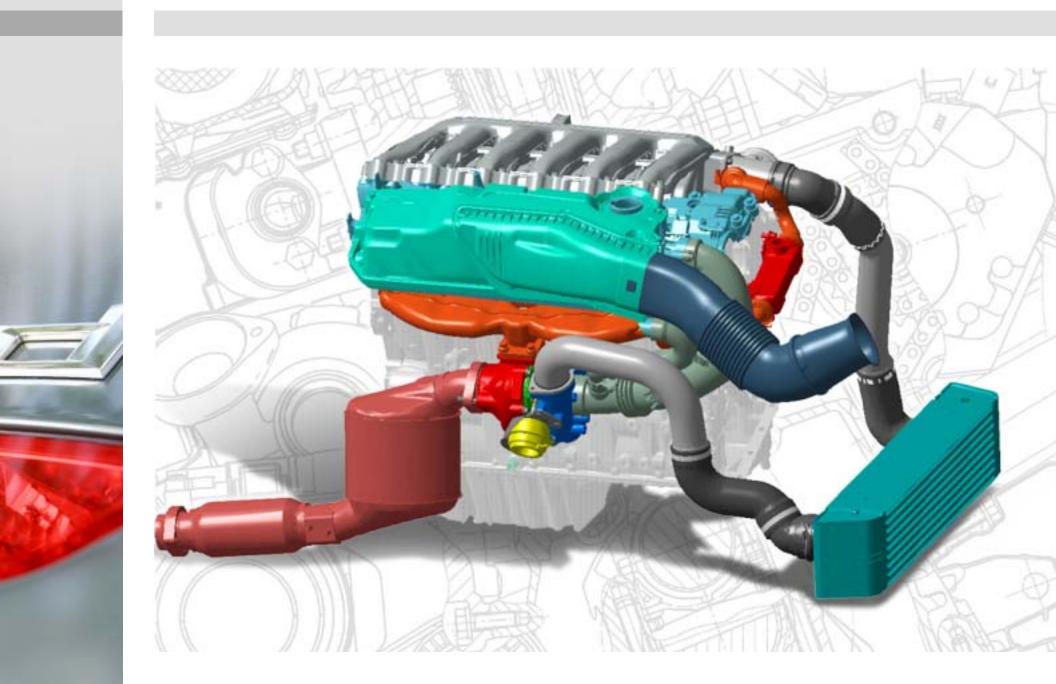
Spontaneous Glow System



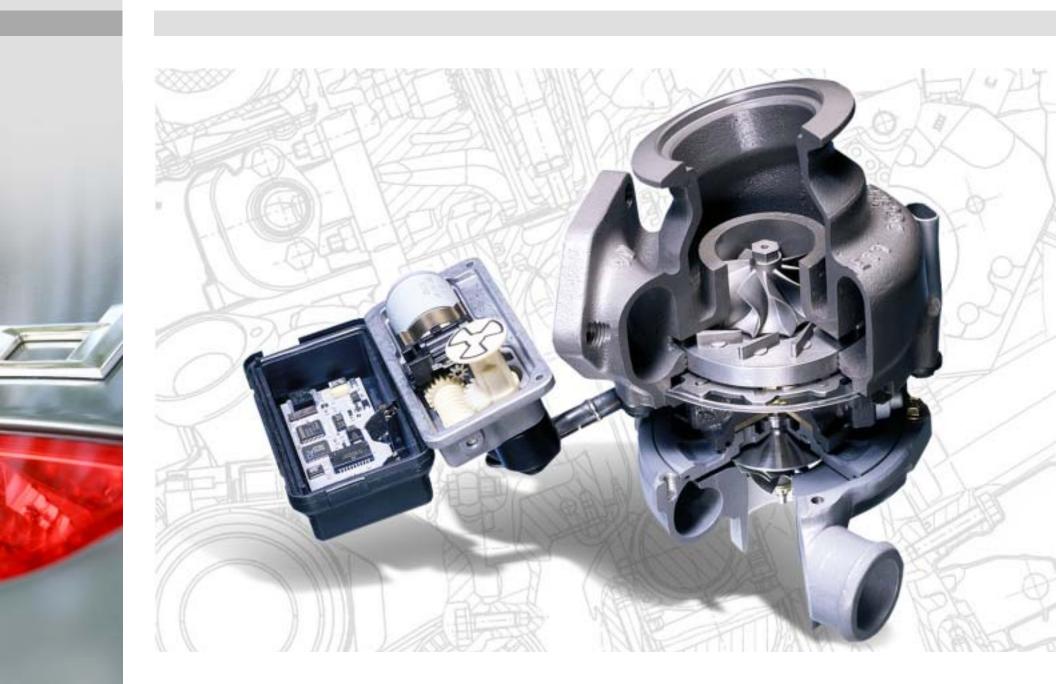
Spontaneous Glow System



Air Management



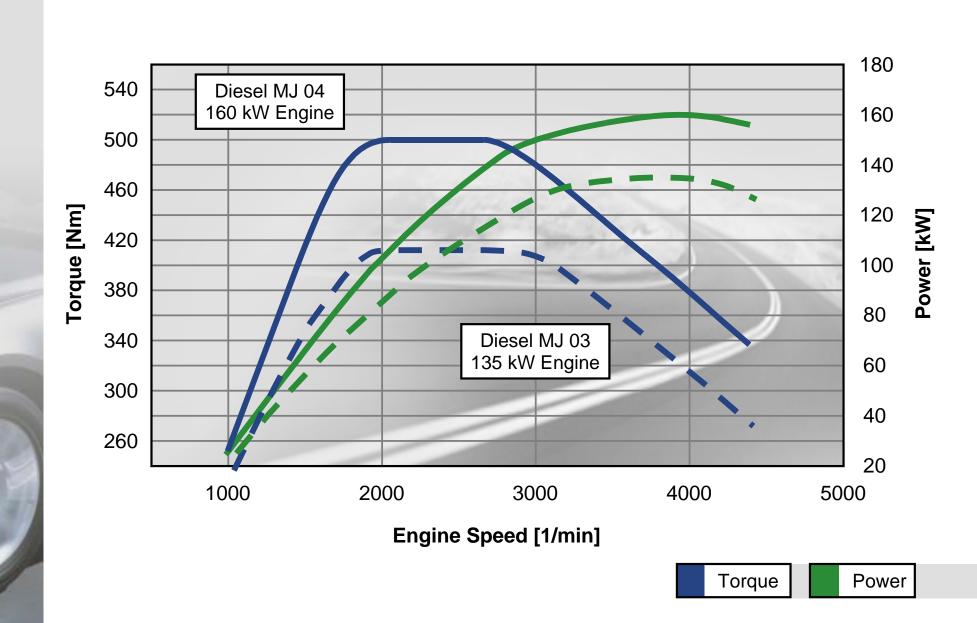
Air Management



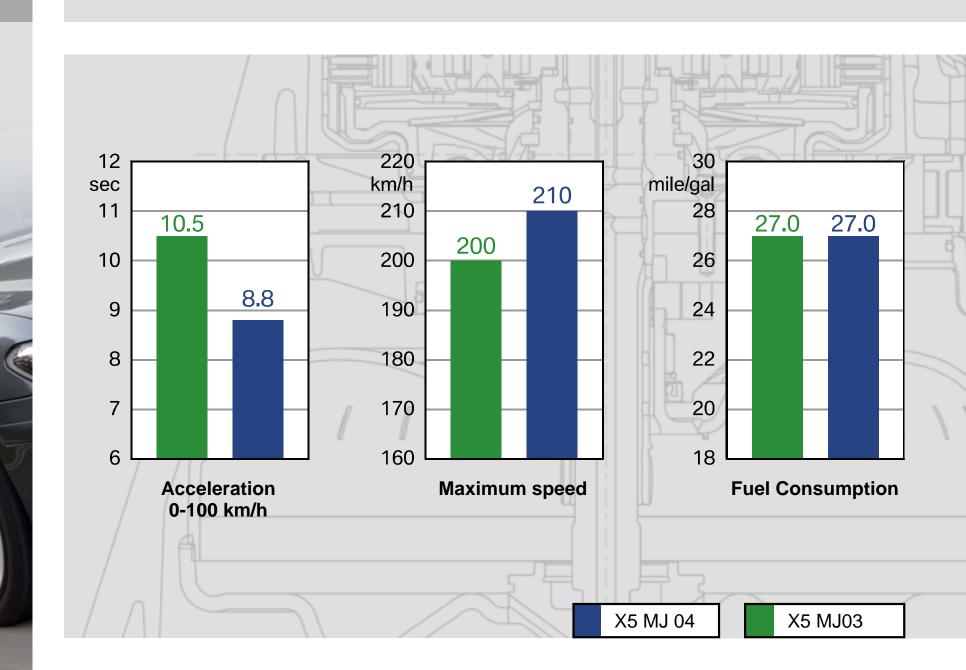
Improvements DI 1st to 2nd Generation

/				
		41 1	1 st gen.	2 nd ger
Base Engine:	Cylinder pressure	bar	160	180
	Compression Ratio		18:1	17:1
Injection System:	Rail pressure	bar	1350	1600
	Number of Injection		3	4
	Min. Pilot quantity	mm³/cyc	1.6	1.0
	Fuel metering		without	with
Turbocharging:	Max. Boost pressure	bar	2.1	2.3
	Pressure ratio		2.48	2.72
	Max. Turbine Eff.	%	64	70
	Max. Compressor Eff.	%	59	63

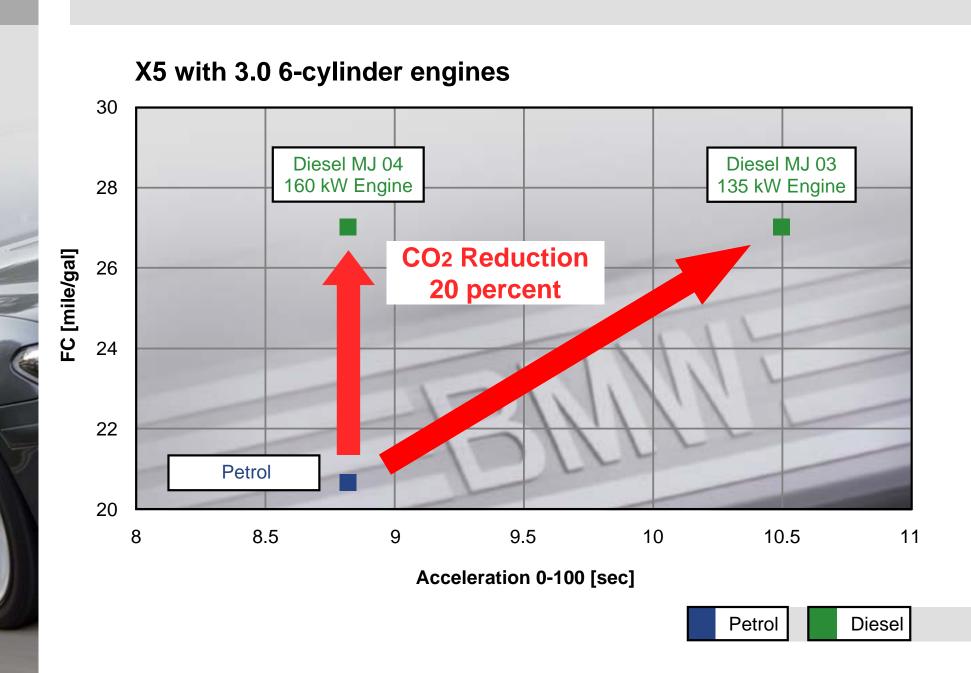
Engine Performance 6-Cylinder in X5



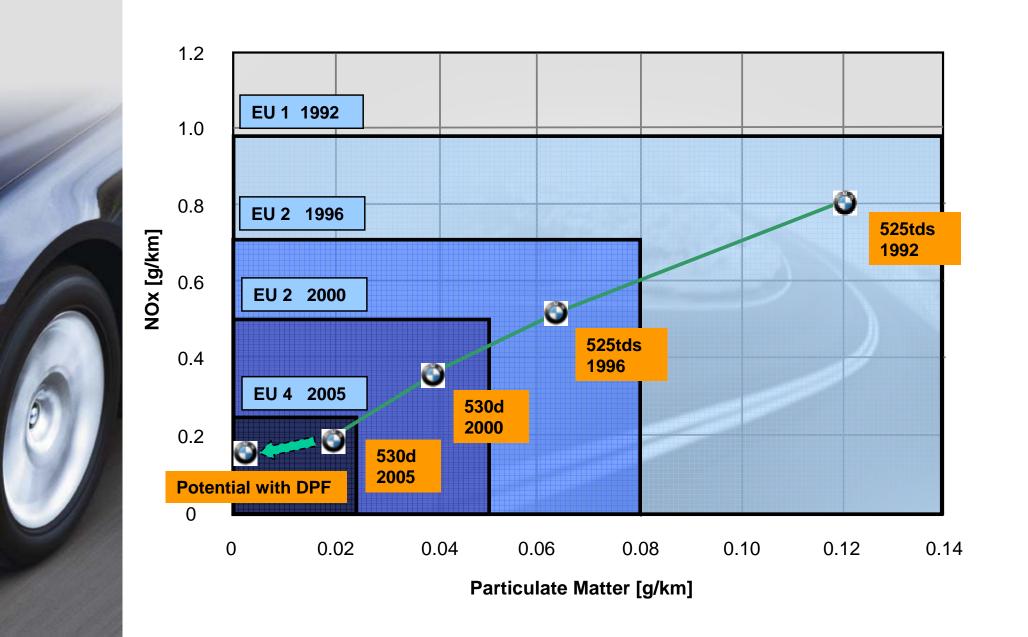
Performance / Fuel Consumption - X5 AT



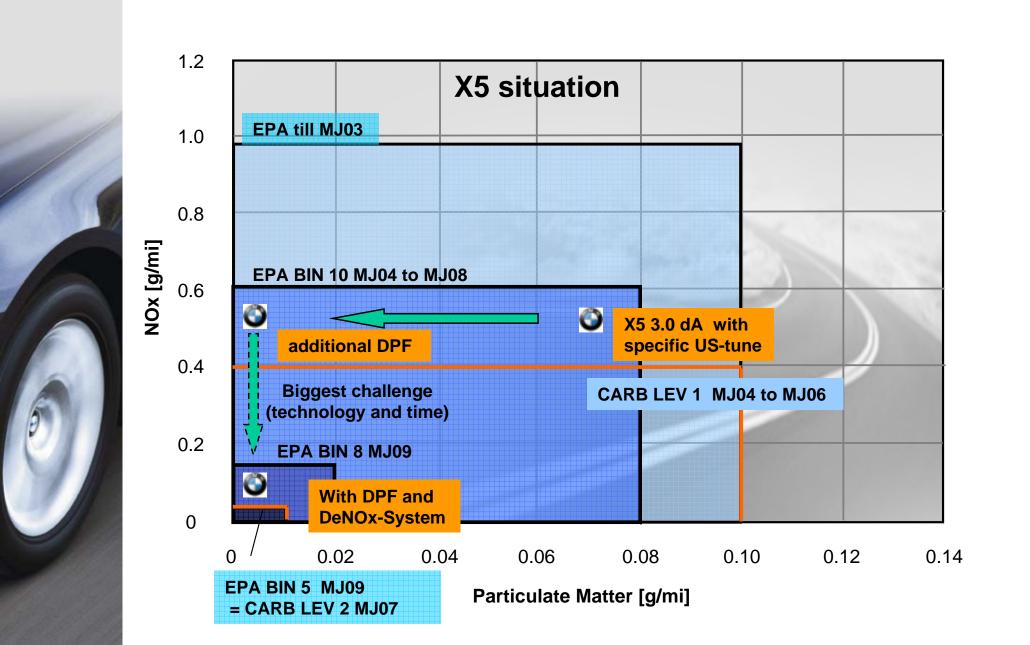
Fuel Consumption in X5 AT – Comparison Diesel / Petrol



NOx- and PM-Reduction for BMW 5 Series Diesel cars



Emission Legislation in USA



Conclusion

Diesel engines could play a major role in saving crude oil and reducing CO2-emissions in USA too

- Modern BMW Diesel technology offers powerful, clean and economic engines for the new decade
- Improved combustion systems combined with filter technologies can virtually remove PM-emissions
- The 2007 US NOx-limits are the biggest challenge
 - > Technology for highly efficient NOx-aftertreatment
 - > Time scale for 2007 very demanding
- The introduction of diesels with durable and enabling emission control technologies should be supported by:
 - ➤ Better fuel quality similar to ECE 2005+
 - Slightly legislation adaptations to take account of the specific diesel advantages (long term emission stability, CO2)







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