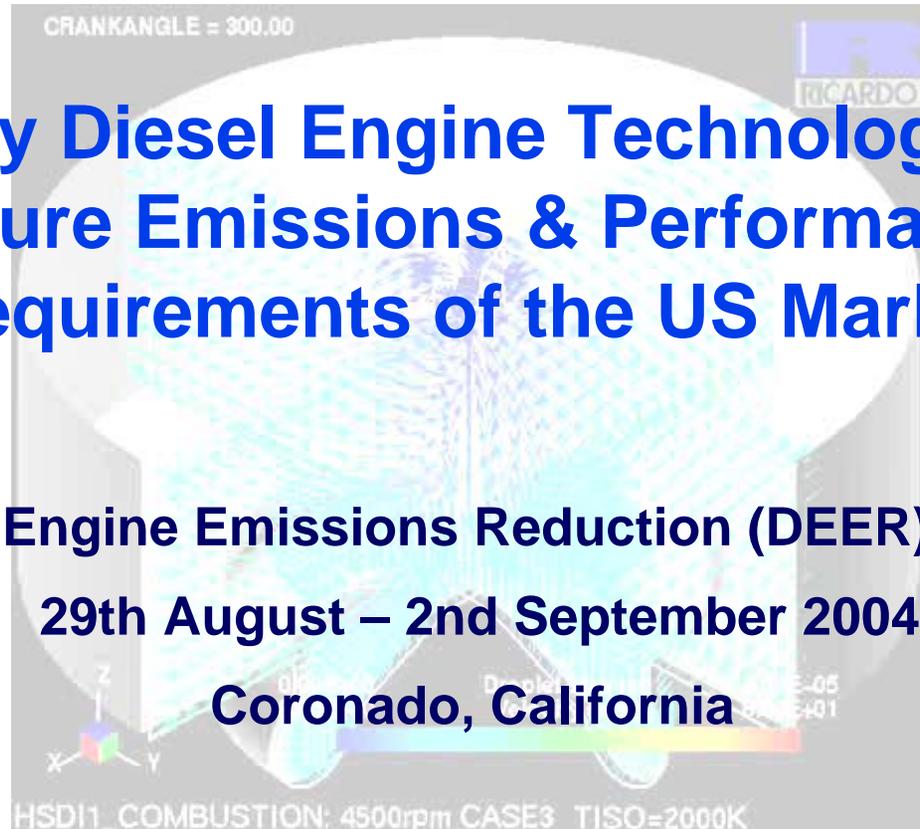


# Light Duty Diesel Engine Technology to Meet Future Emissions & Performance Requirements of the US Market

**10th Diesel Engine Emissions Reduction (DEER) Conference**

**29th August – 2nd September 2004**

**Coronado, California**



*A M Greaney, Ricardo, Inc. [AMGreaney@ricardo.com](mailto:AMGreaney@ricardo.com)*

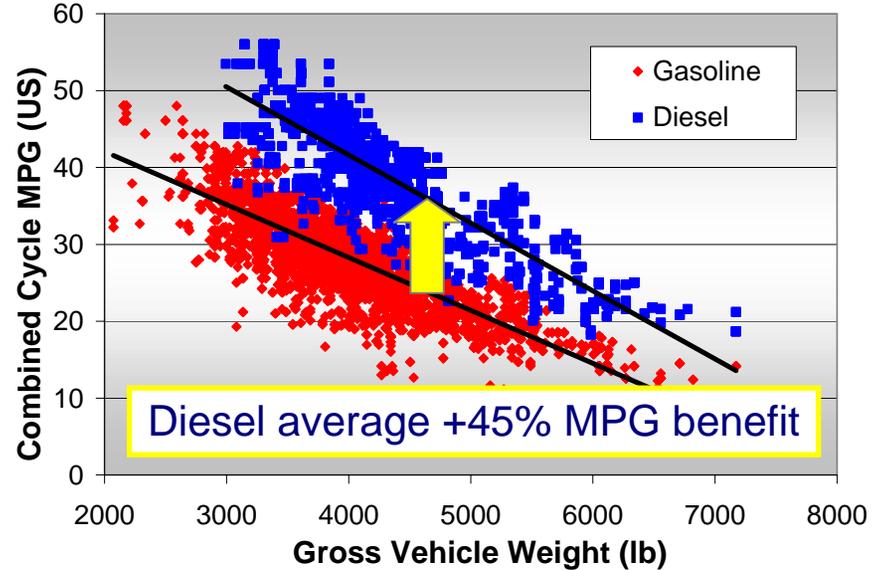
# Several challenges must be met to exploit the fuel economy & performance benefits of light duty diesel in the US market



Opportunities

- CAFE improvement & CO<sub>2</sub> Reduction
- Vehicle range
- Diesel appeal of torque performance
- Incremental market share for product leaders

Gasoline vs Diesel Fuel MPG - European Light Duty Vehicles



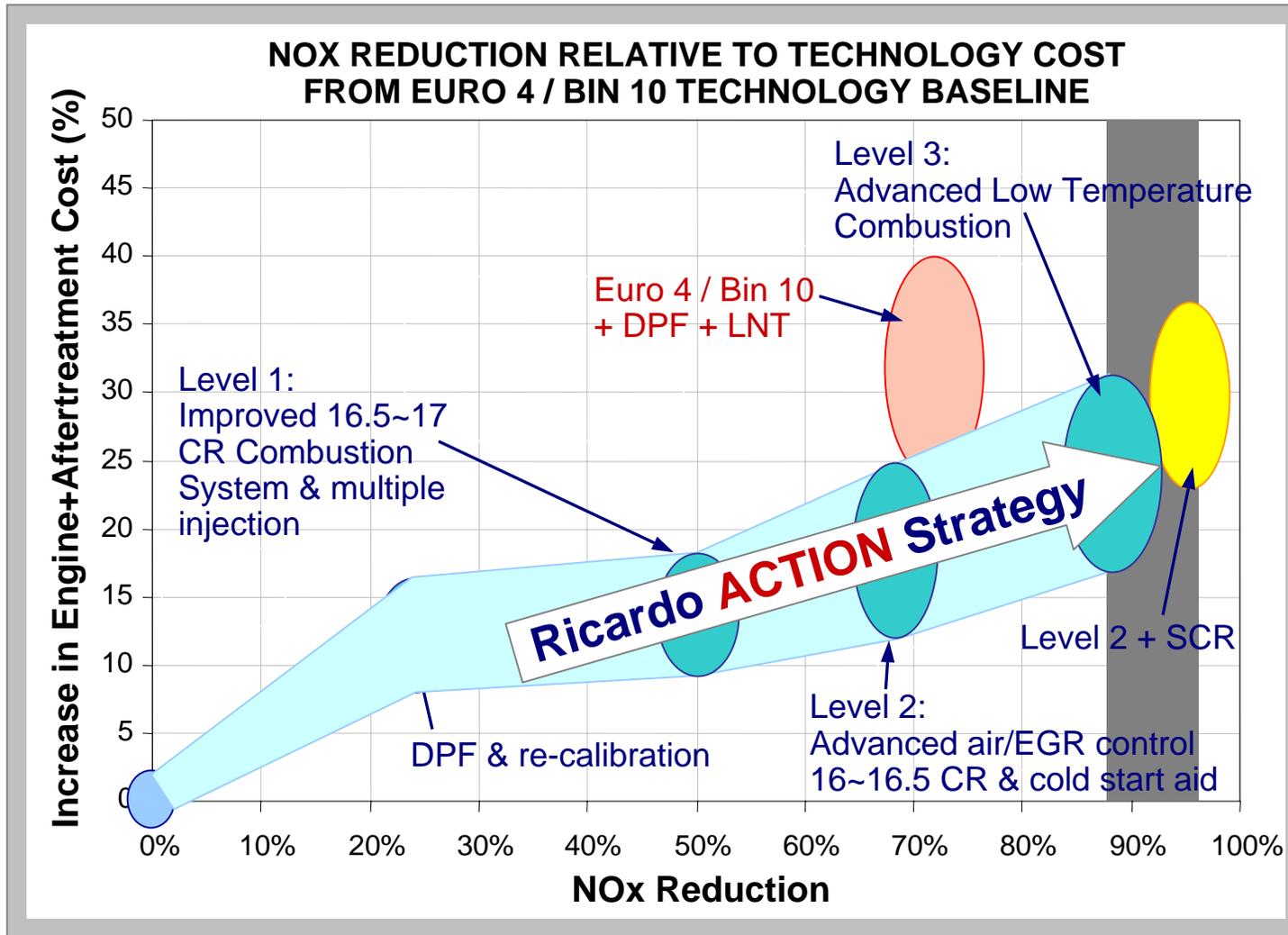
Challenges

- Meeting Tier 2 Bin 5 **Emission** with **Robustness & Durability**
- Competitive **Launch Performance & Refinement** vs premium gasoline V-engines
- US market **acceptance** of light duty diesel products
- Widespread availability of **low sulfur fuel**

Need to meet all product attribute requirements within a **Viable Business Case**

Market issues addressed by demand if good diesel products offered

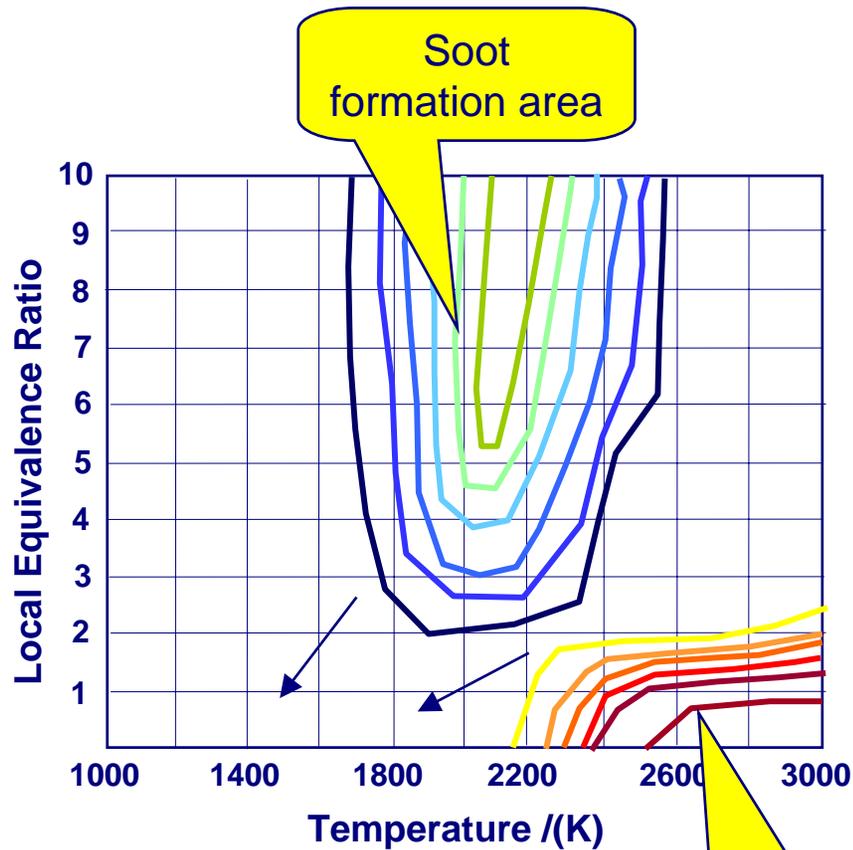
# Engine technologies to reduce NOx at source and minimize NOx aftertreatment offers the most viable business case



**ACTION:**  
**Advanced Combustion Technology for Improved engine-Out NOx**

- ❑ Cost/benefit estimates for 100,000~150,000 units per annum
- ❑ Base cost assumes \$3000~\$3500 V6 variable cost and Euro 4 / Bin10 capability

# The route to reduced engine-out emissions is highly pre-mixed and lower temperature combustion



Source: MTZ 11/2002: Toyota

## APPROACH

- IMPROVED AIR/FUEL MIXING
- INCREASED IGNITION DELAY
- INCREASED EGR RATES AND TEMPERATURE MANAGEMENT
- IMPROVED AIR SYSTEM EFFICIENCY
- COMBUSTION AND TRANSIENT CONTROL

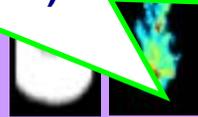


The **ACTION** strategy integrates engine technologies to deliver low engine-out emissions with performance, refinement & fuel economy

**Low Compression Ratio Combustion System Design**

LOW CR ⇒ PERFORMANCE WITH LOW P<sub>MAX</sub> (LOW COST & WEIGHT)

Fuel Injection Technology



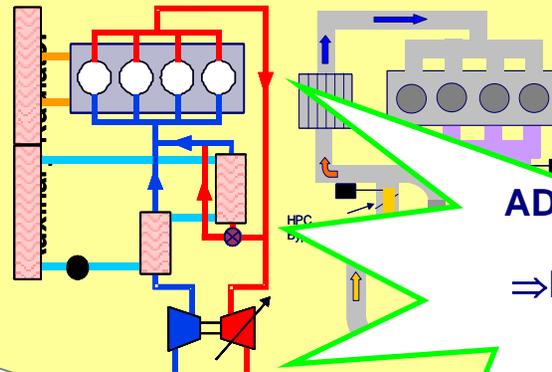
**Closed-Loop Model Based Control Developments**



CONTROL DEVELOPMENTS ENABLE IMPROVED REFINEMENT & REDUCED COMPONENT COSTS

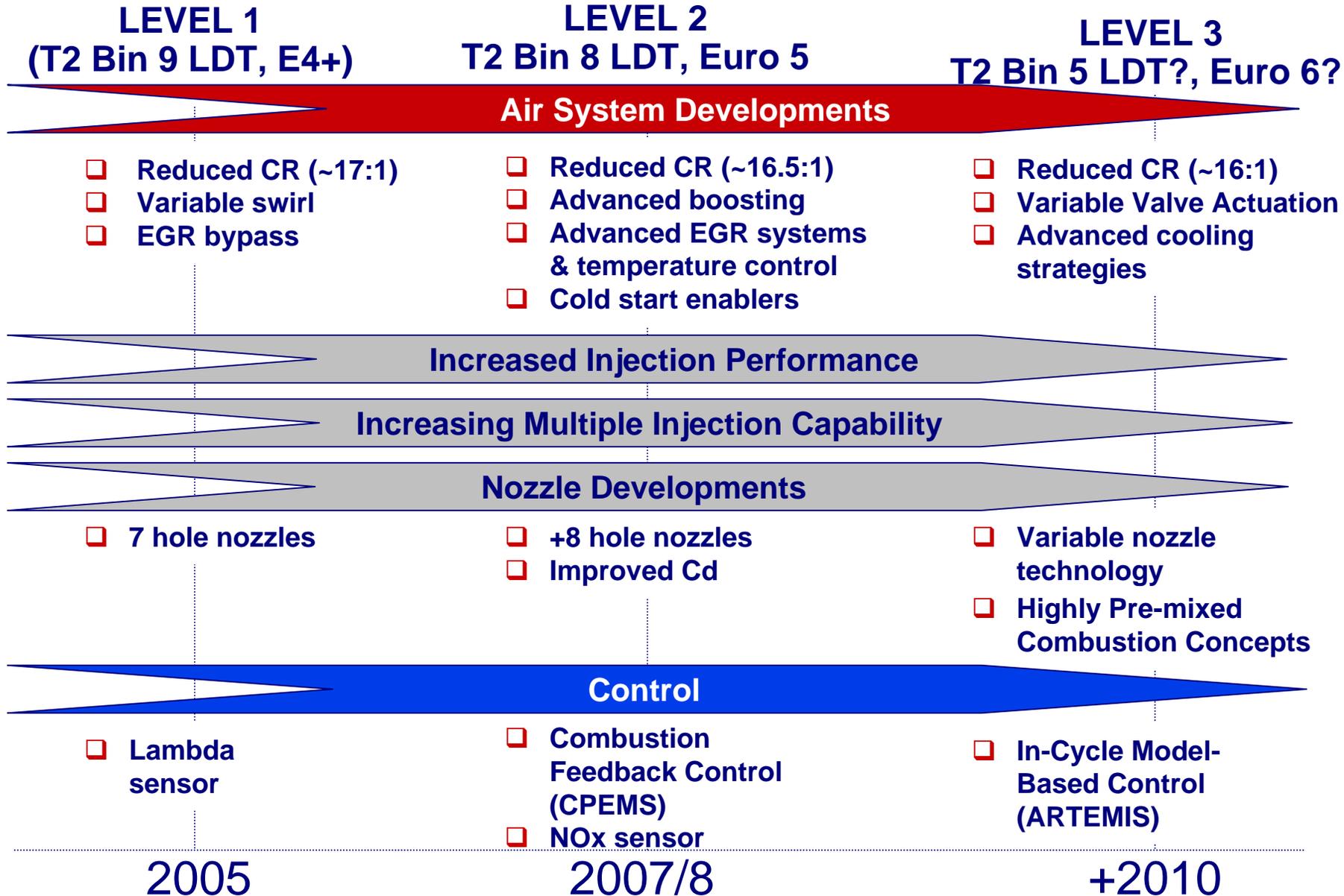
**LOW ENGINE-OUT NO<sub>x</sub>**

**EGR & Boosting System Developments**



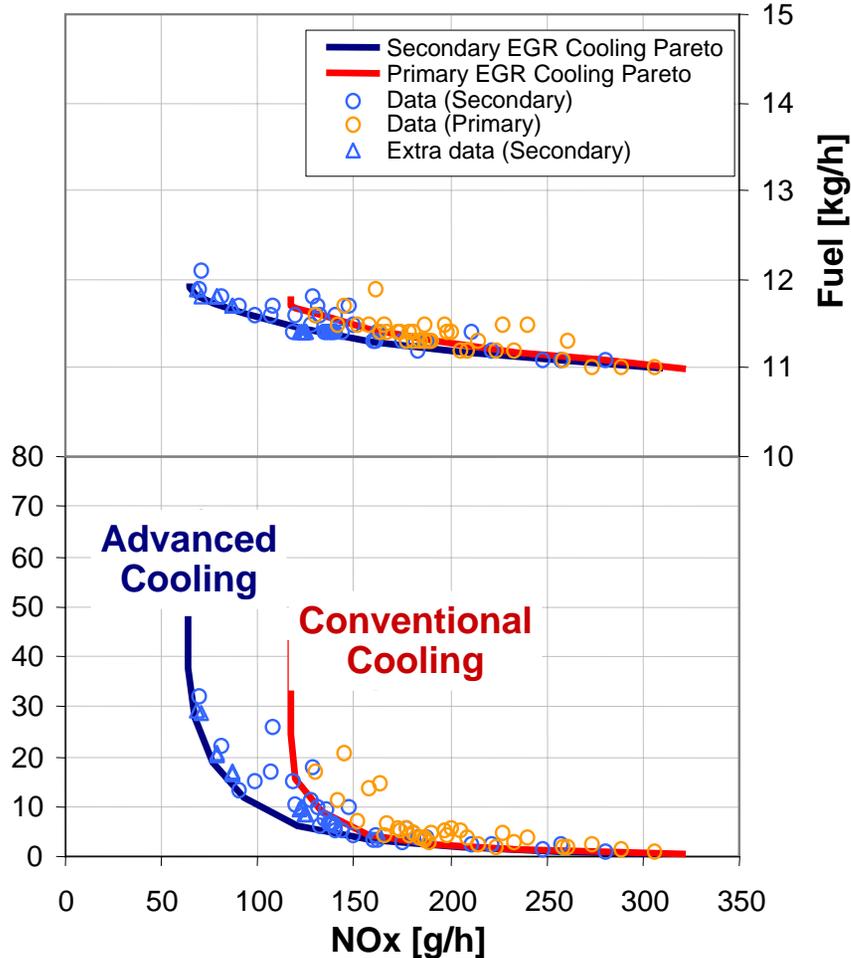
ADVANCED BOOST SYSTEMS ⇒ PERFORMANCE & ECONOMY BENEFITS

# The Ricardo **ACTION** engine technology roadmap uses an incremental approach to meet the future diesel challenges

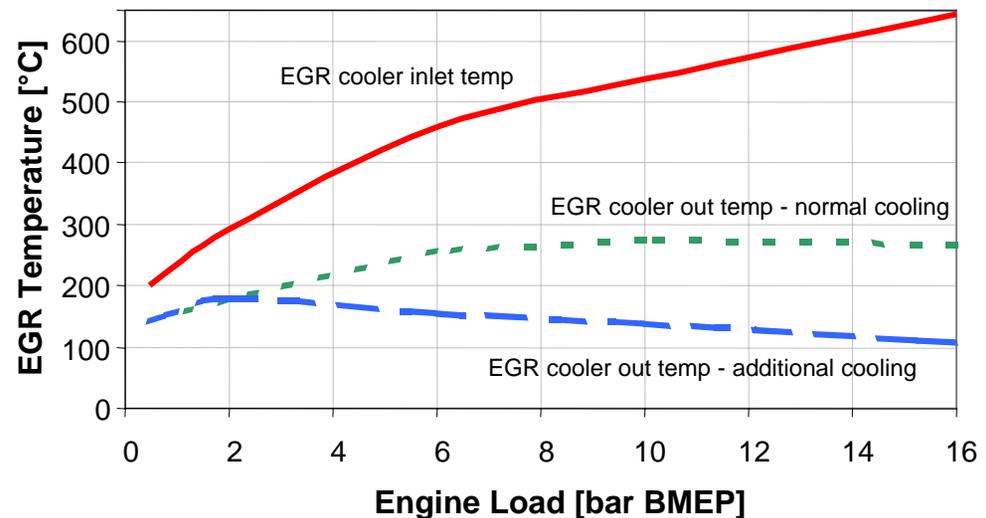


# ACTION Level 2 advanced EGR systems enable improved control of combustion temperatures

NOx / Soot Trade-Off (2000rpm, 16 bar)

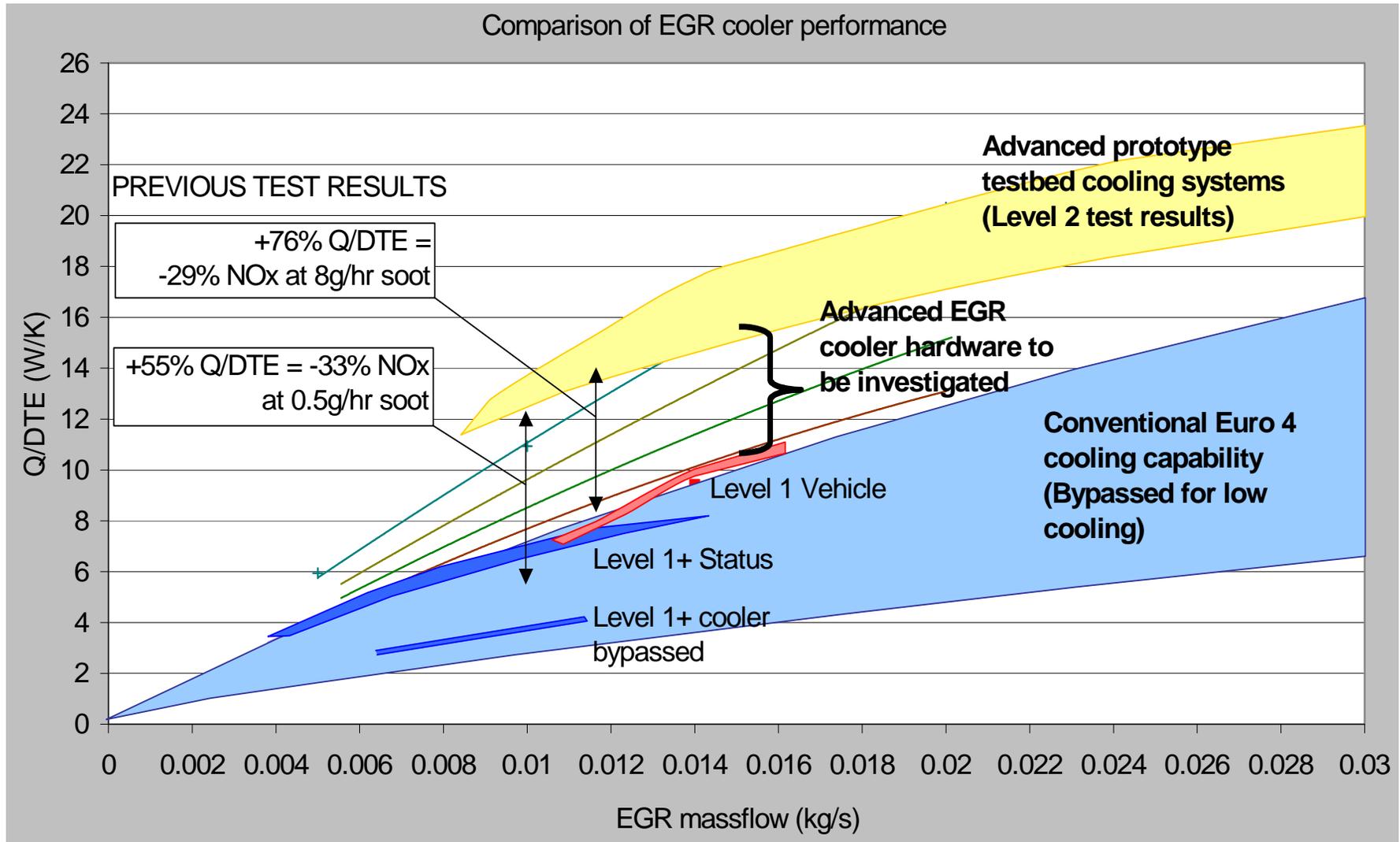


- Cold EGR enables more highly pre-mixed combustion and increased EGR rates
- 25-30% NOx reduction achieved above 6 bar BMEP
- Temperature control is required for light load conditions to avoid HC, CO & FC penalties

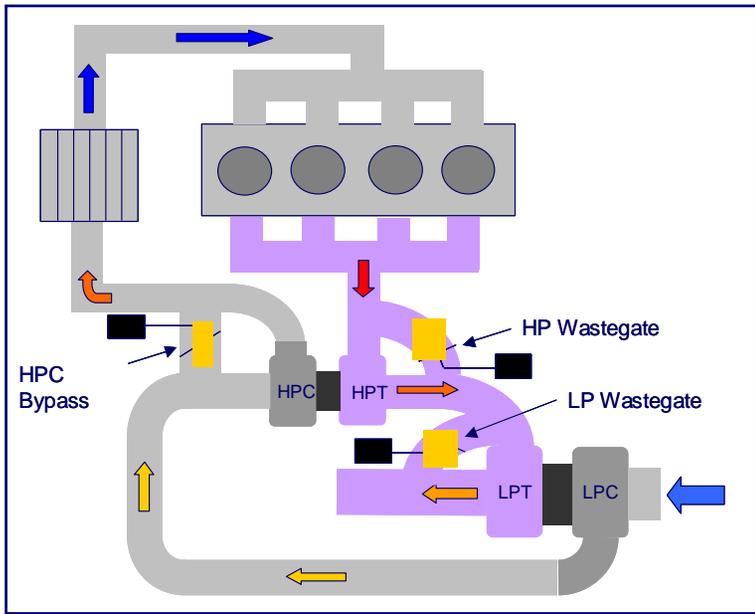


# High efficiency EGR cooling hardware will be available to meet Tier 2 & Euro 5 engine system requirements

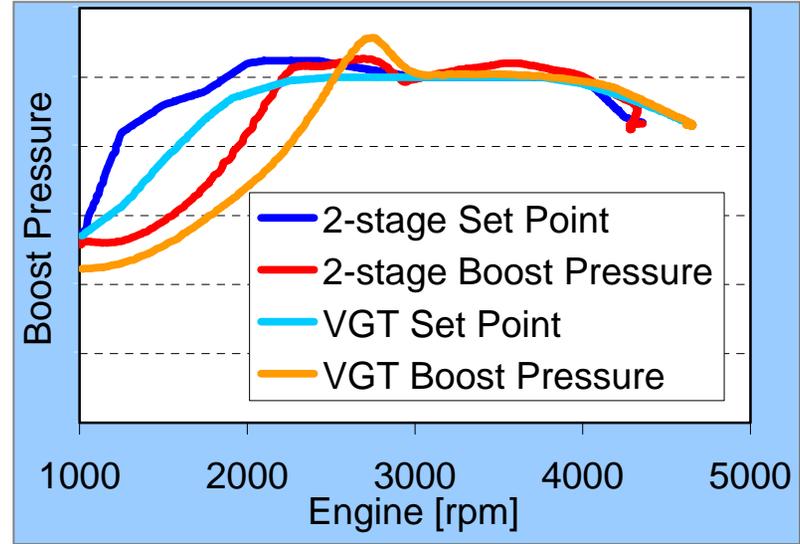
□ Data from Ricardo **ACTION** advanced air/EGR programs



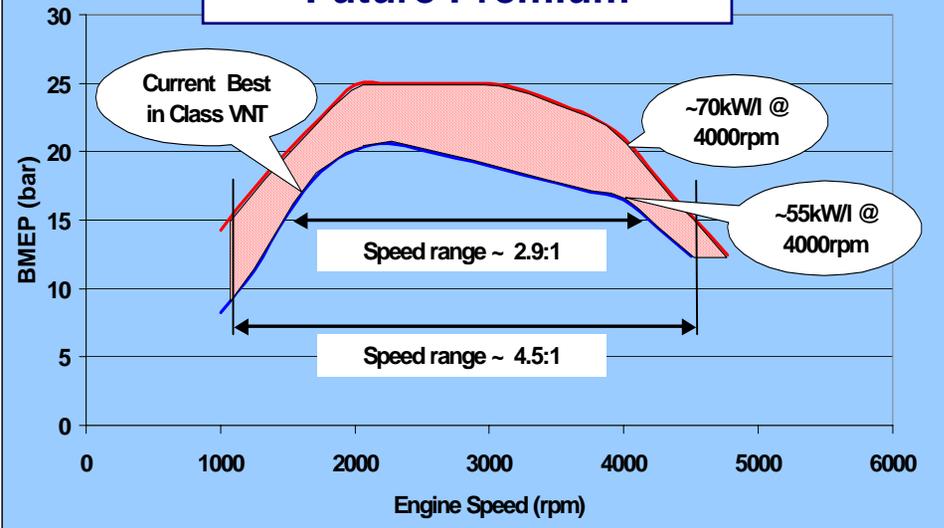
# Air system technology will enhance diesel appeal and launch feel while improving emissions and fuel consumption



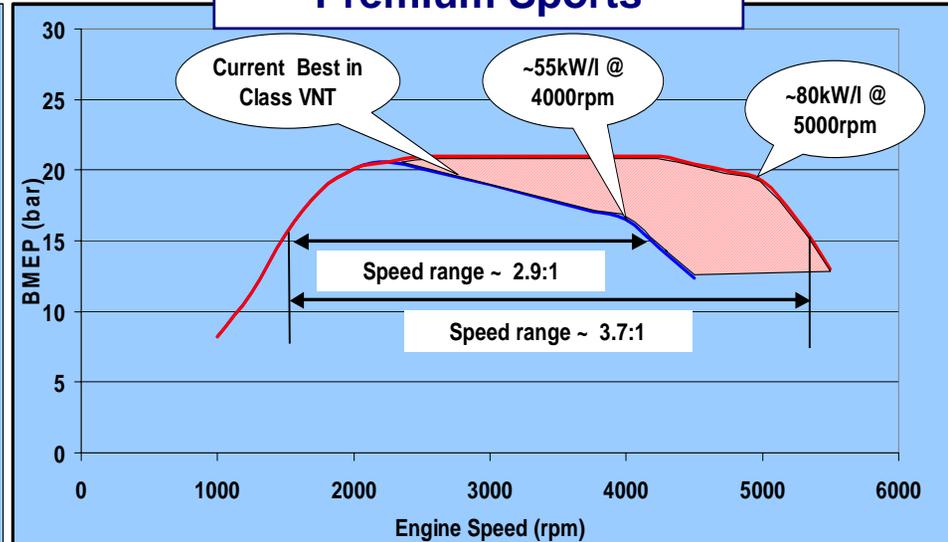
Transient boost control superior to best in class VGT



**Future Premium**



**Premium Sports**



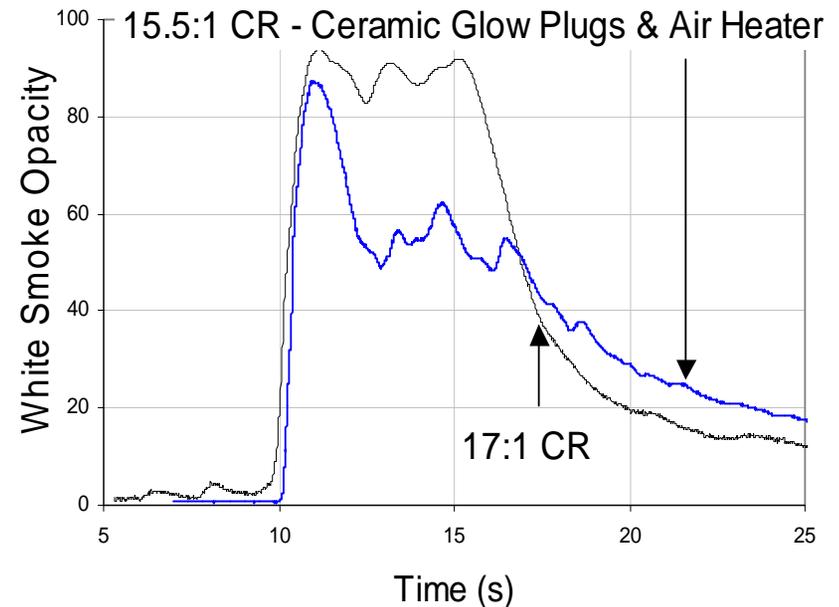
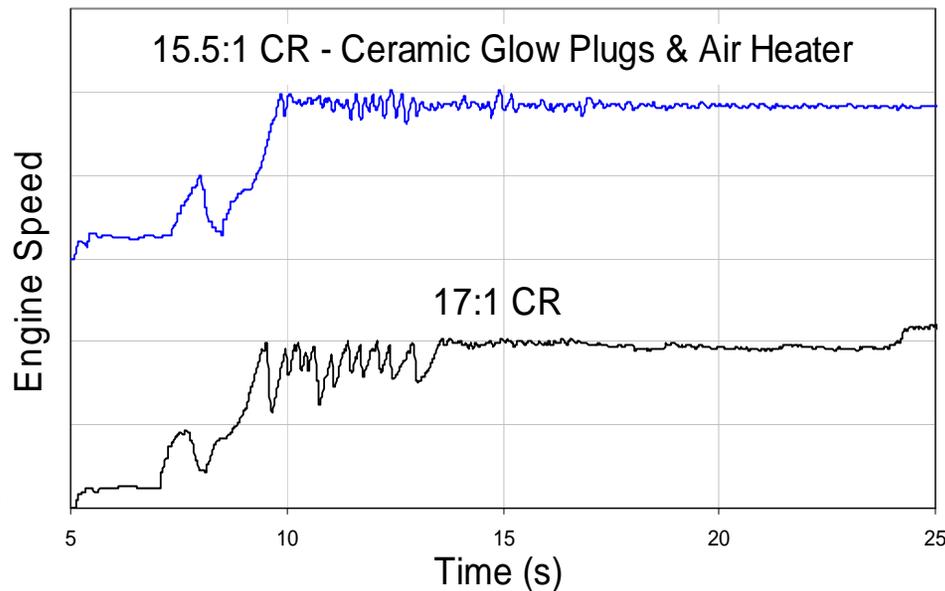
# Successful $-25^{\circ}\text{C}$ cold start has been demonstrated at 15.5:1 compression ratio using ceramic glow plug and intake heating

## Approach

- ❑ NGK air heater activated for 10 sec before glow plug operation
- ❑ 40 amp demand only
- ❑ NGK NHTC Ceramic glow plug operation of 4 sec before cranking
- ❑ Twin pilot injection

## Results compared to 17:1 baseline with production glow plugs

- ❑ Similar start time (<5 sec) from cranking
- ❑ Pre-glow consistent (was 12 sec)
- ❑ Stable idle
- ❑ Similar or improved smoke opacity



# Advanced control technologies are essential to improve diesel engine transient control and production robustness



Lambda feedback strategies

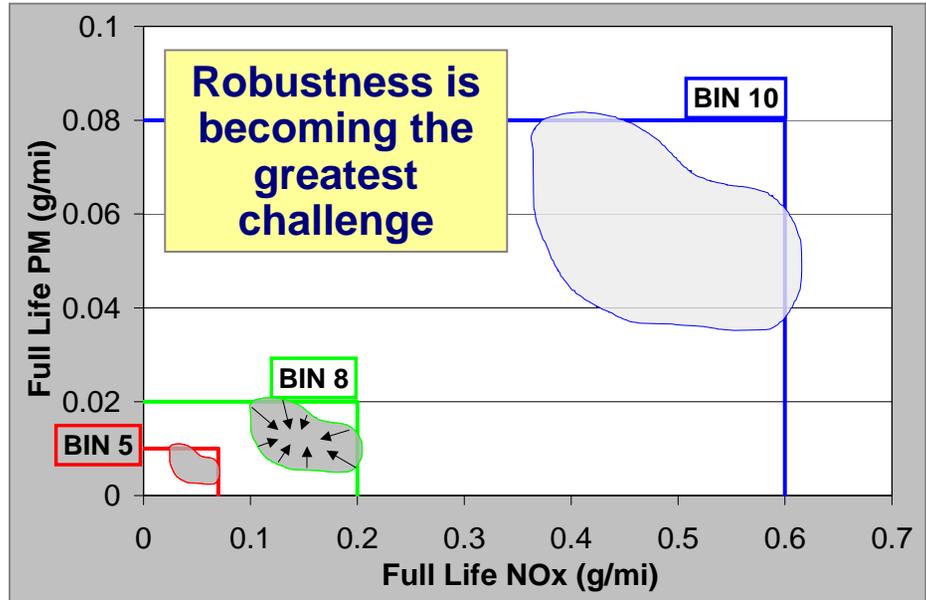
Closed loop model based EGR control

Cylinder Pressure Based Engine Management Systems (CPEMS) now being applied to diesel



Automotive Real-Time Engine Modelling by In-cycle Simulation (ARTEMIS)

Ricardo **RCube**  
500+ MIPS  
processor  
developed



## Control System Drivers / Benefits

- Emissions & Fuel Economy
- Driveability & Refinement
  - Direct Torque Based Control
- OBD
- Reduced total system cost
- Reduced calibration effort & development time/cost

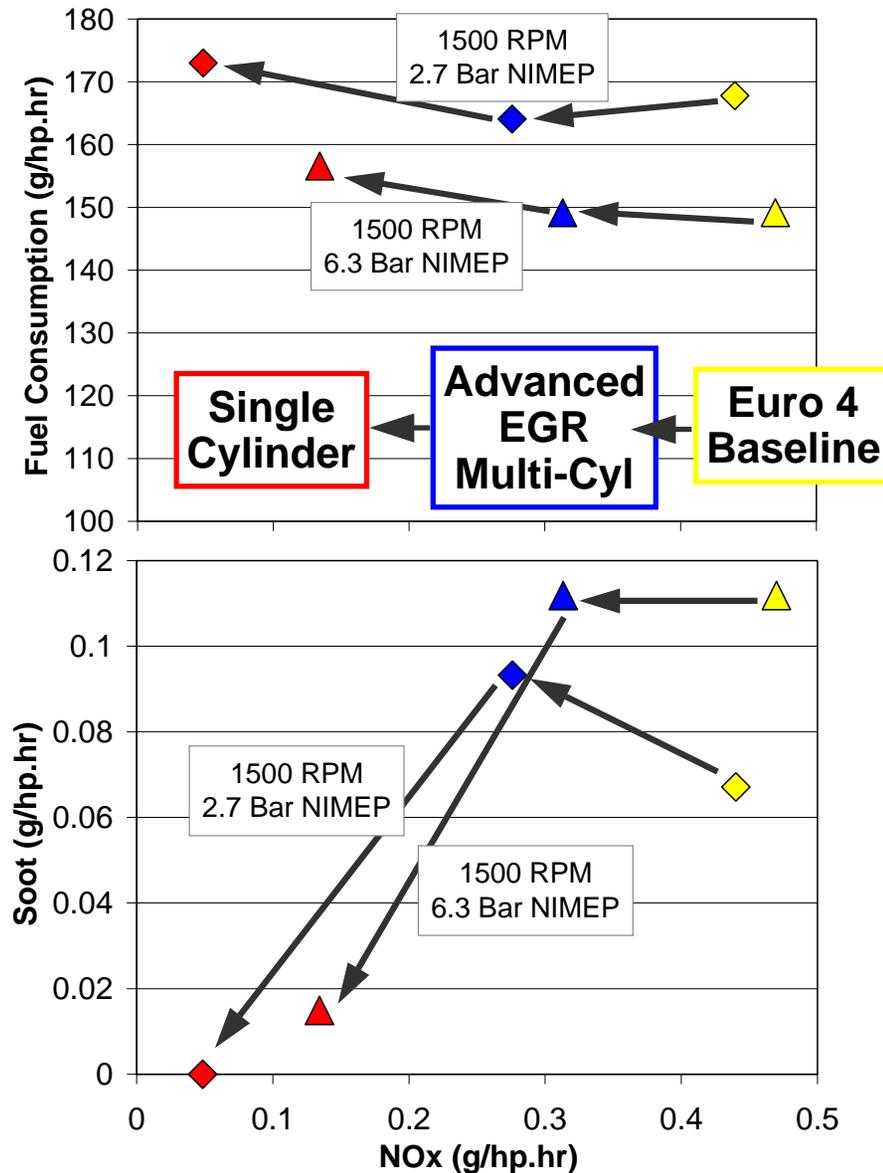
# Single cylinder research is developing **ACTION** Level 3 combustion system & showing potential for further significant NOx reduction

## Objectives

- ❑ To deliver a 2010 combustion system design
- ❑ To examine the potential for advanced FIE to enable highly pre-mixed and lower temperature combustion
- ❑ Enhance CFD combustion system design techniques using optical analysis

## Hardware

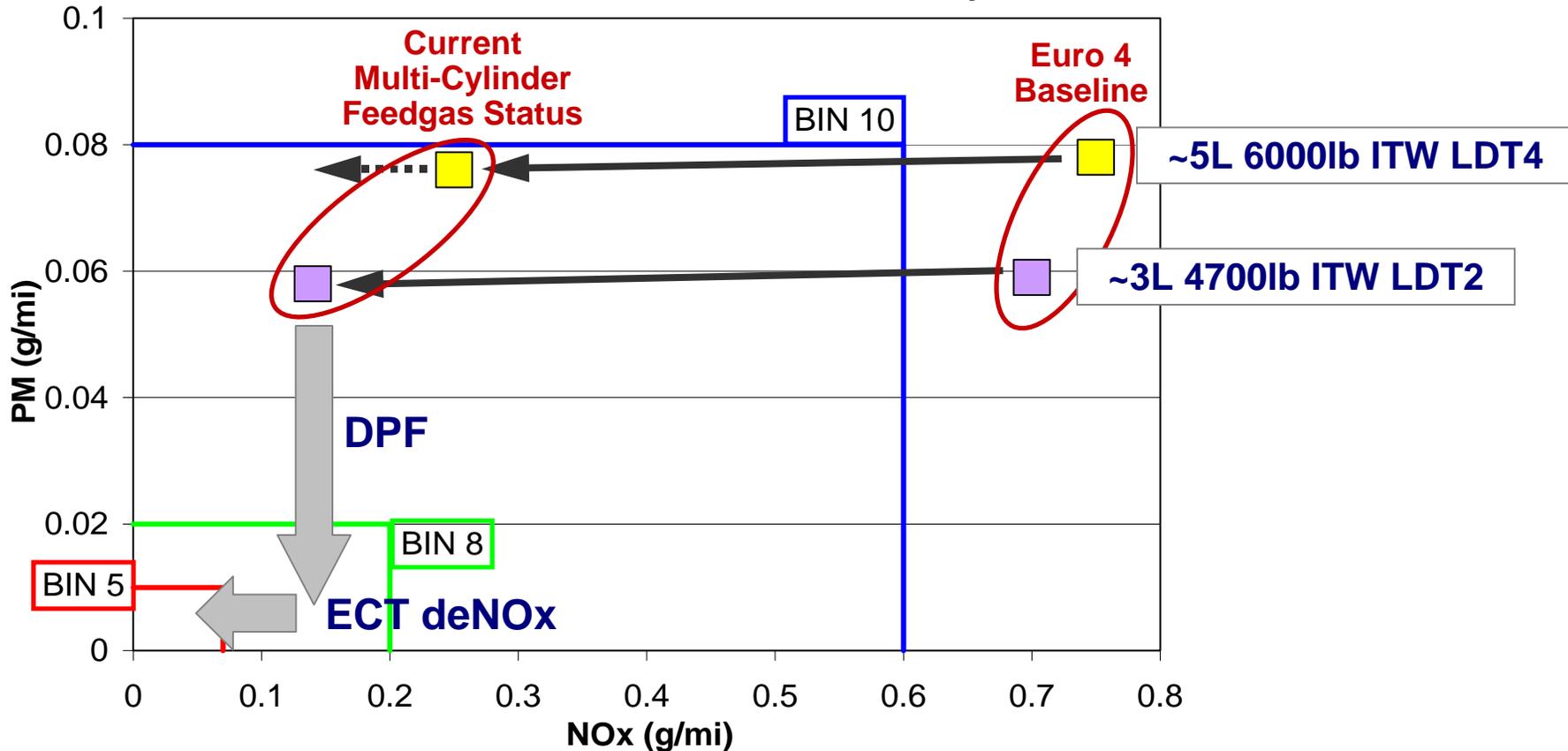
- ❑ Hydra 500 cc Single cylinder
- ❑ 16:1 compression ratio combustion system
- ❑ New variable swirl port design
- ❑ Multiple injection system achieving up to 5 injections
- ❑ 7,8, 10 and 12 hole nozzle library



# Current multi-cylinder results support first introduction Bin 5 solution with Bin 8 feedgas and ~65% aftertreatment deNOx for 6000lb ~5L LDT



Predicted NOx vs PM over FTP-75 Cycle



Application	Cycle	Target NOx without deNOx ECT (g/mi)	Estimated ECT deNOx Requirement (%)
<b>5L 6000lb ITW LDT4</b>	Bin 5 Full Life	0.18	65%
	US06 4k	0.54	0%
<b>3L 4700lb ITW LDT2</b>	Bin 5 Full Life	0.14	50%
	US06 4k	0.34	35%

# Summary: **ACTION** technologies offer an integrated approach to deliver competitive US diesels within a viable business case

□ The operating range of highly pre-mixed combustion can be enhanced

- Practical solutions are under development
- Robustness is becoming the most critical challenge

□ An integrated approach will result in:

- Aftertreatment cost savings
- Improved engine performance
- Optimized the trade-off between fuel consumption, NOx and cost
- Improved refinement (transient control and combustion noise)

□ Engine out NOx reduction combined with minimum NOx aftertreatment offers the best potential to achieve Bin 5 and US06 emissions for '07/'08 first Tier 2 introductions

