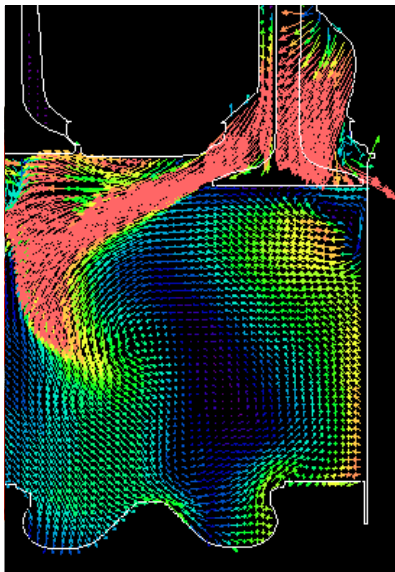


# Cummins' Next Generation Tier 2, Bin 2 Light Truck Diesel Engine

Michael Ruth  
Principal Investigator  
18 October 2012



# Advanced Technology Light Automotive Systems

Cummins' Next Generation  
Tier 2, Bin 2  
Light Truck Diesel Engine



# ATLAS

**Changing the Climate  
on Climate Change**

Program

Timeline

Technical approach

Progress



# ATLAS

Changing the Climate  
on Climate Change

# Program Basics

- ½ Ton Pick-up Truck application
- 40% Better miles per gallon
  - Compared to V8 gasoline powered equivalent
- US Tier 2, Bin 2 emissions levels
- Commercially Viable Solutions
  - High quality, Great Performance, Low Total Cost of Ownership

# Program Targets



**2010 Nissan Titan**

| Baseline                                  | Target                                          |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| 5.6L all Al V8 Gasoline                   | 2.8L all Al I-4 Diesel                          |
| 317 Hp @ 5200 RPM                         | 210 Hp @ 3600 RPM                               |
| 385 ft-lb @ 3400 RPM                      | 385 ft-lb @ 1800 RPM                            |
| 5 spd auto trans                          | <b>8 spd auto trans (ZF)</b>                    |
| 5,078lb Curb                              | Less than or equal to baseline                  |
| Tier 2, Bin 5                             | Tier 2, Bin 2                                   |
| 18.6 mpg CAFE (476 g/mi CO <sub>2</sub> ) | <b>26.1 mpg* CAFE (390 g/mi CO<sub>2</sub>)</b> |

**\*DoE Performance Metric**

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# ATLAS

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# Program Timeline

4 year program  
October 2010 Kickoff



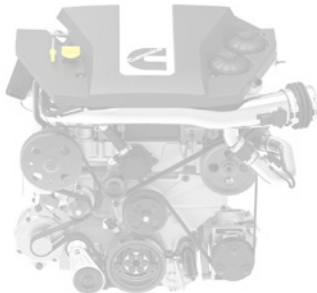
T2B5 Vehicle Demo  
December 2013



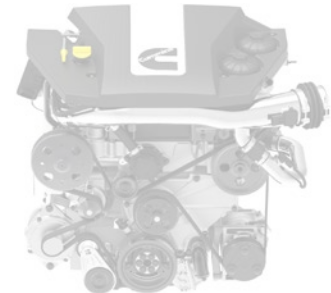
T2B2 Vehicle Demo  
August 2014



Engine Out at target  
July 2012



T2B5 Eng Dyno Demo  
June 2013



New Engine Available  
December 2012

Program

Timeline

Technical approach

Progress



# ATLAS

Changing the Climate  
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# Technical Approach

- Down sized, high power density, and minimized NVH
- Diesel engine application (charge cooler, catalysts, etc) to be weight neutral to baseline gasoline powertrain application
- Specific design package for a light duty, automotive only application
- Minimize impact on vehicle OEM by close coupling and on-engine hardware packaging
- Analysis Led Design (ALD)

Program

Timeline

Technical approach

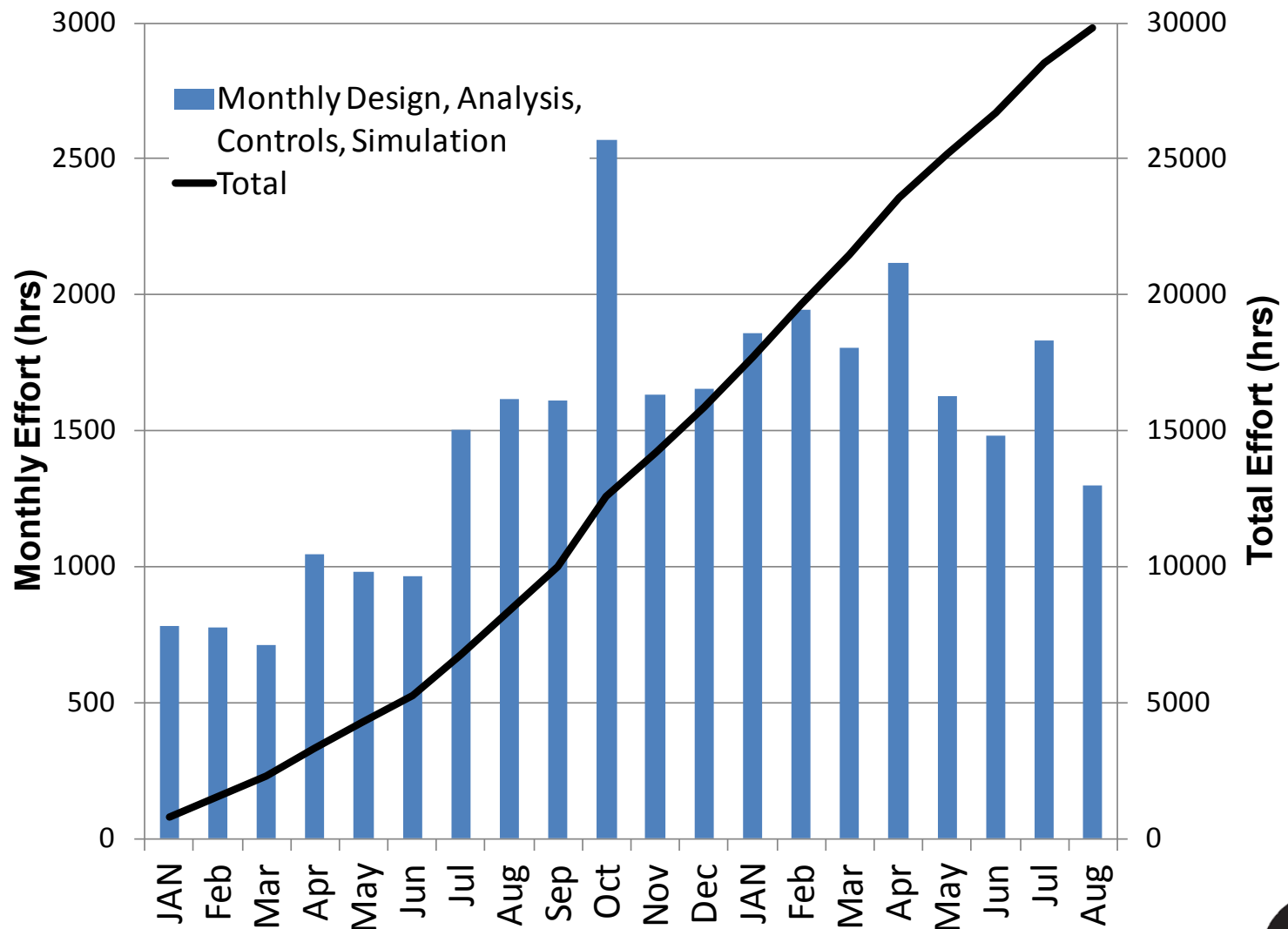
Progress



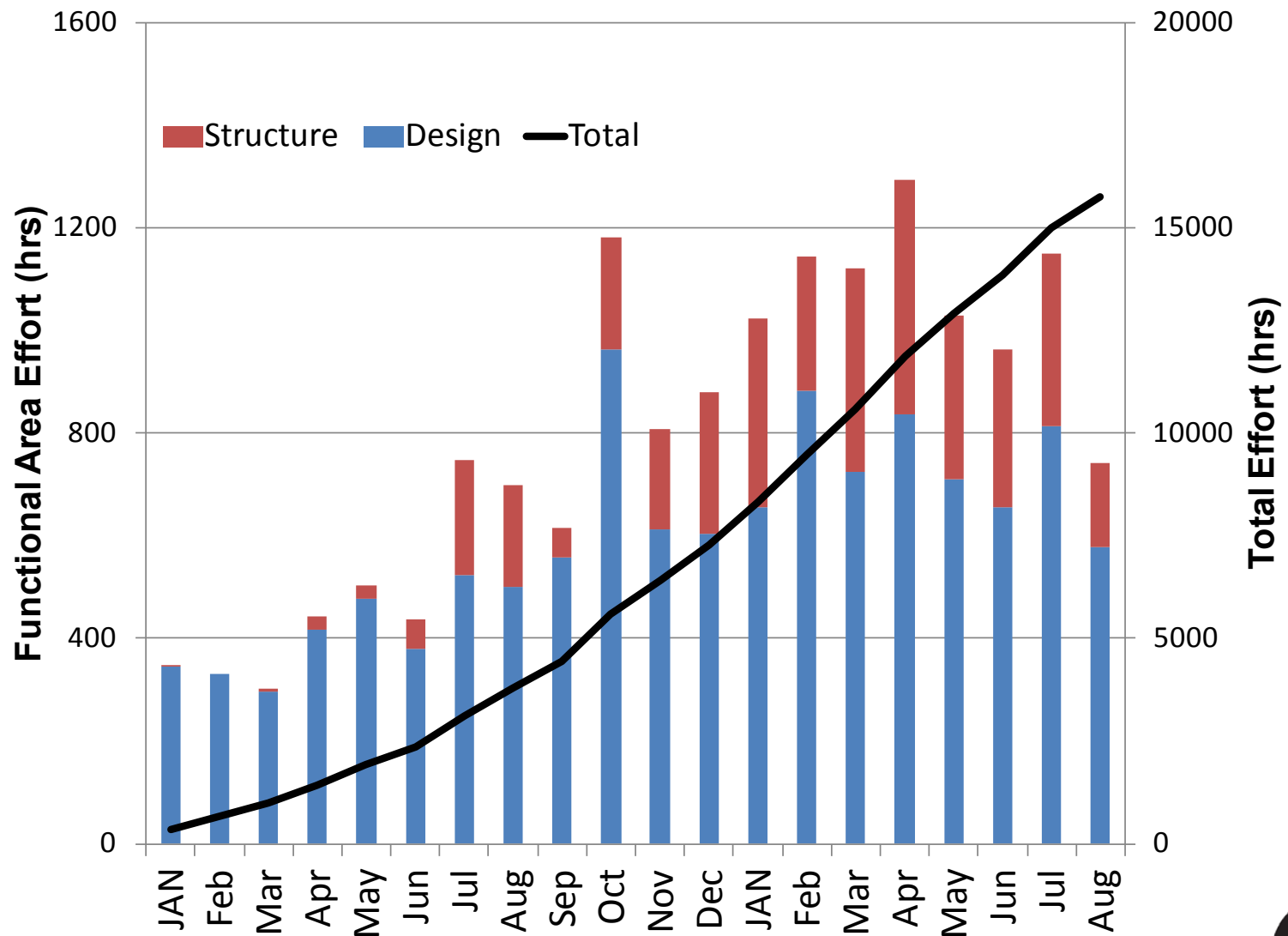
# ATLAS

**Changing the Climate  
on Climate Change**

# Analysis Led Design



# Analysis Led Design



# Weight Comparison

|                                    |                        | ATLAS 2.8L | Baseline 2.8L | Gasoline 5.6L |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| Architecture-Level Subsystems (kg) | Block System           | 52.7       | 65.5          | -             |
|                                    | Misc. Housings         | 0          | 27.1          | -             |
|                                    | Head System            | 23.6       | 34.4          | -             |
|                                    | Rotating/Reciprocating | 29.3       | 31.0          | -             |
|                                    | Valve Drive            | 1.2        | 5.3           | -             |
|                                    | Cam & Drive            | 7.4        | 5.9           | -             |
|                                    | Balance                | 6.1        | 14.6*         | -             |
|                                    | Sum                    | 120.4      | 183.7         | -             |
|                                    | Sum / L                | 43.0       | 65.6          | -             |

|                       |             |             |             |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Rated Power           | 163 kW      | 120 kW      | 235 kW      |
| Dressed Engine Weight | 164 kg**    | 228 kg      | 225 kg      |
| <b>kW / kg</b>        | <b>1.00</b> | <b>0.53</b> | <b>1.05</b> |

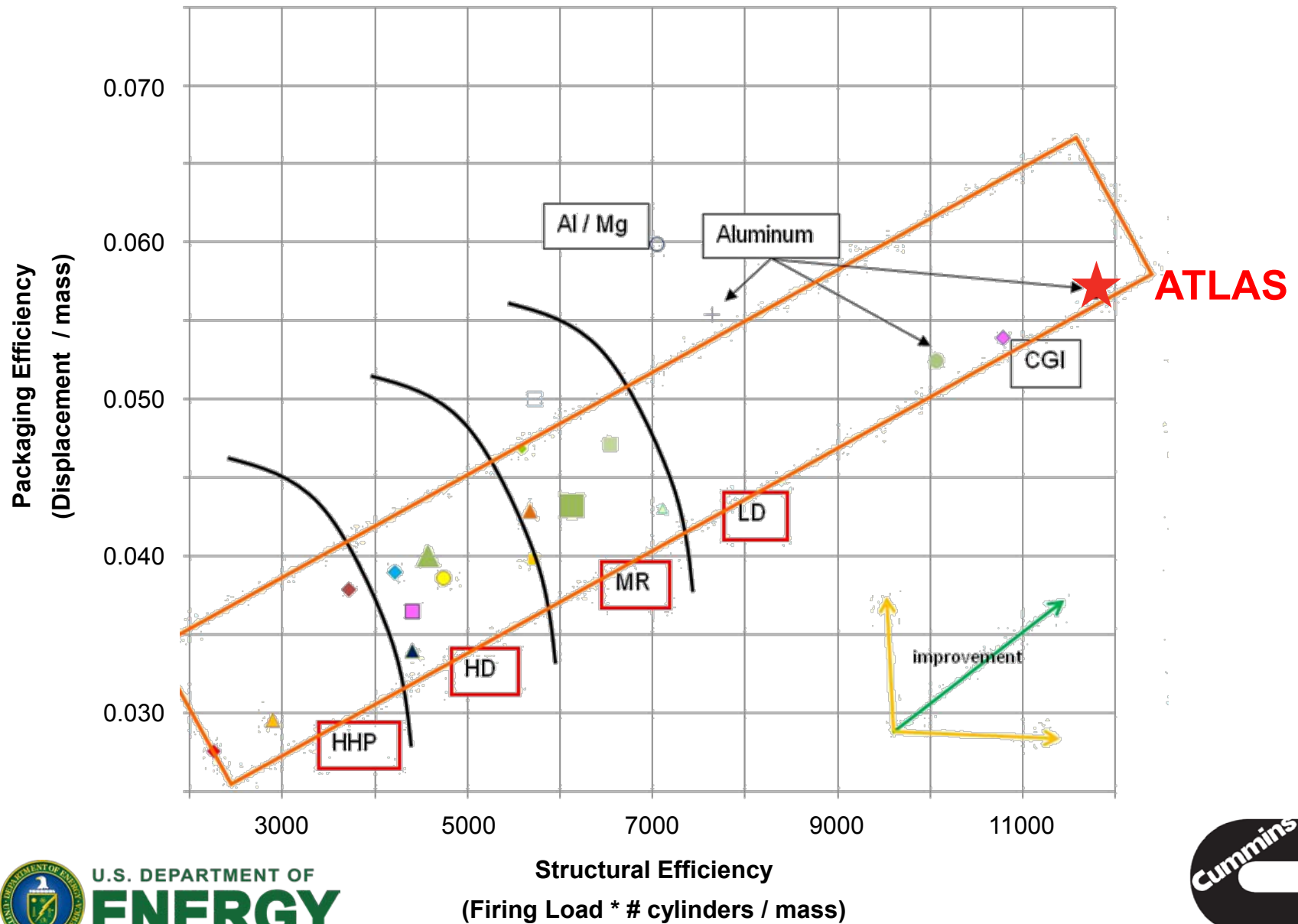
**ATLAS architecture is 63.5 kg (140 lbs) lighter than baseline**

\*Balance shaft not available. 14.6 kg is a displacement-scaled estimate of a bolt-on style balance shaft system  
Number shown for comparison of architectures.

\*\* T2B5 Configuration



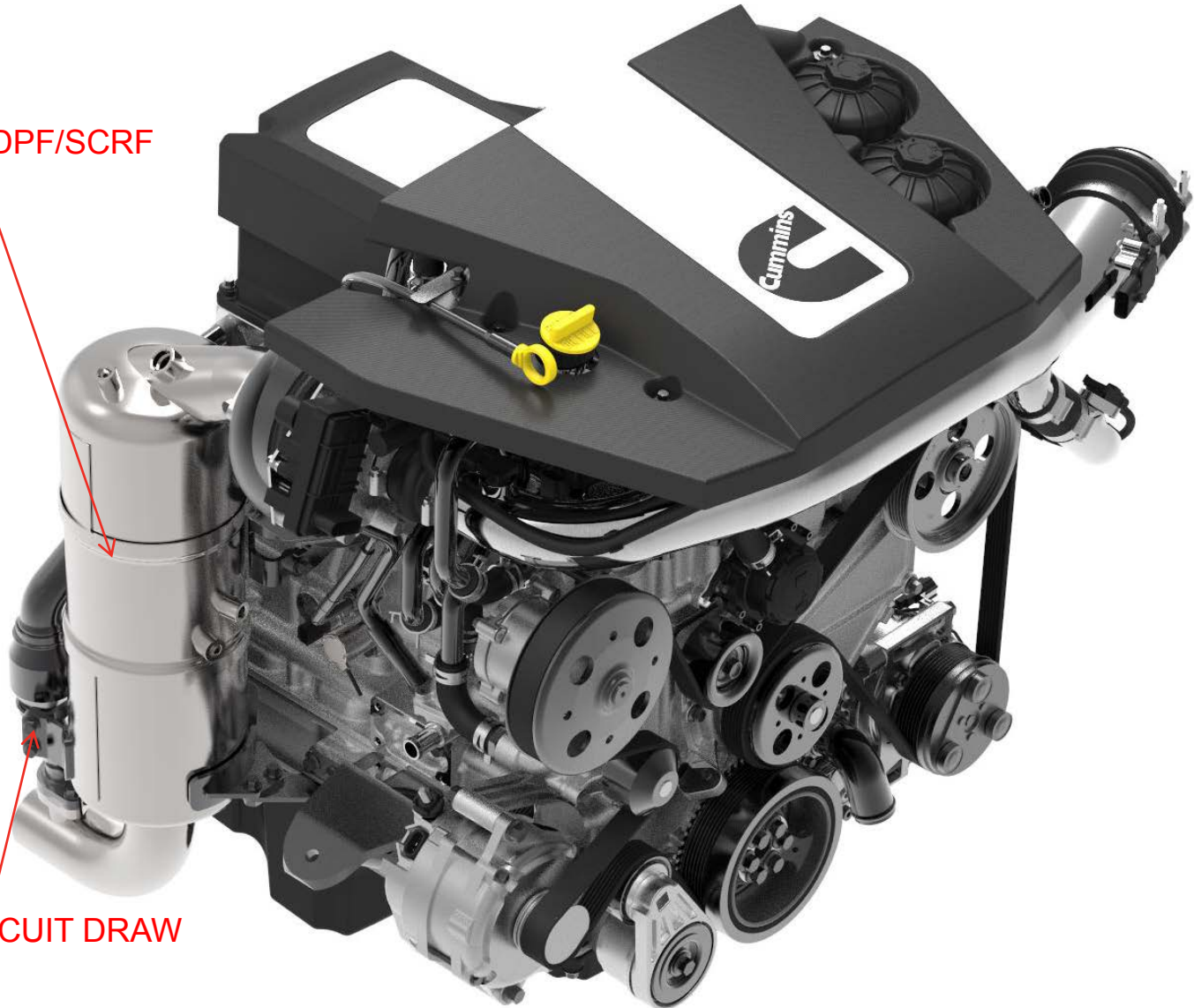
# Design Package – Cylinder Block



# ATLAS Engine Layout

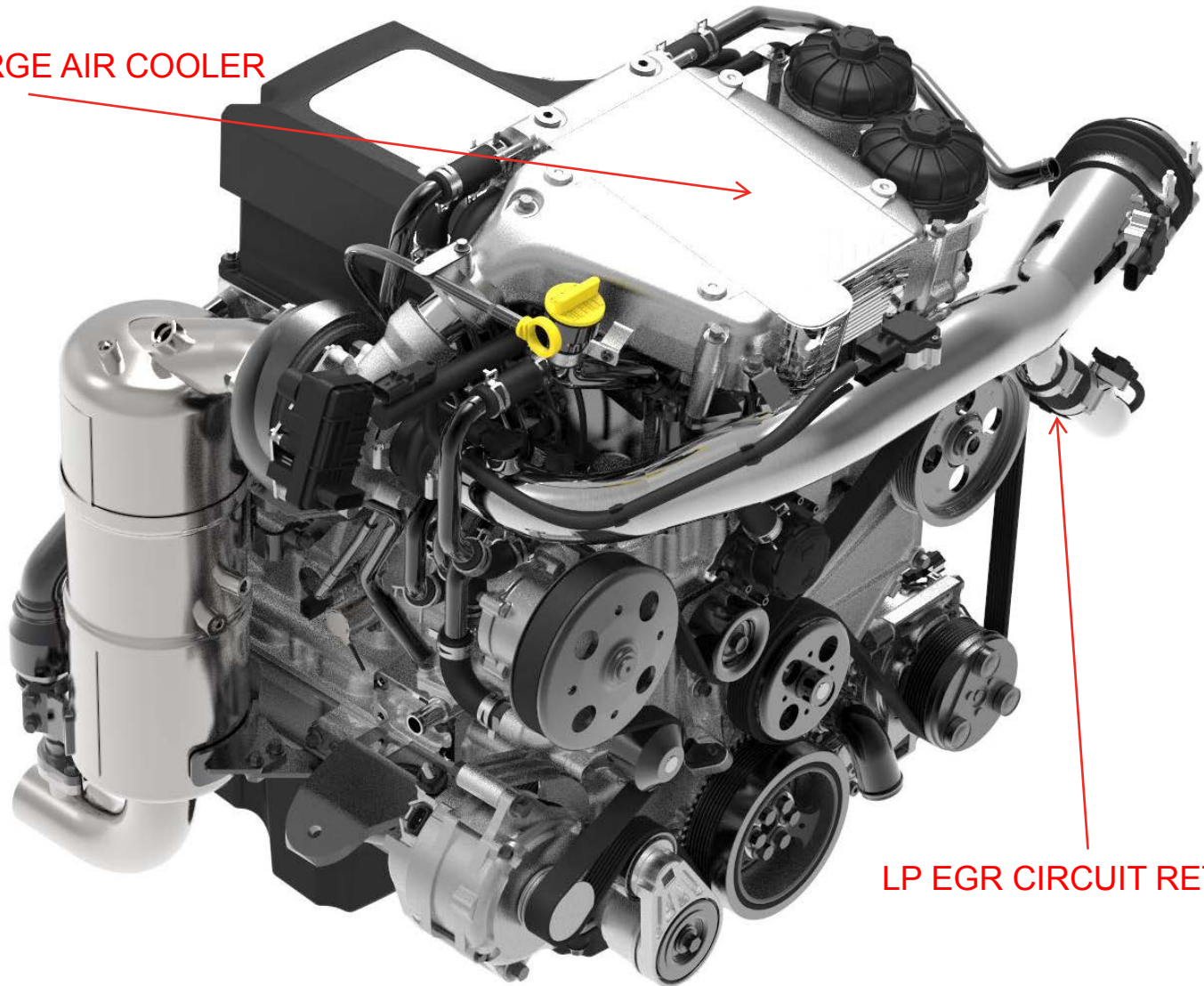
DOC/PNA – DPF/SCR/F

LP EGR CIRCUIT DRAW



# ATLAS Engine Layout

LIQUID CHARGE AIR COOLER



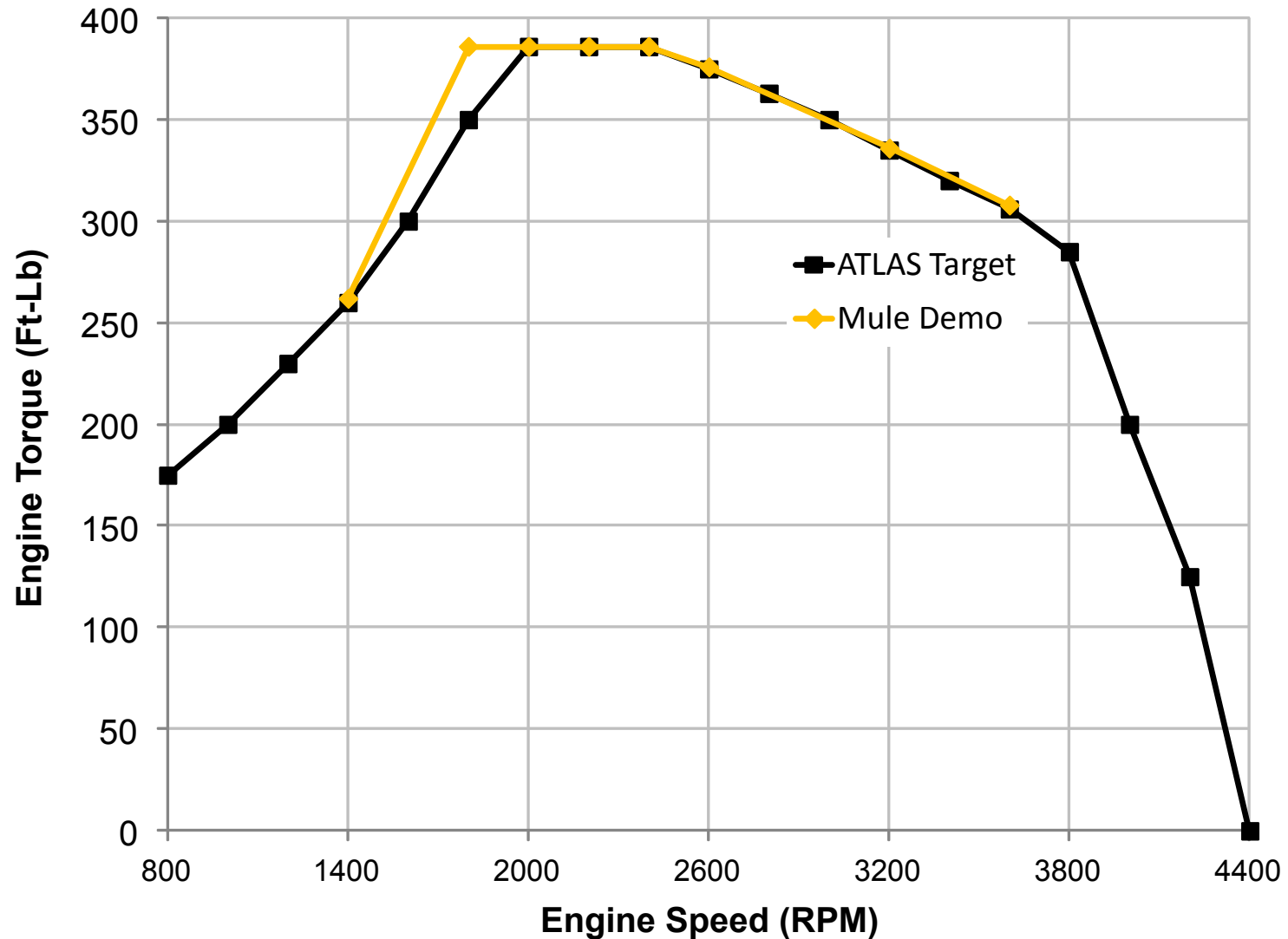
LP EGR CIRCUIT RETURN



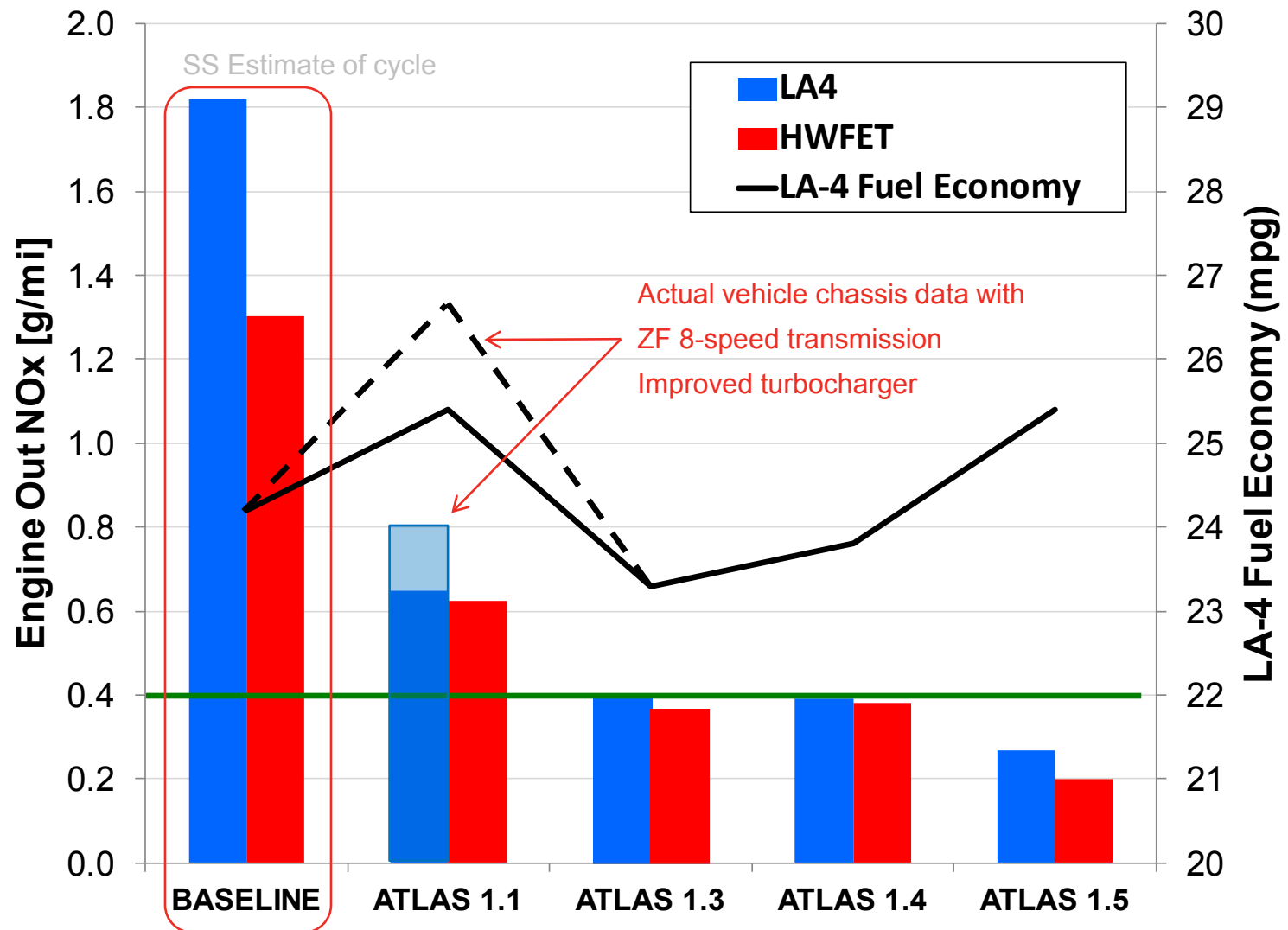
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**



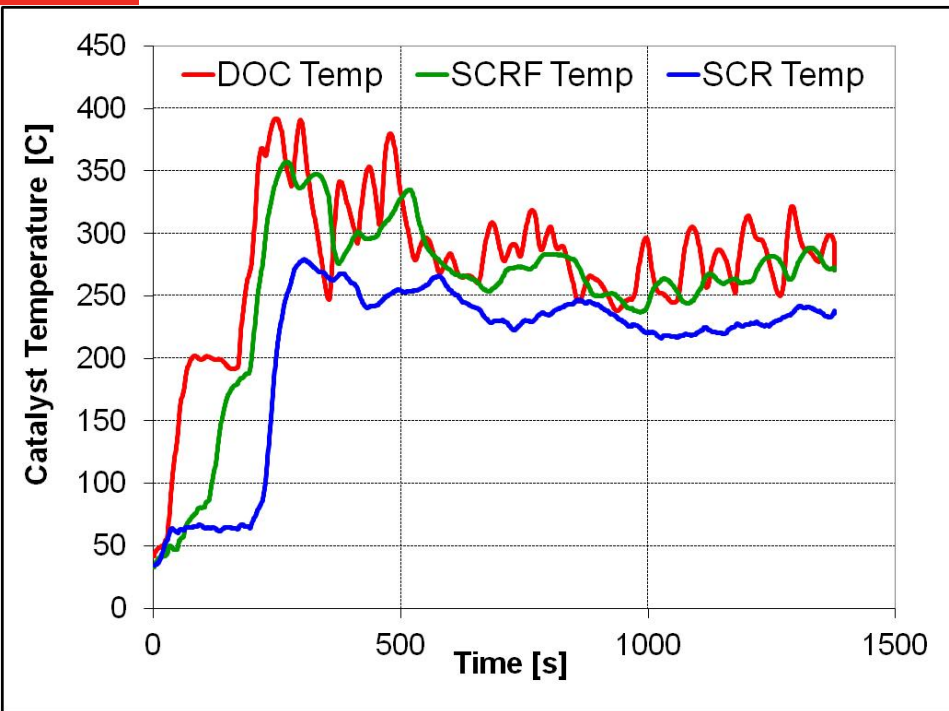
# High Power Density



# Engine Out Emissions and Fuel Economy

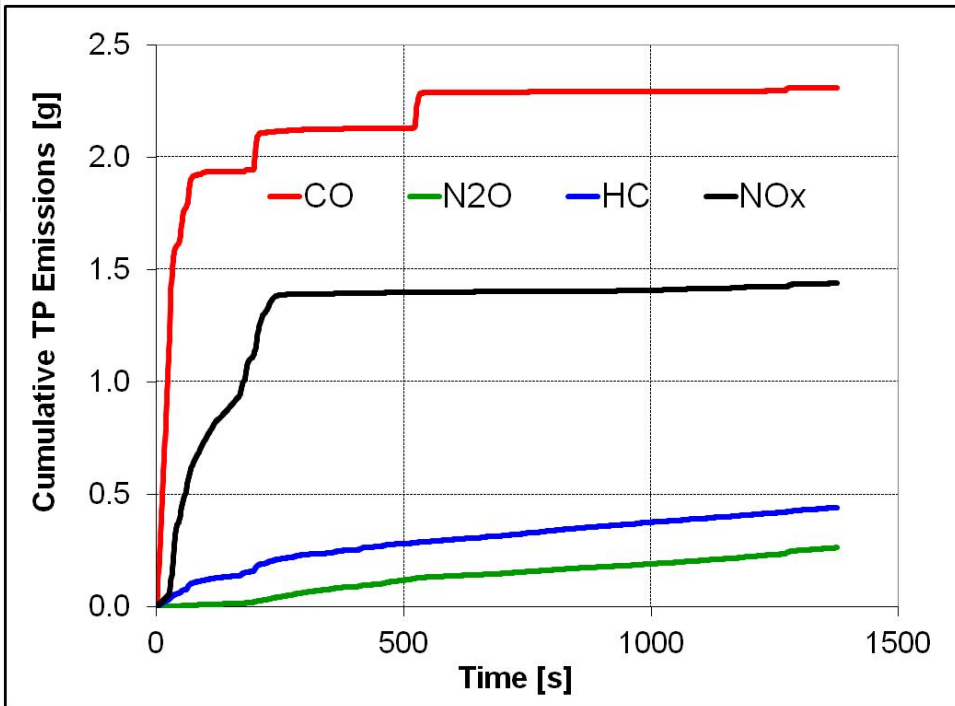


# FTP-75 Cold Bag Performance Results

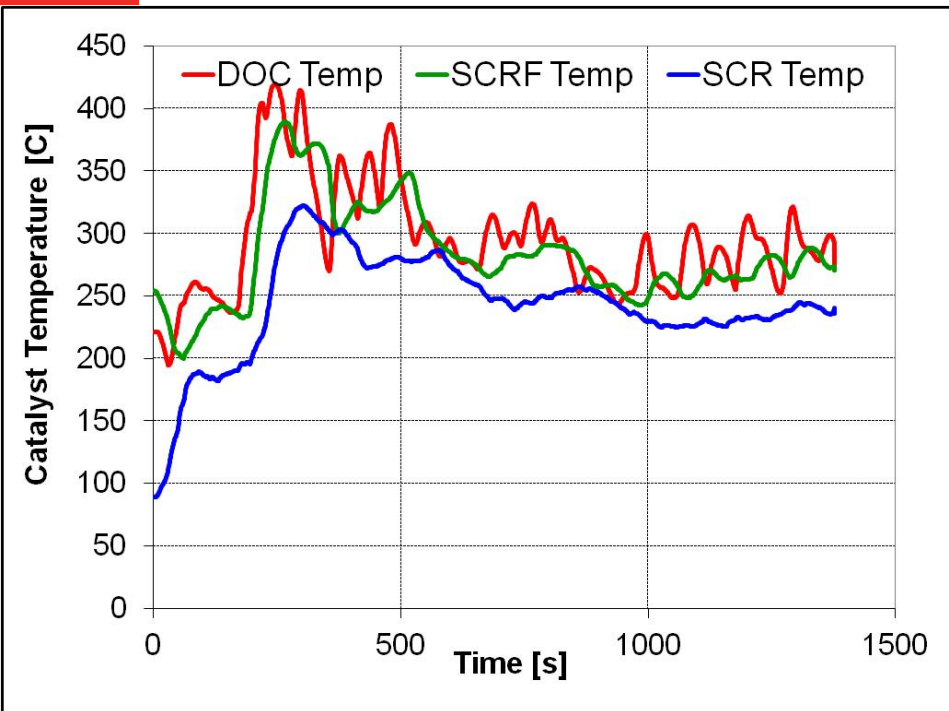


- Results do not include DOC-PNA
- Close coupling of SCRF improves warm-up time
- SCRF and SCR temperatures are above 200°C during entire transient phase

- TP CO ~0.31 g/mi
- TP N<sub>2</sub>O ~0.03g/mi
- TP HC ~0.06g/mi
- TP NO<sub>x</sub> ~0.19 g/mi
- Cold FTP NO<sub>x</sub> Conversion ~86%

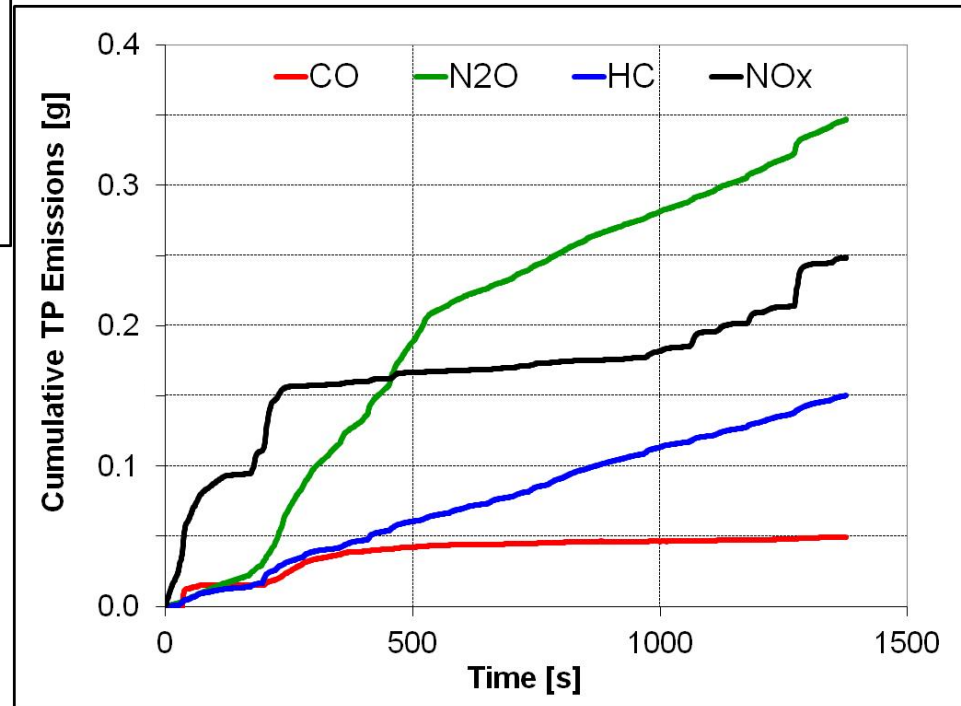


# FTP-75 Warm Bag Performance Results



- Close coupling of SCRF reduces thermal losses
- SCRF and SCR temperatures remain above 200°C during entire transient phase

- TP CO ~0.01 g/mi
- TP N<sub>2</sub>O ~0.05g/mi
- TP HC ~0.02g/mi
- TP NO<sub>x</sub> ~0.03 g/mi
- Hot FTP NO<sub>x</sub> Conversion ~98%

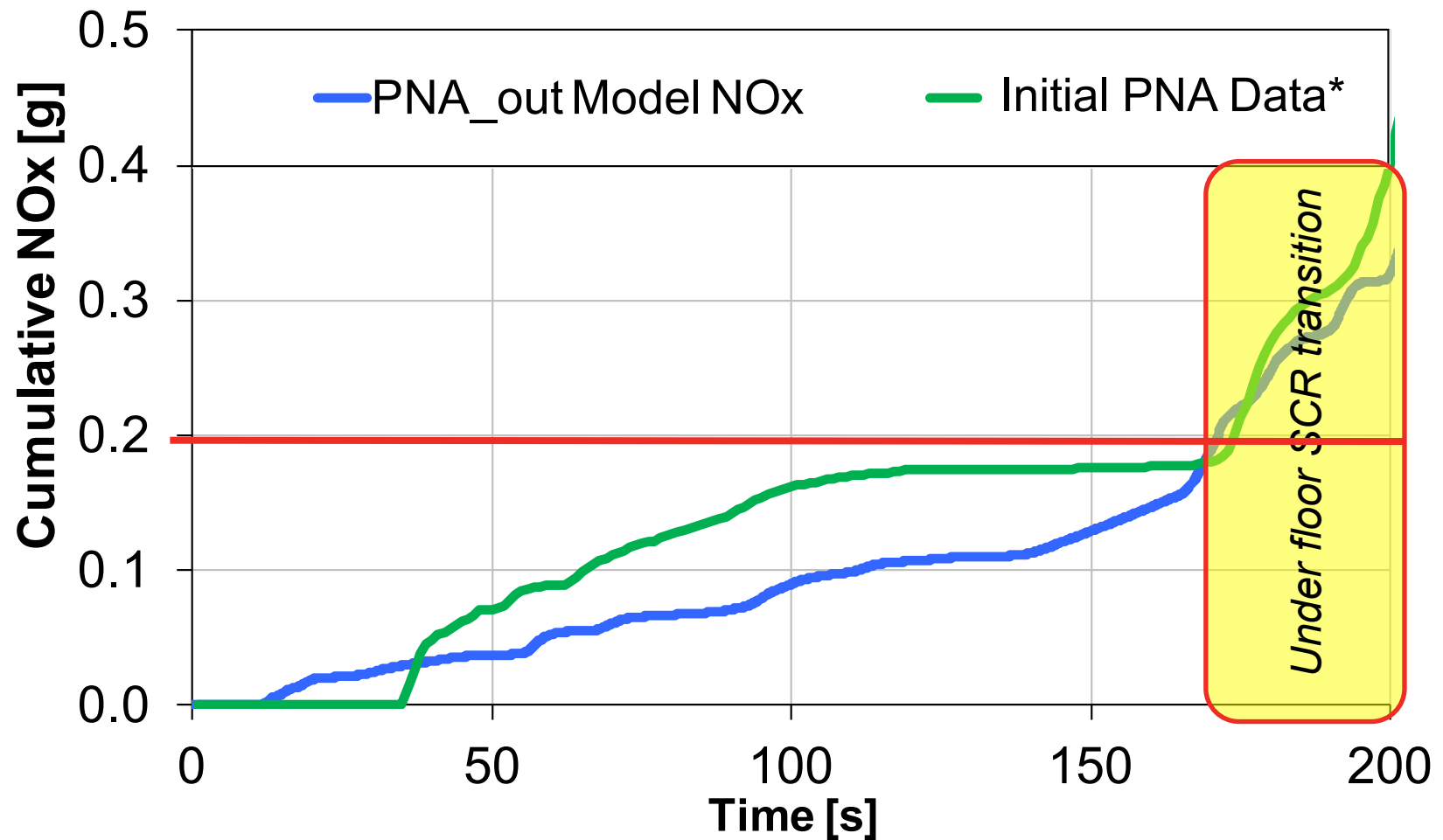


# FTP-75 NOx Emissions DOC-SCRF-SCR

| NOx Emissions |              |              |              |              |                 |                   |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Run           | Bag 1<br>[g] | Bag 2<br>[g] | Bag 3<br>[g] | Bag 4<br>[g] | Total<br>[g/mi] | NOx $\eta$<br>[%] |
|               |              |              |              |              |                 |                   |
| 2/25/2012     | 1.48         | 0.27         | 0.24         | 0.12         | 0.127           | 94.0              |
| 2/26/2012     | 1.57         | 0.20         | 0.22         | 0.11         | 0.126           | 94.0              |
| 2/27/2012     | 1.30         | 0.12         | 0.23         | 0.10         | 0.106           | 95.0              |
| 2/29/2012     | 1.71         | 0.20         | 0.28         | 0.11         | 0.139           | 93.4              |
| 2/29/2012     | 1.19         | 0.07         | 0.19         | 0.11         | 0.094           | 95.5              |
| 3/1/2012      | 1.40         | 0.04         | 0.17         | 0.08         | 0.101           | 95.2              |

- >80% of NOx released during bag 0
- Expected DeNOx for ATLAS system with 0.4g/mi engine is 97% (0.012g/mi)

# Evaluation of DOC-PNA on Operating Engine



\* Data adjusted for DOC-PNA size and NOx flux

# Vehicle Systems Evaluation

- Mule vehicle with baseline engine
- System map for FE accounting
  - Alternator, Vacuum pump, Oil viscosity, etc.

|                    | Base<br>15W40<br>Mech Vac | 15W40<br>Elec Vac | 5W30<br>Mech Vac | 15W40<br>Mech Vac<br>No Alt load |     |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----|
| Fuel Economy LA-4  | 24.2                      | 24.4              | 25.5             | 26.9                             | MPG |
| Fuel Economy HWFET | 33.1                      | N/A               | N/A              | N/A                              | MPG |

# Acknowledgements

- Partners

- Johnson-Matthey Inc. Catalyst systems
- Nissan Motors Light Truck – Vehicle development

- Contributors

- Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology – Advanced control system analysis

- U.S. Department of Energy

- Cummins management and team members



ATLAS

