# Precursor and Fiber Evaluation

## Dave Warren and Cliff Eberle ORNL March 20, 2009

#### Project ID Im\_05\_warren

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## **Overview**

#### Timeline

- Start- 2008
- End- 2015
- Percent complete ~ 15%

### Barriers

- Barriers addressed
   A. High cost of carbon fiber
  - B. High volume manufacturing of carbon fiber

### Budget

• \$200k/yr

#### Partners

- ORNL
- Some equipment mfrs have provided complimentary or discounted equipment



## **Objectives/Milestones**

 Develop, maintain, and operate a full suite of hardware for the development and evaluation of carbon fiber conversion protocols of a range of precursors

Date	Milestone or Go/No-Go Decision
Sept-08	Precursor evaluation system in routine use evaluate conversion protocols
Mar-09	2500°C furnace installed
Sept-09	Fibers delivered to ACC upon request



## **Technical Approach**

- Maintain and operate conventional pilot line, advanced carbonization unit, and precursor evaluation system
- Evaluate new precursors and develop the initial conversion protocols using small quantities of precursor
  - Precursor evaluation system enables conversion trials on single-filament or few-filament precursor samples, in single-shift operation



## **Conventional Pilot Line**

- 1:20 scale of a commercial grade production line ٠
- Capacity for 8 tows ٠
- Preferred tow size  $\geq$  3k ٠





## **Precursor Evaluation System**

- Designed for development of conventional processing recipes with limited quantities of precursor
  - Residence time, temperature, atmospheric composition, and tension are independently controlled in each furnace
  - Can process single filament up to thousands of filaments
  - Precise tension control and stretching capability allows stretched/tensioned processing of ~20-filament tows
  - Temperature capability from room temperature to 1,700°C; 2,500°C furnace received March 2009



Single-shift operation

This has become our "workhorse" equipment system









## **MAP Carbonization System**

MAP carbonization hardware continues to be maintained and operated for demonstration purposes





## **Special Capabilities**



Laboratory Box Oven for Tow Oxidation



Low-Force Tension Controller





~ 2,500 °C Furnace (Similar Model)



New 1,750 °C Furnace

Dancing Tension Controller



## **Primary Accomplishments**

- Pilot line
  - Added remote monitoring capability
  - Delivery system for multiple spools of precursor fibers
  - Independent tensioning of multiple large tows
- Precursor evaluation system
  - Textile PAN, proprietary lignin, and polyolefin precursor trials conducted
  - 1,750°C replacement furnace received
  - 2,500°C tube furnace received
- MAP carbonization system
  - Frequent demo operations



## **Future Work**

#### Rest of FY09

- Install and commission 1,750 °C and 2,500 °C furnaces in new precursor evaluation lab space
- Tune pilot line operation with multiple tows

#### • FY10

- Relocate existing precursor evaluation equipment to new lab space
- Add differential stretching capability to conventional pilot line

Date	Milestone
Mar-09	2,500 °C furnace installed
Sept-09	Fibers delivered to ACC upon request

Date	Milestone				
Mar-10	Complete relocation of existing precursor evaluation equipment				
Sept- 10	Differential stretching equipment ordered				



## Summary

- Major accomplishments
  - Trialed textile PAN, proprietary lignin, and polyolefin precursors in precursor evaluation line
  - Upgraded pilot line for improved multiple-tow operation
  - Ordered and received 1,750 °C and 2,500 °C furnaces for precursor evaluation system
- Continuation plans
  - Continue maintaining, operating, and upgrading these systems as appropriate to meet the needs of ongoing projects and future programmatic needs



# Low Cost Carbon Fiber Commercialization

## Dave Warren and Cliff Eberle ORNL March 20, 2009

#### Project ID # 16623

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## **Overview**

#### Timeline

- Start- 2008
- End- 2016
- Percent complete ~ 10%

#### **Barriers**

Barriers addressed
 A. Deployment of low cost carbon fiber

### Budget

- FY08 \$450k
- FY09 \$100k

#### Partners

- ORNL
- Numerous prospective partners



## **Objectives**

 Develop and execute partnerships and strategies leading to rapid LCCF commercialization and deployment

Date	Milestone or Go/No-Go Decision
Dec 2011	First commercial sales of textile PAN precursor fibers
Dec 2014	Groundbreaking on high-volume plant for conventional manufacturing of lignin-based carbon fiber
Dec 2016	First commercial orders for advanced conversion equipment



## **Technical Approach**

- Partner with industrial end users to ensure that we are delivering products that meet their needs
- Develop an IP portfolio and partnership/licensing strategy that delivers compelling value to potential partners and fulfills our sponsor's mission
- Publish the results of our work in journals, at conferences, workshops, symposia, etc.
- Work with industrial partners in CRADAs and other partnership mechanisms to accelerate and complete development and "technology handoff" to manufacturers
- Partner with government and industry to develop a national demonstration facility that will deliver sufficient quantities of low cost carbon fiber to prove that it can be used effectively in downstream manufacturing processes to deliver affordable, high quality products



## **Commercialization Status**

- ORNL has an ongoing partnership with FISIPE to introduce textile PAN precursor fibers – commercialization imminent
- ORNL is currently negotiating a CRADA with a partner, with the goal to significantly accelerate the development and commercialization of ligninbased precursor
- ORNL is in negotiation with a prospective new entrant into carbon fiber manufacturing, that plans to begin with textile PAN fibers and later adopt other technologies as they mature
- ORNL is engaged in serious "due diligence" discussions, that cannot be accurately characterized as negotiations, with several companies
  - Conversion equipment manufacturers
  - Prospective precursor manufacturers
  - Prospective carbon fiber manufacturers
- ORNL routinely fields calls (weekly to monthly) from companies considering the use of LCCF technology; in many cases these are prospective new entrants into the carbon fiber industry



## Workshop on Low Cost Carbon Fiber Composites for Energy Applications

- Held in Oak Ridge 3 4 March 2009
- ~ 80 attendees from a wide range of industry and government
- Short plenary session followed by four ~ day-long breakout sessions for facilitated brainstorming
- Agenda, presentations, and breakout reports posted to the web at <u>http://events.energetics.com/carbon\_fiber09/</u>
- Final report has been posted or soon will be posted
- Generated a high degree of apparent enthusiasm and momentum for accelerated commercialization of low cost carbon fiber composites technology
- Follow-up planning and actions underway



## Workshop on Low Cost Carbon Fiber Composites for Energy Applications (2)



Automotive talk - opening plenary



"This is REALLY HARD stuff..."



"It's been a long day!"



"Are we ready to vote?"



"I think we can agree on that"



"Can we go home yet?"



## **Infrastructure Need**

- ORNL and partners have the facilities necessary to develop low cost carbon fiber composites technology
- A facility is needed to provide sufficient quantities of low cost carbon fiber to end users and/or their suppliers that they can prove it will work in their manufacturing processes and deliver affordable, high quality composite structures
  - Conventional conversion line to make fibers from alternative precursors, esp. lignin, polyolefins, and unconventional PAN
  - Melt spinning line to provide adequate quantities of melt spun, low cost alternative precursors
  - Space for the future addition of advanced conversion process modules



## **Future Work**

- Continue development and execution of partnerships to rapidly commercialize low cost carbon fiber composites
- Develop and manage IP portfolio to deliver maximum value to partners and sponsor
- Continue publication of our work and its results in appropriate journals and venues
- Complete follow-up of Workshop on Low Cost Carbon Fiber Composites for Energy Applications
- Partner with industry as appropriate on the development of a National Demonstration Facility for low cost carbon fiber composites technology
- Work with industry partners to effectively and rapidly deploy the technology at full scale



## Summary

- We have a unique opportunity to significantly accelerate the commercialization and deployment of low cost carbon fiber composites technology
- ORNL is actively developing partnerships to achieve rapid commercialization
  - Several end use industries
  - Throughout the value chain
- The recent Workshop on Low Cost Carbon Fiber Composites for Energy Applications generated momentum that we are working to maintain and exploit



### Low Cost Carbon Fiber Research in the LM Materials Program Critical Path

### 20 May 2009 C. David (Dave) Warren

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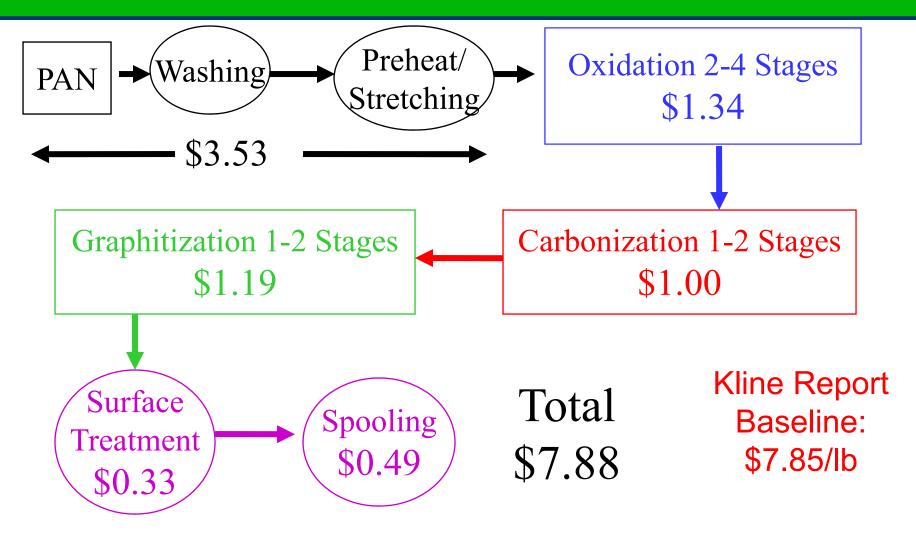
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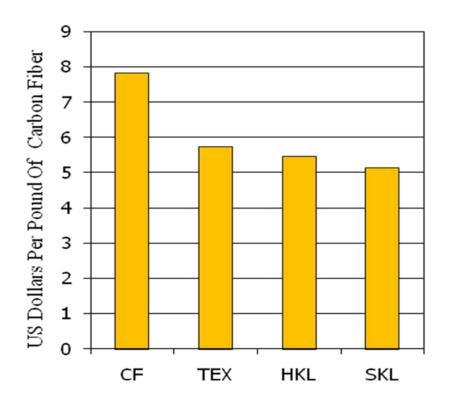
#### Carbon Fiber -Production Costs



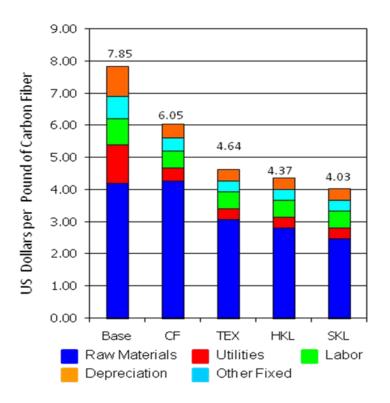




#### **Alternative Precursors**



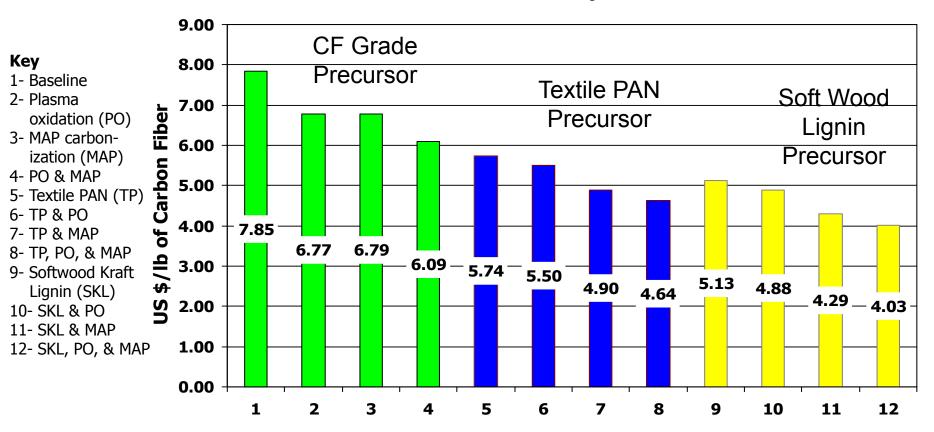
#### Alternative Production Methods



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#### **Combined Cost Projections**



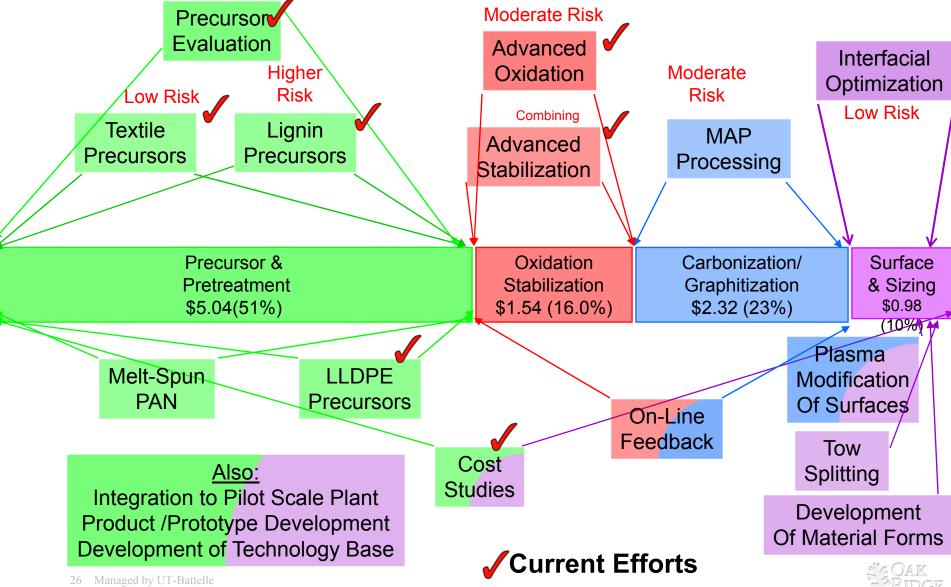
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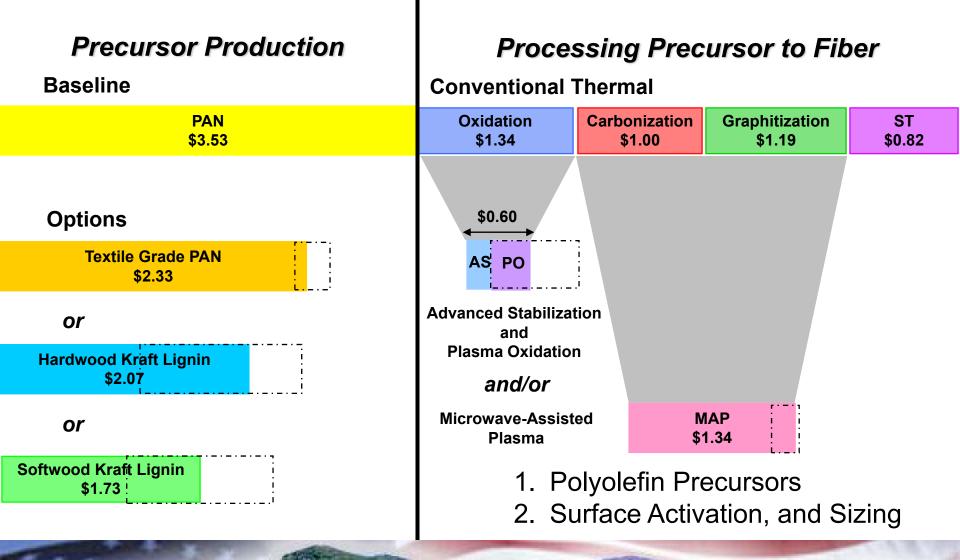
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# Critical Path for the Automotive Program



for the U.S. Department of Energy





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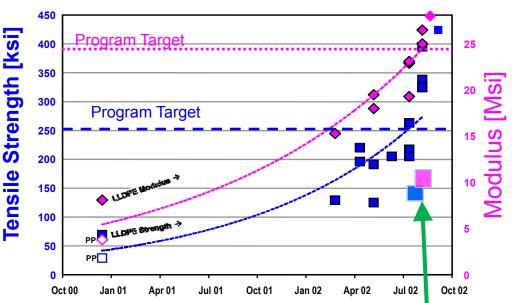


Polyolefins have been investigated by others as carbon fiber precursors. Japanese in the 70's, Hexcel in early 2000's

Obtained Properties: 30 MSI; 390 KSI

But

Required a 10 – 24 h elevated temperature sulfonation in Sulfuric Acid Making it an uneconomical process



Dr. Naskar has developed a 1 hour sulfonation process that is:

1. not the method used in the past;

2. uses a chemical/process used in an industry that sells 1000's of tons of material for less than \$0.20 a pound.

3. the process leaves the precursor ready to carbonize and by passes the entire oxidative stabilization process (80 - 120 minutes)

Using 1 hour sulfonation process in proof of principal project



Precursor	Yield (%)		\$/lb	Melt-	Best achieved		Problem
type			(as-spun)	spinnable	properties		
	Theoretical	Practical			Strength	Modulus	
					(KSI)	(MSI)	
Conventional PAN	68	45-50	>4	No	500-900	30-65	High cost
Textile PAN*	~ 68	45-50	1-3	No	300-400+	30	High variation in
							properties
Lignin*	62-67	40-50	0.40 -	Yes	160	15	Fiber handling, low
			0.70				strength & slow
							stabilization step
Polyolefin**	86	65-80	0.35 - 0.5	Yes	380	30	Slow stabilization
							(sulfonation) step
	1	1	1		1	1	1
	High Y	ield li	nexpensive	- F	Properties I	Proven	Obstacle
	ingii i				At Small Scale		Addressed

Eliminating Oxidative Stabilization Reduced conversion time to 15 – 30 minutes

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	pooling & ackaging	Surface Treatment	Carboni Graphit		Stabilization & Oxidation			Precursors
	\$0.61 \$0.41	\$0.37 <b>\$0.33</b>	•	.32 .48	\$1.54 \$0.99		ine Today - \$9.8 Volume - \$7.8	
High Low	\$0.41 \$0.41	\$0.33 \$0.33	\$	1.48 Less Effluents 1.25 Faster throughput Less Incineration	\$0.20 \$0.10	3.	\$3.32 \$2.74	
				Large tow CF Precursor	Small (<24k) Precu	CF	Textile Precursor	Polyolefin Precursor
	As-Spun Fiber (\$/lb)			\$ 3-5	\$ 4-	6	\$ 2-3	\$ 0.50 - \$ 0.60
	Carbon Yield			~45%	~50%		~50%	65 - 80%
	Precursor Cost (\$ /lb CF)			\$ 6.5-11	\$ 8-1	12	\$ 4-6	\$ 0.65 - \$ 0.90
	Stabilization 85			85 - 120 min	75 -100	) min	75 - 100 min	60 min **
Carbonization			Same	Sam	ne	Same	Same	

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