

Three-Dimensional Composite Nanostructures for Lean NO_x Emission Control

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Project ID #
ACE030

Project Overview

Project Objective

–To develop a unique class of 3D metal oxide (MeO_x)/perovskite (ABO_3) composite nanostructure catalysts to reduce and control lean NO_x emission in vehicles, eventually to replace or reduce the usage of the Pt-group metal catalysts.

Timeline

- Project start date: 10/01/2009
- Project end date: 09/31/2012
- Percent complete: continuing

Budget

- Total project funding
 - DOE share: \$1,248,242
 - Contractor share: \$314,504
- Funding received in FY10-11 from DOE: \$809,446

Barriers

- Barriers addressed
 - Lean NO_x emission reduction
 - Particulate filtering using new catalysts
 - New catalysts for reducing/eliminating usage of noble metals
 - Simplification of emission control devices to reduce the cost

Partners

- Honda Research Institute (OH)

Objectives and Approaches

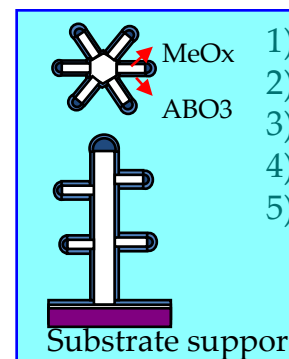
- Objectives (quarters 3-6, 04/1/2010-3/31/2011)
 - Synthesis and characterization of 3D nanoarray catalysts.
 - Metal loading and thermal stability testing
 - Modeling of surface NO_x catalytic chemistry in 3D nanocomposite surface and interface.
- Approaches:
 - **Synthesis:**

To synthesize 3D composite nano(wire/dendrite)arrays rooted on different substrates by solution and vapor phase approaches.
 - **Characterization:**

To investigate the structure, morphology, chemical and electronic properties of composite nanorarrays using a range of microscopy and spectroscopy techniques.
 - **Activity, Selectivity, Durability and Regenerability:**

To explore the catalytic behavior and stability using microscopy, spectroscopy, thermal analysis and temperature programmed surface analysis tools.
 - **Surface Catalysis Modeling :**

To simulate and model the surface catalysis behavior on composite nanocatalyst surfaces and interfaces using DFT atomistic calculation.



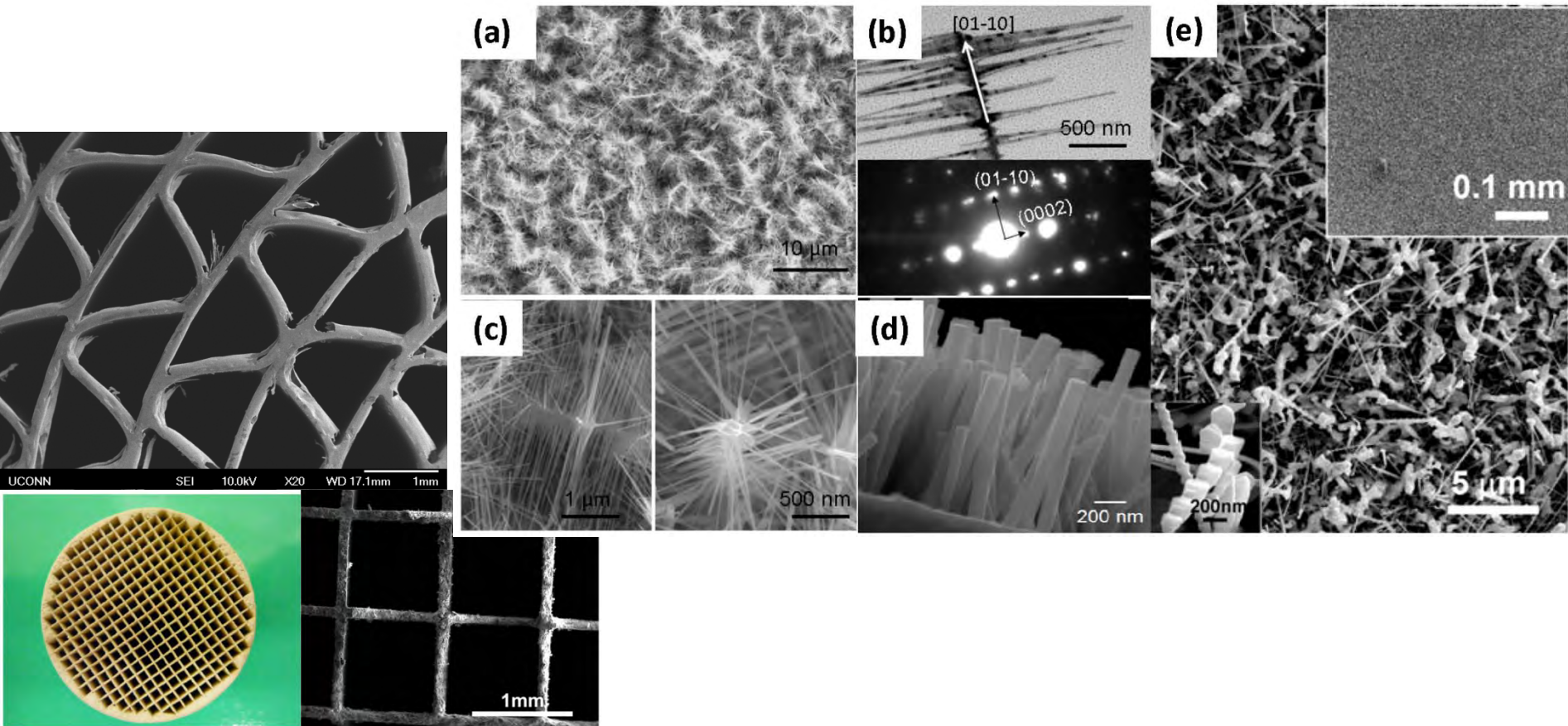
- 1) Ultrahigh surface;
- 2) High thermal stability;
- 3) Strong adherence;
- 4) Low cost;
- 5) High tailoring ability

Accomplishments

(Project period: 04/1/2010-03/1/2011)

- 1) Successful synthesized and characterized various metal oxide nanoarrays on various planar and monolith substrates.
- 2) Successful fabricated, characterized, and identified various 3D composite nanowires with very high specific surface area.
- 3) Successfully characterized and initially validated the thermal stability of various composite nanowires on monolith substrates under oxidative and reductive atmospheres.
- 4) Successfully initiated the emission testing over NO_x storage and reduction.
- 5) Successfully modeled and found the high activity of several perovskite crystal surfaces for O involved reactions.

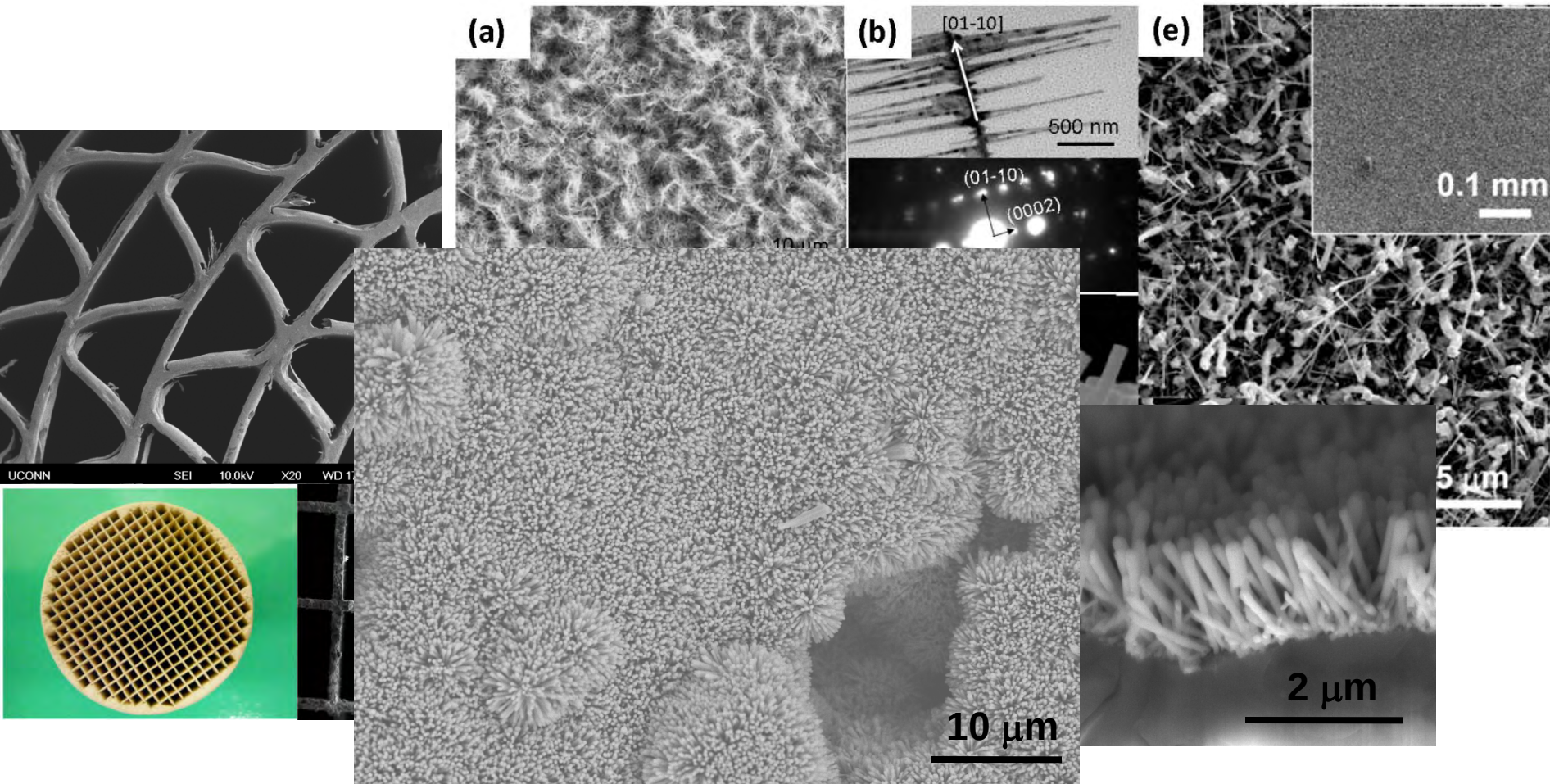
Large scale nanoarrays by solution and vapor phase depositions



Metal oxide nanowire arrays on solid substrates.

W. Cai, P. Shimpi, D. Jian, P.-X. Gao, *J. Mater. Chem.* **2010**; G. Liu, Y. Guo, P.-X. Gao et al., **2011**, submitted;
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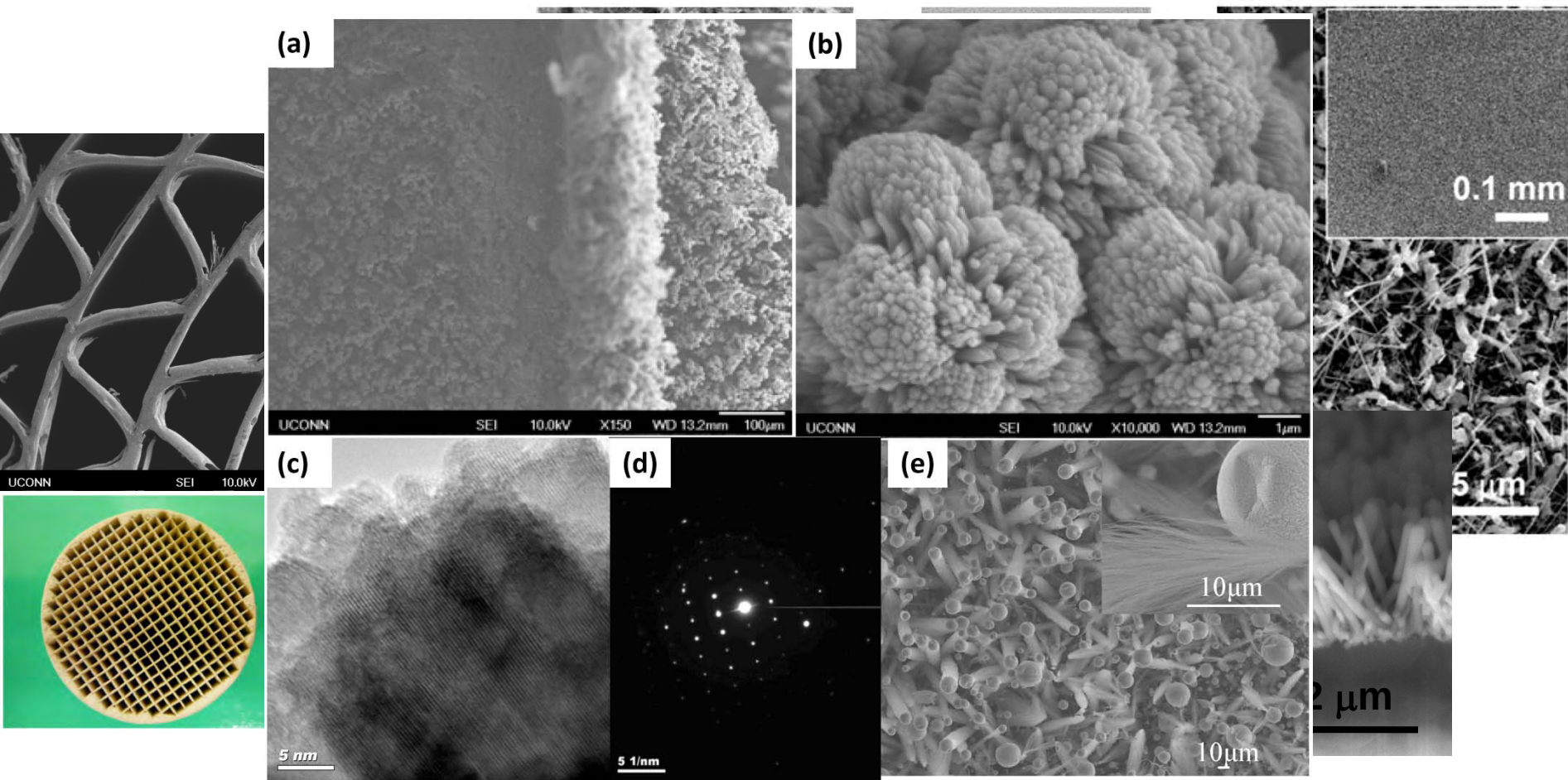
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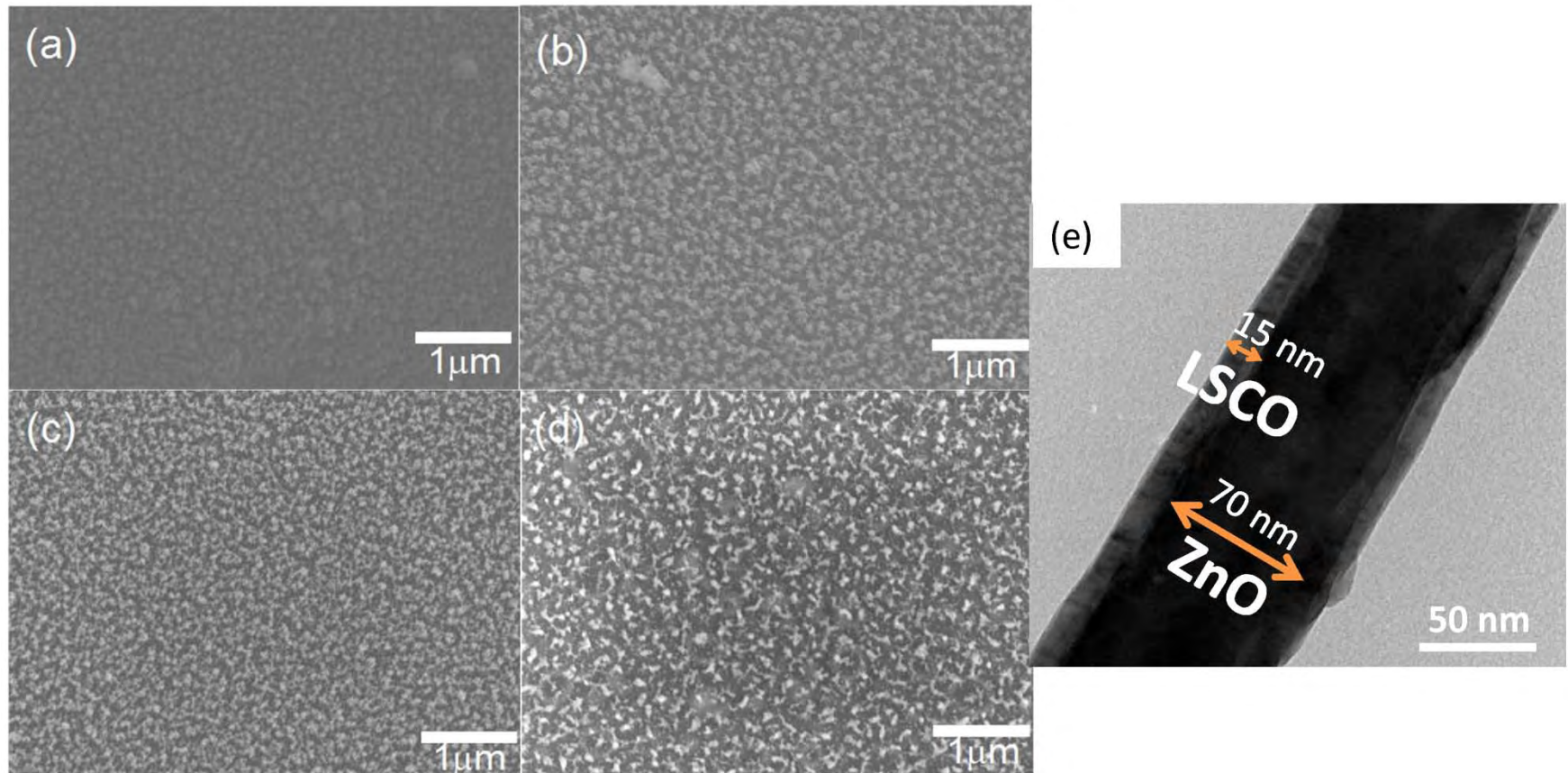
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$\text{MeO}_x/\text{ABO}_3$ composite nanoarrays

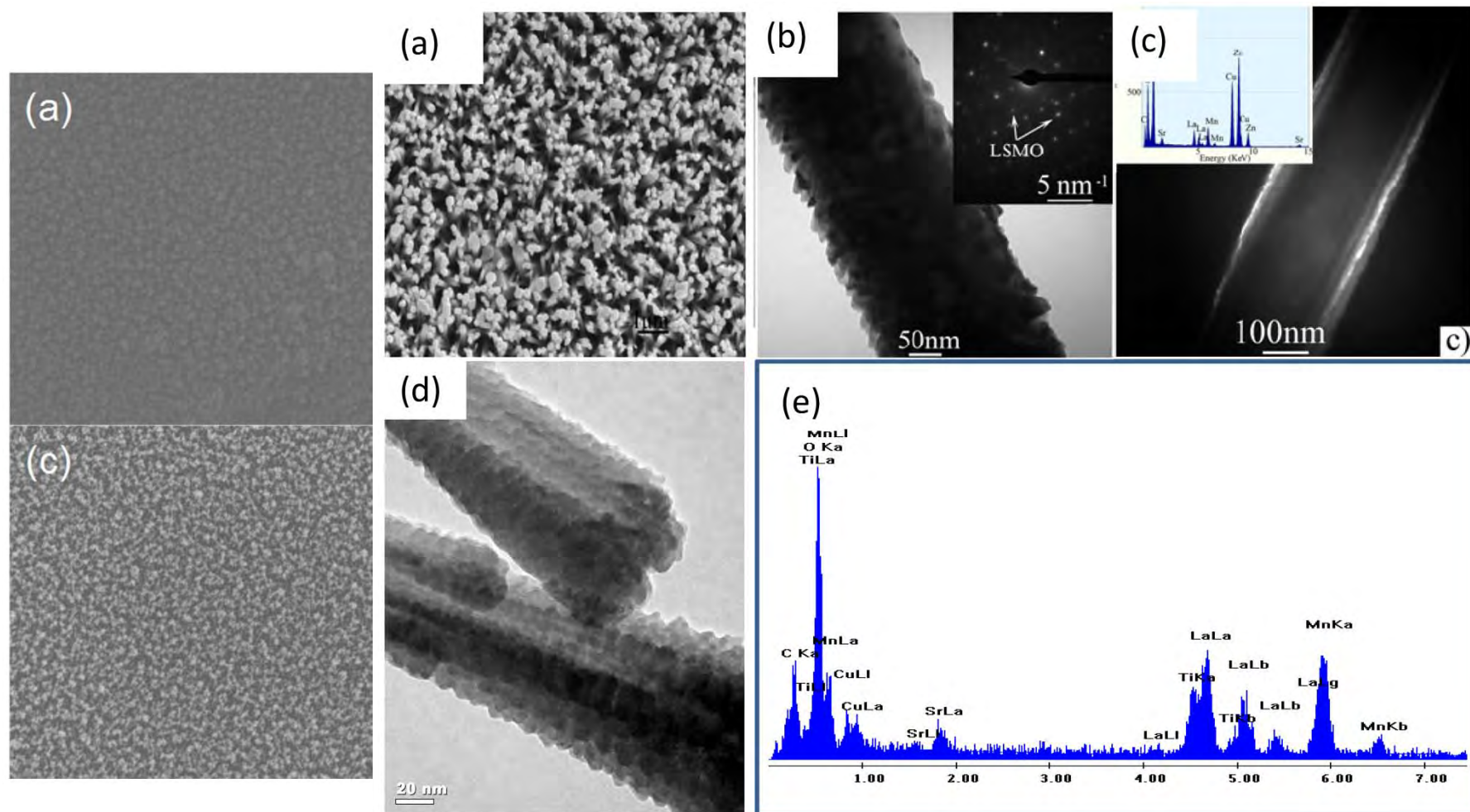


Composite nanowire arrays on solid substrates.

W. Cai, P. Shimpi, et al., 2011, submitted;

P. Shimpi, C. Chung, et al., 2011, to be submitted; H. Gao, et al., APL, 2011.

MeO_x/ABO₃ composite nanoarrays

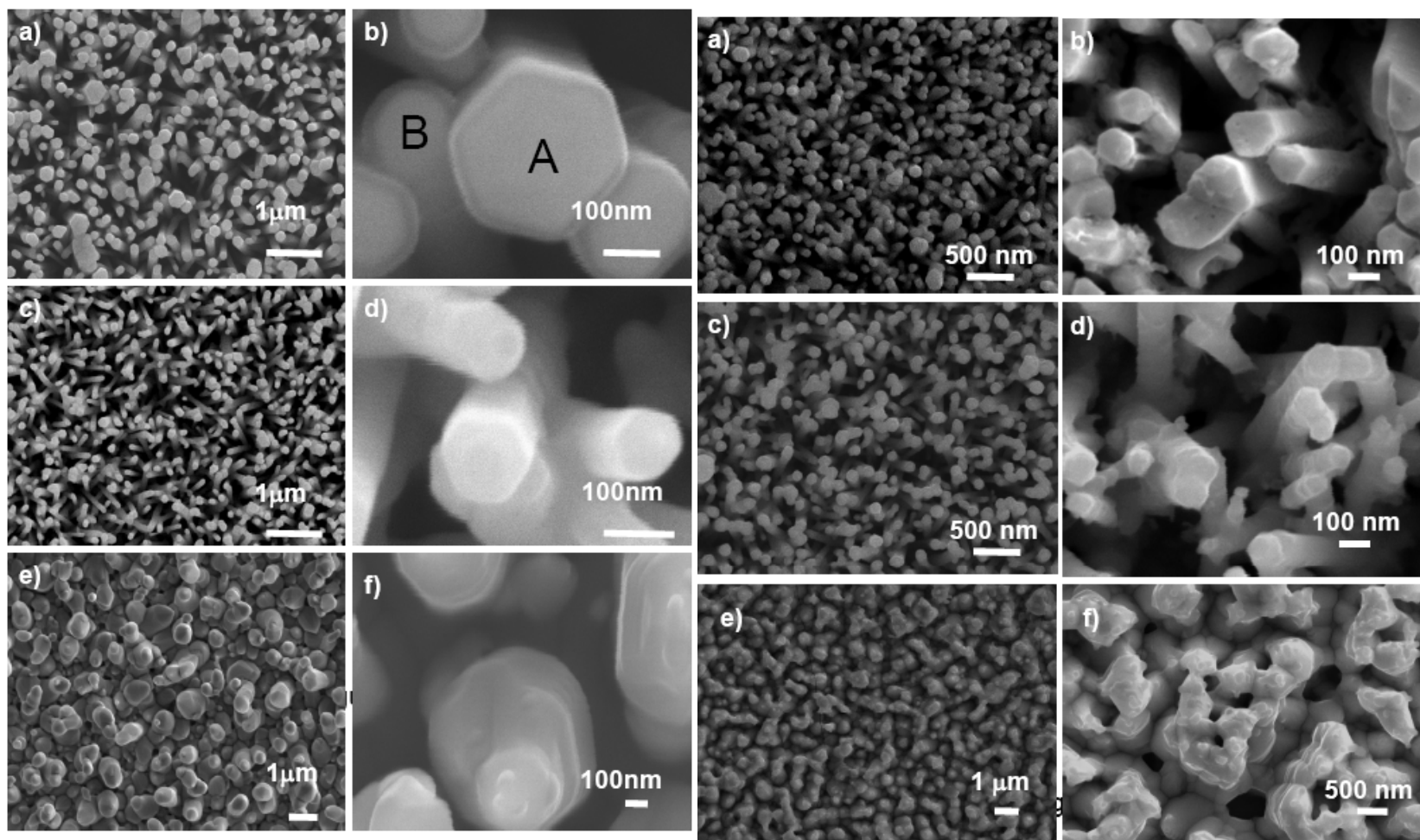


Composite nanowire arrays on solid substrates.

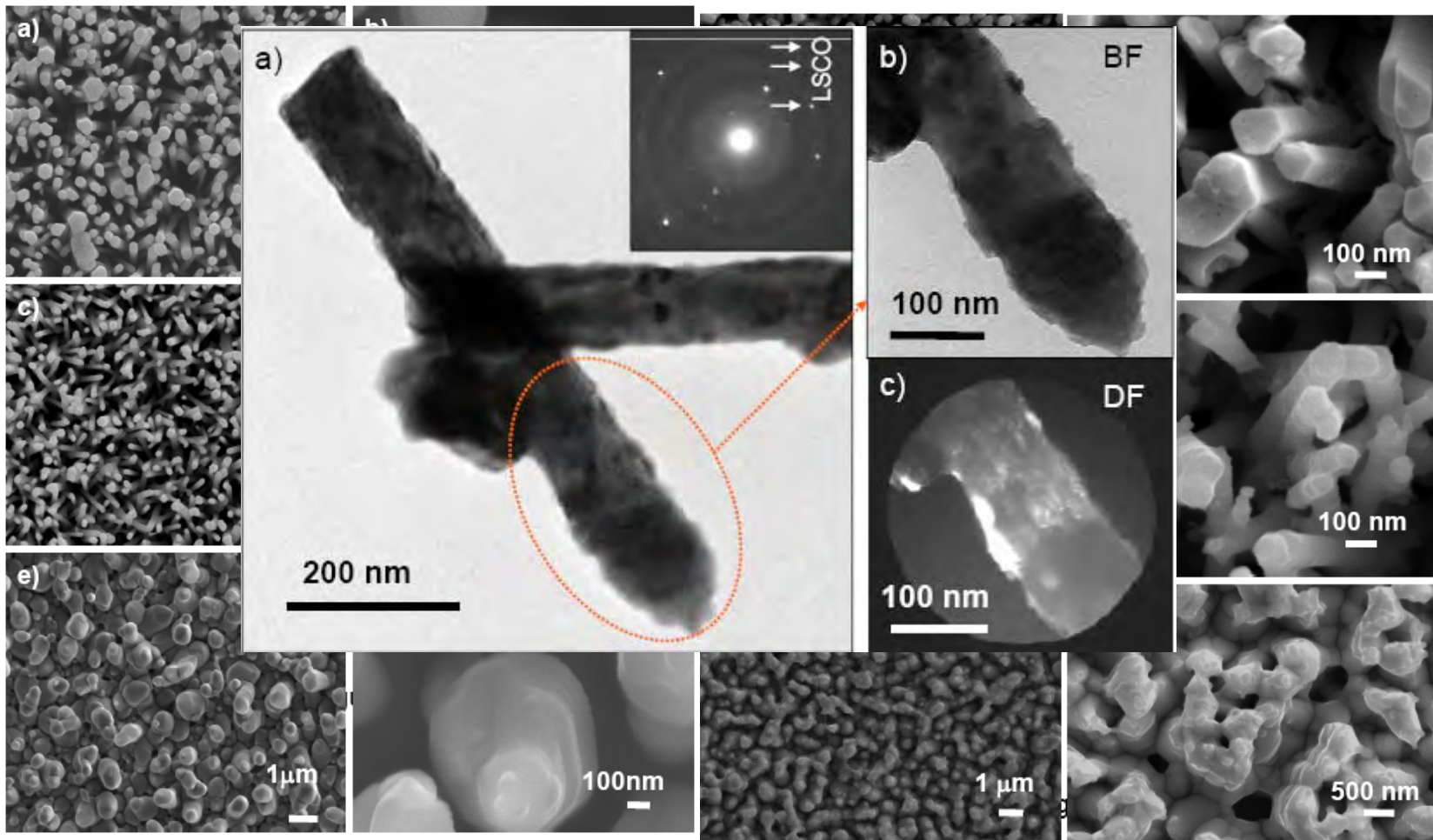
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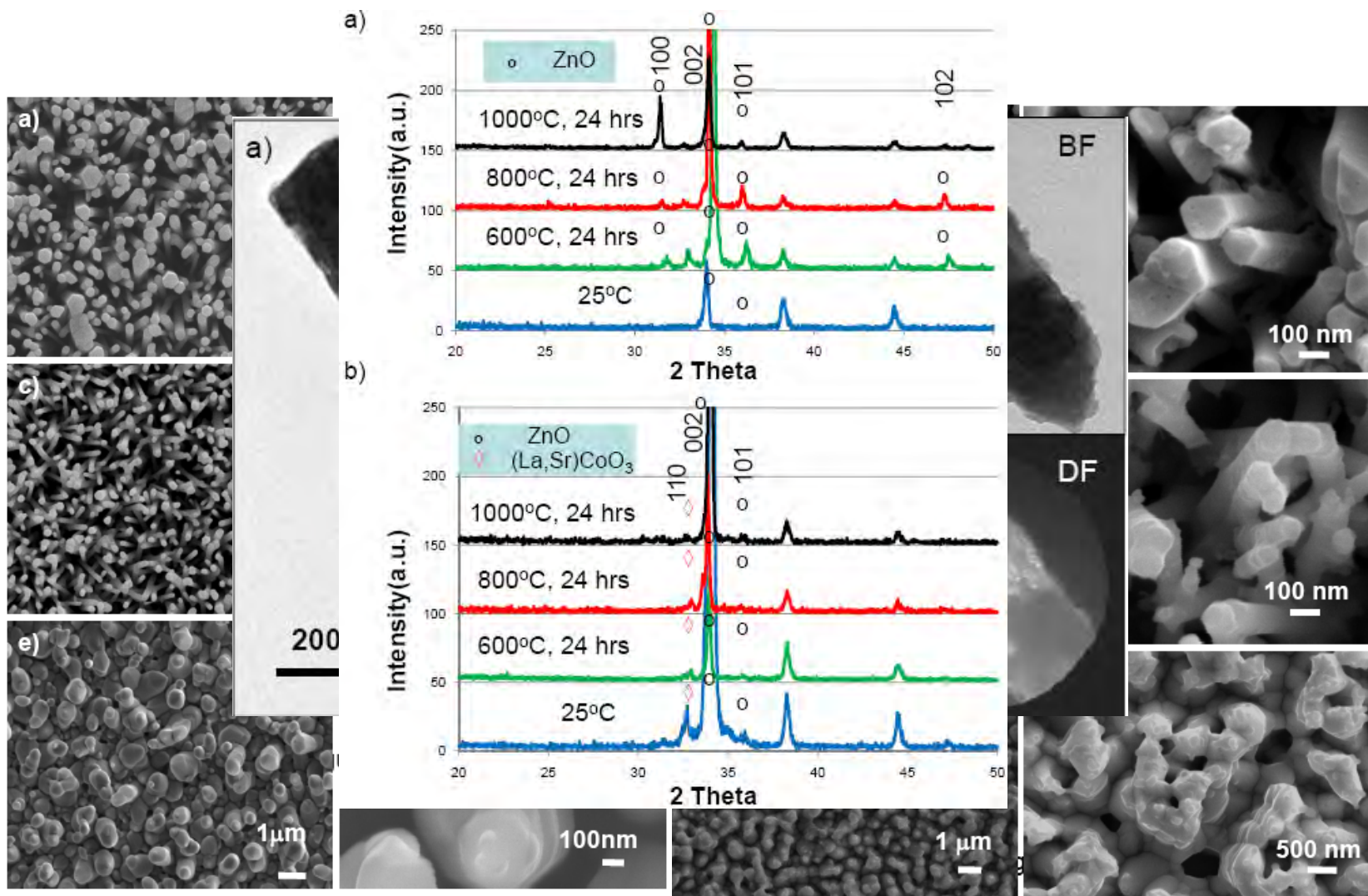
Thermal stability of ZnO/LSCO nanoarrays



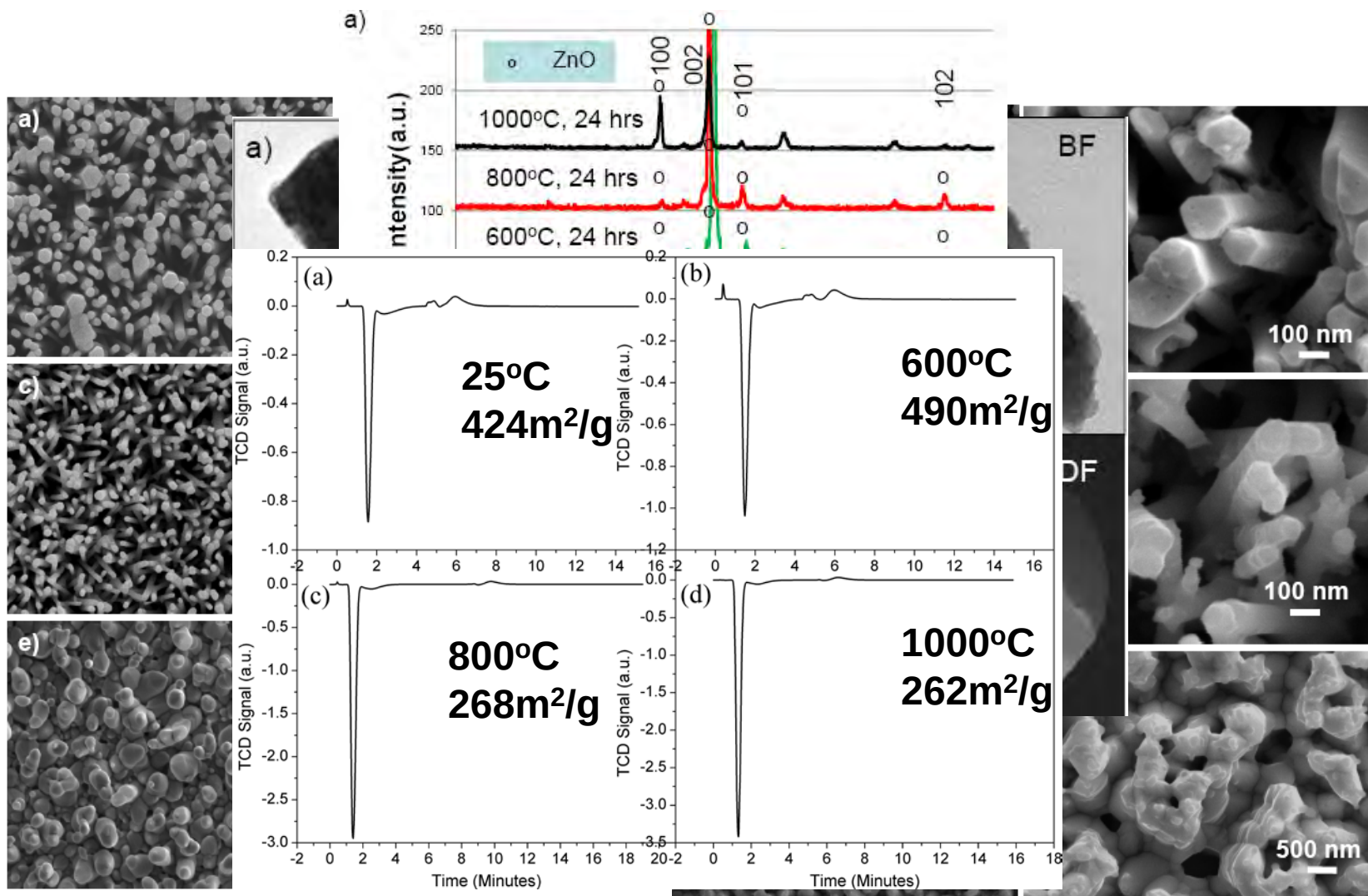
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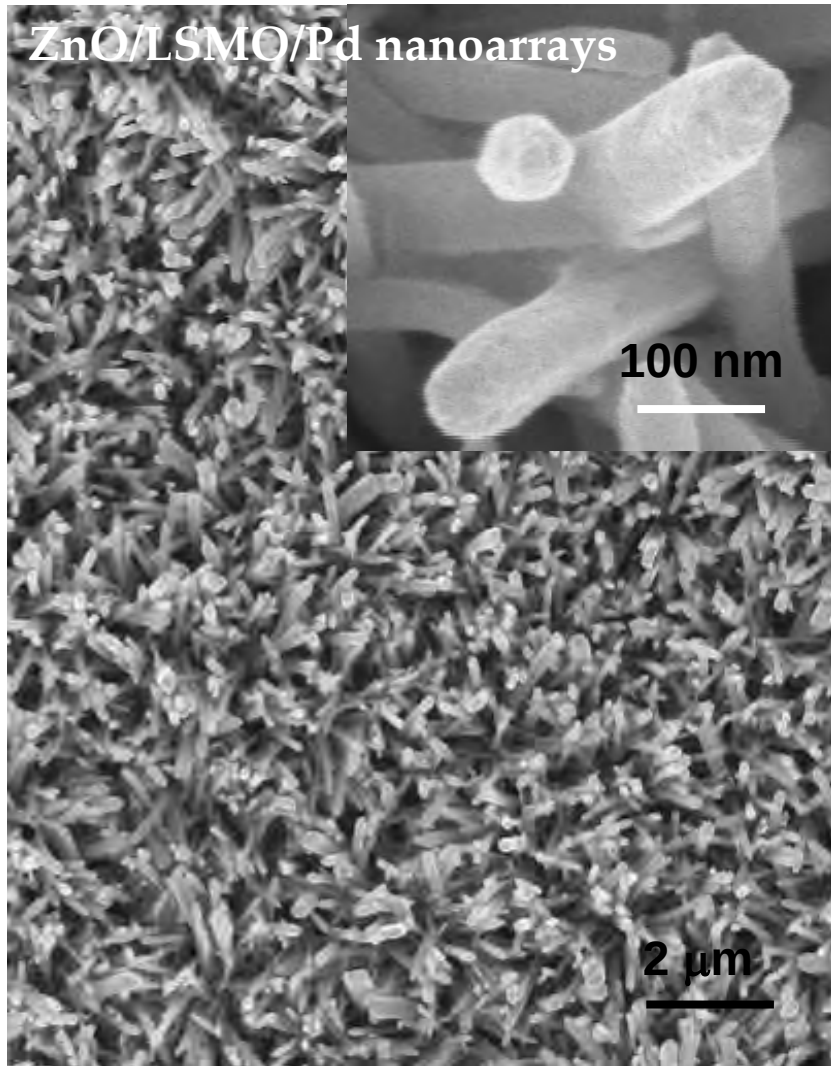
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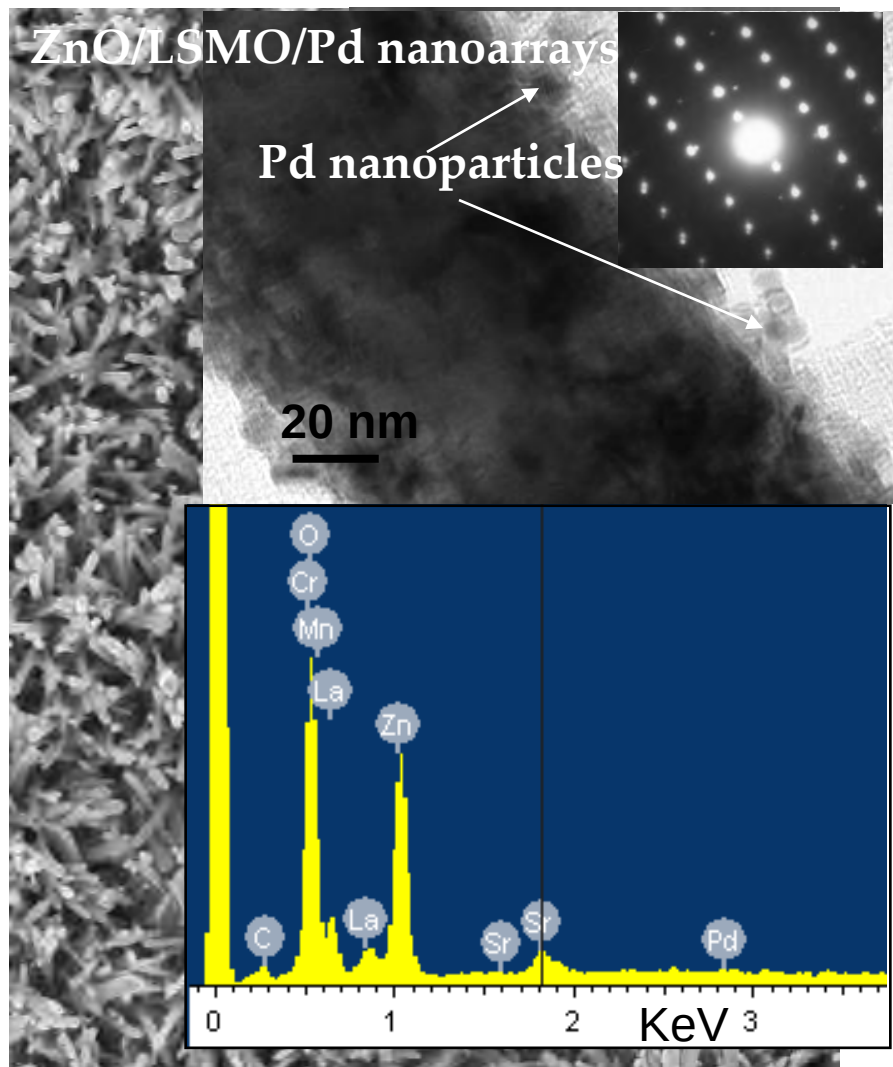
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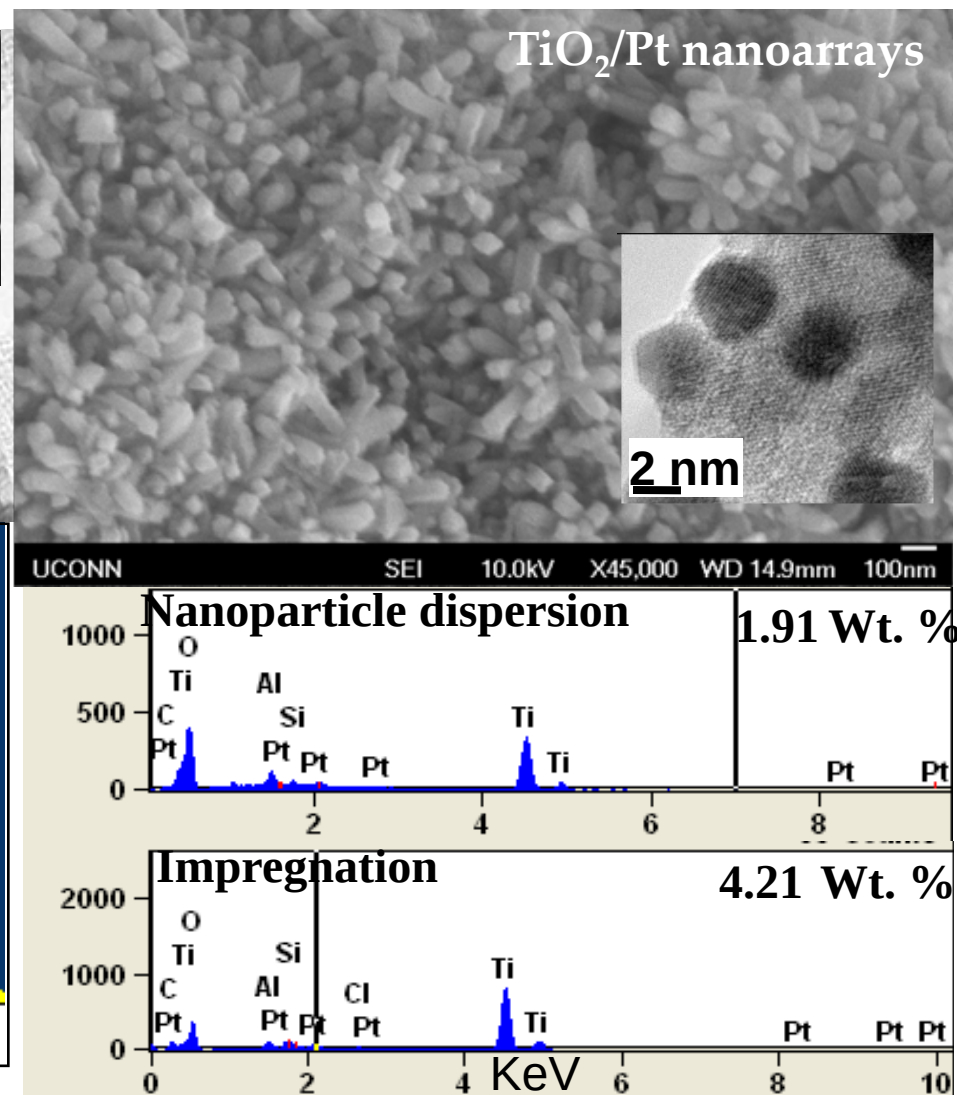
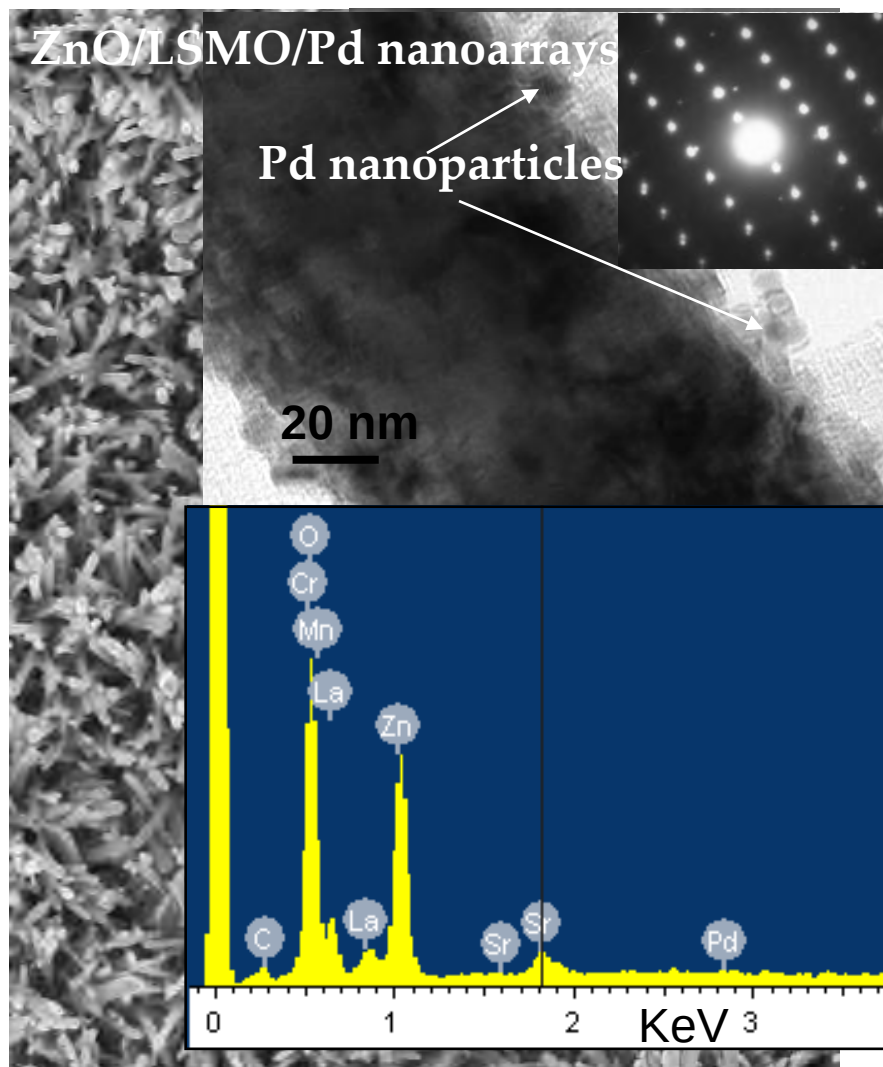
Metal loading on metal oxide nanoarrays



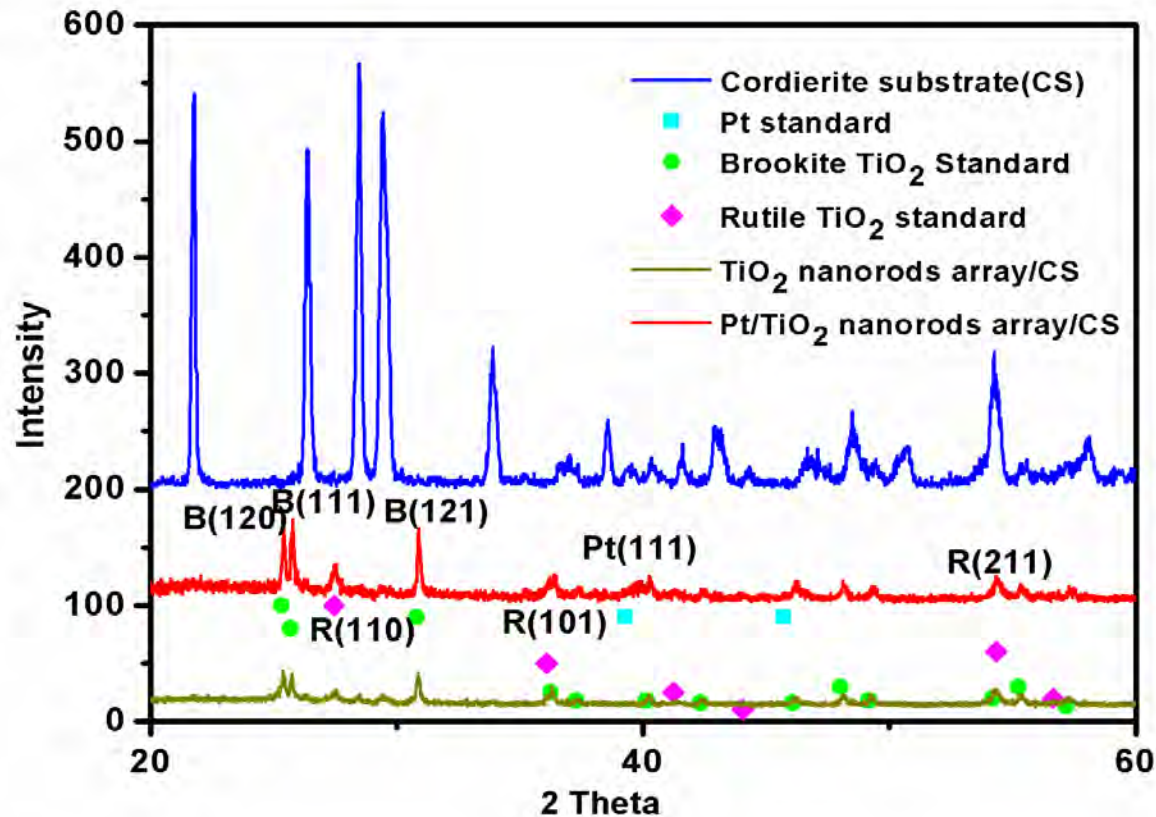
Metal loading on metal oxide nanoarrays



Metal loading on metal oxide nanoarrays

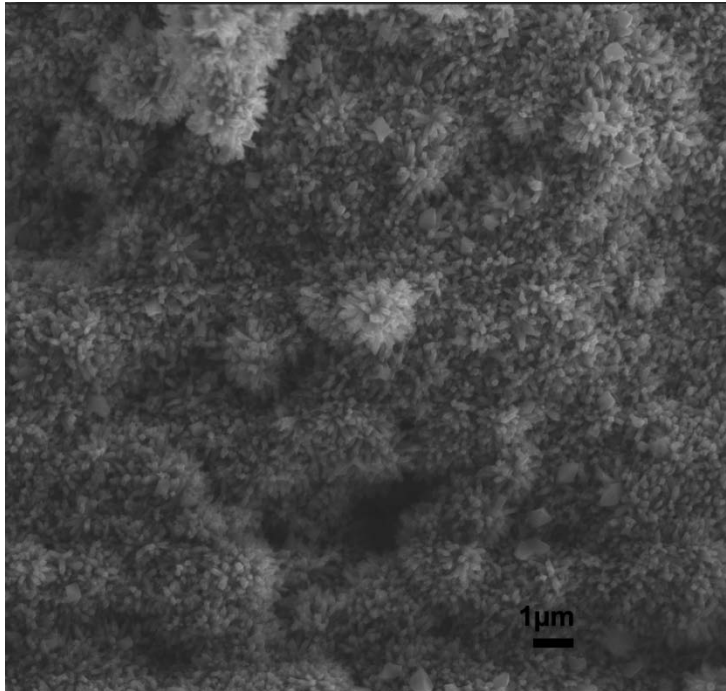


Structure and surface areas of TiO₂ nanoarrays on substrate



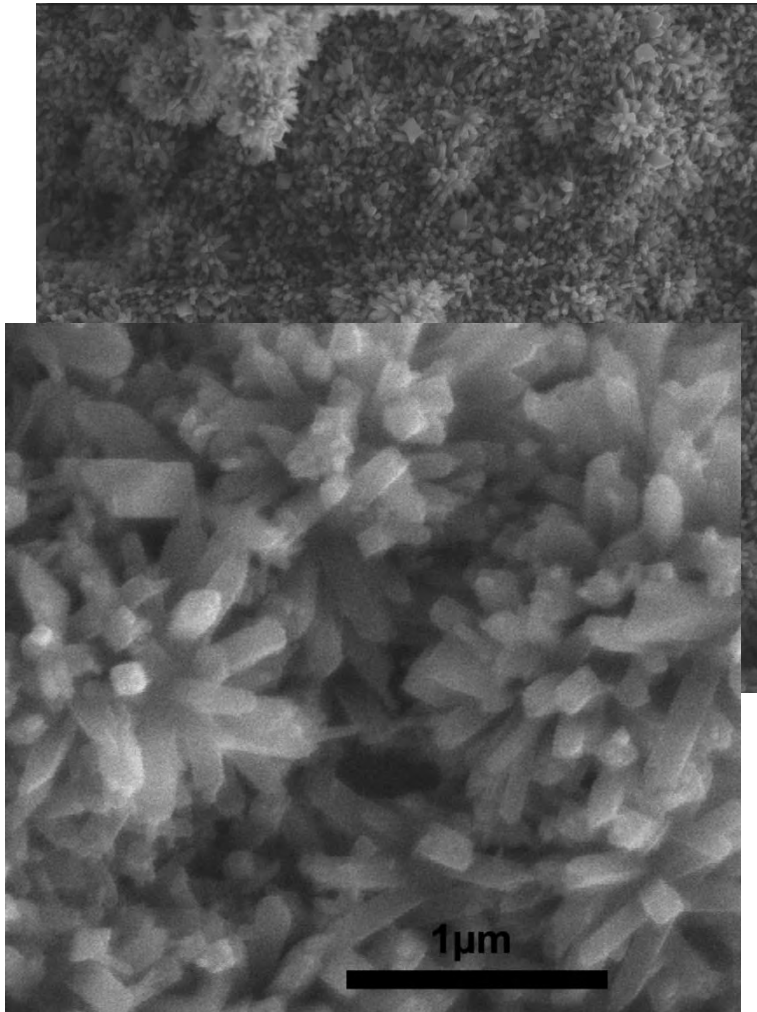
Samples	TiO ₂ -Cordierite	TiO ₂	800°C TiO ₂ -Cordierite	800°C TiO ₂
Specific Surface Area (m ² /g)	37.96	704.47	24.51	454.86

Thermal stability of TiO₂ nanoarrays



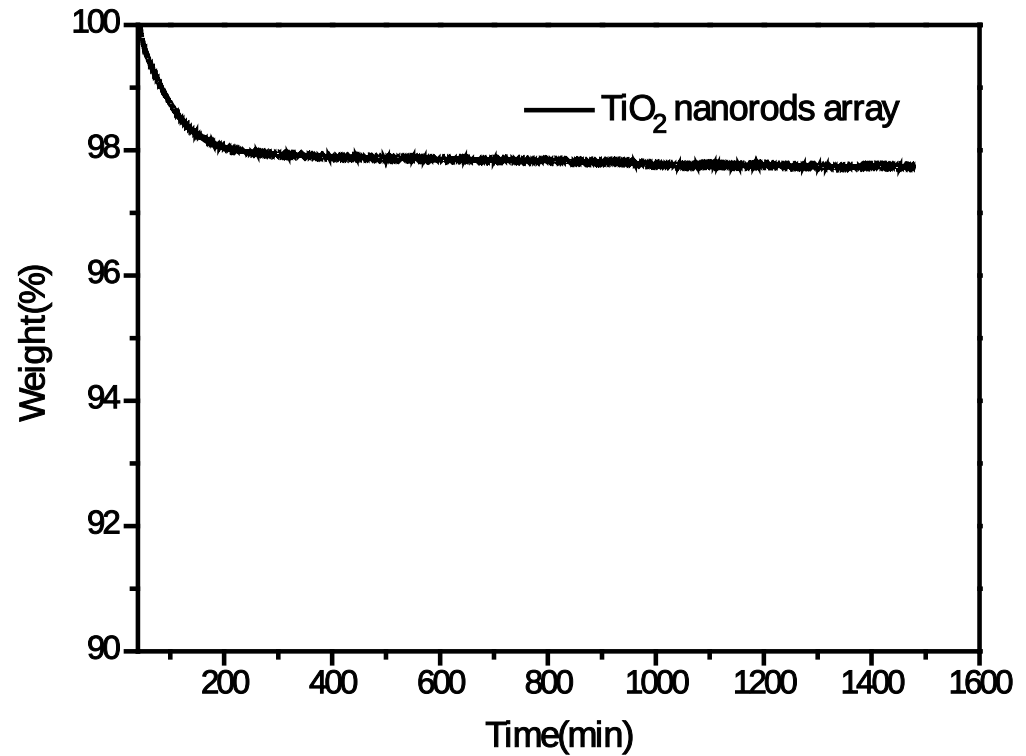
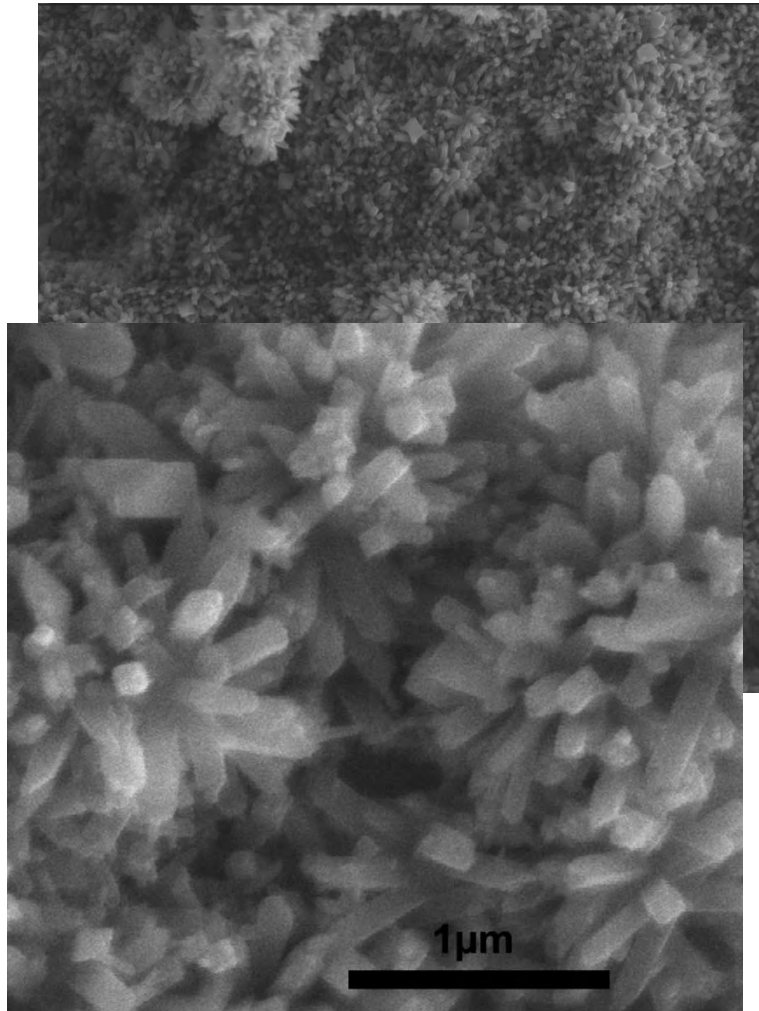
Thermal stability of TiO₂
nanorods array at 800°C for 24h

Thermal stability of TiO₂ nanoarrays



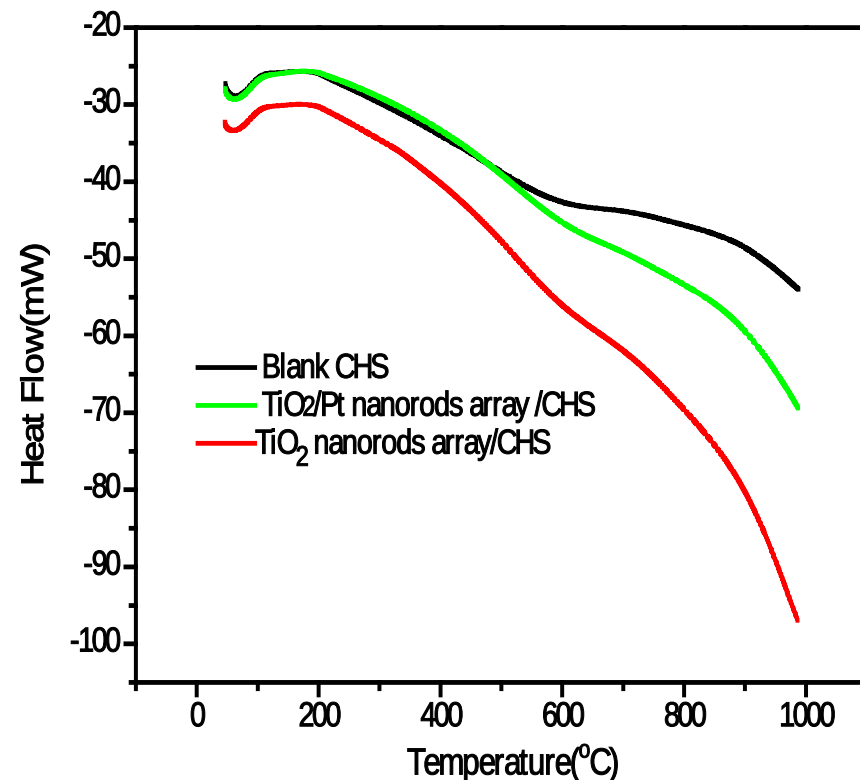
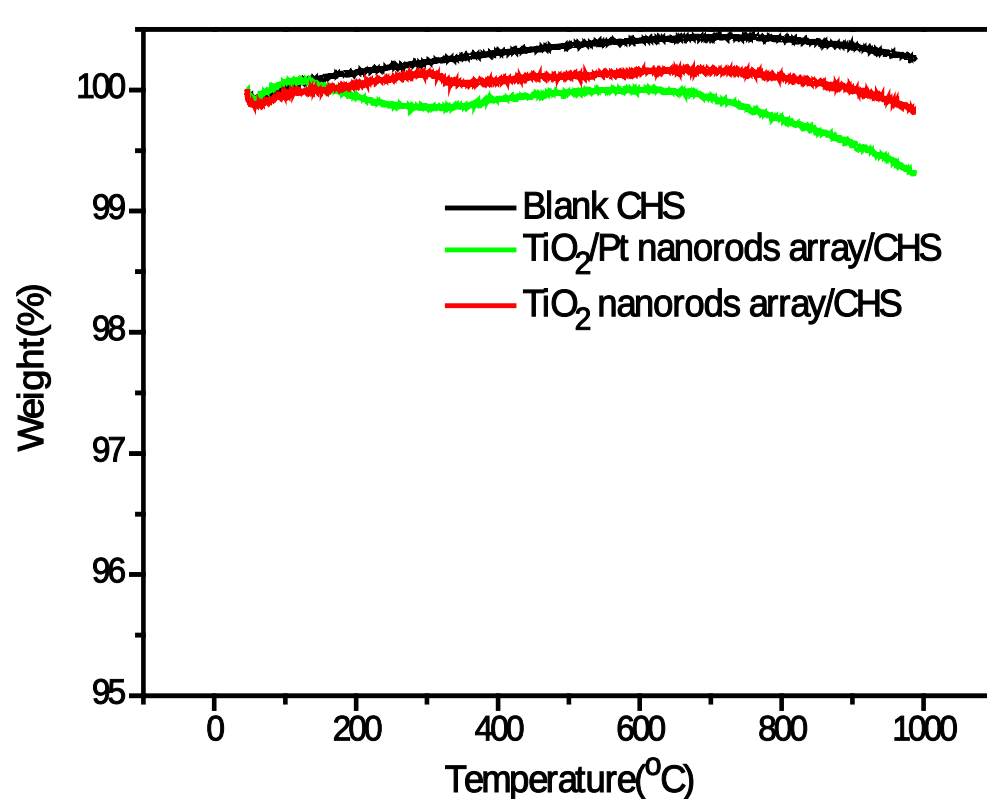
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Thermal stability of TiO₂ nanoarrays



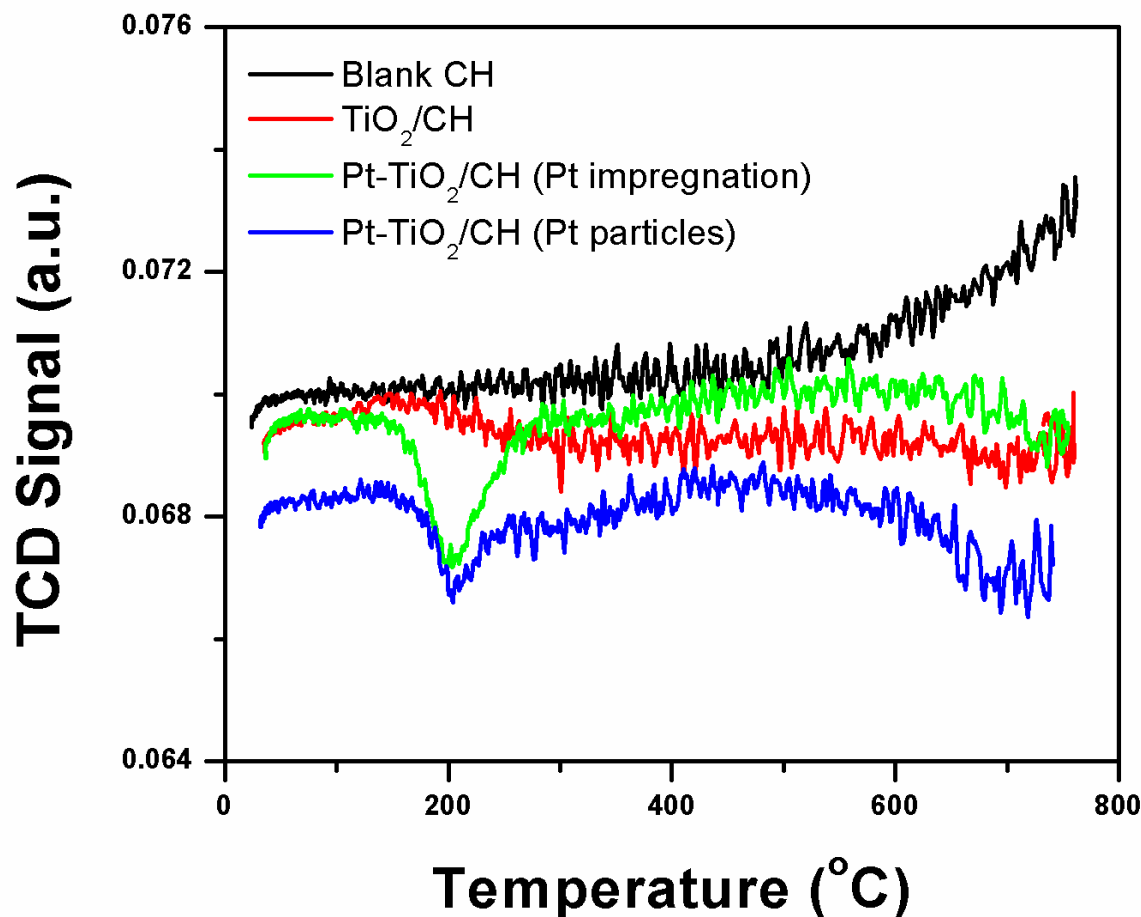
Thermal stability of TiO₂ nanorods array at 800°C for 24h

Thermal stability of TiO₂ nanoarrays under oxidative atmosphere



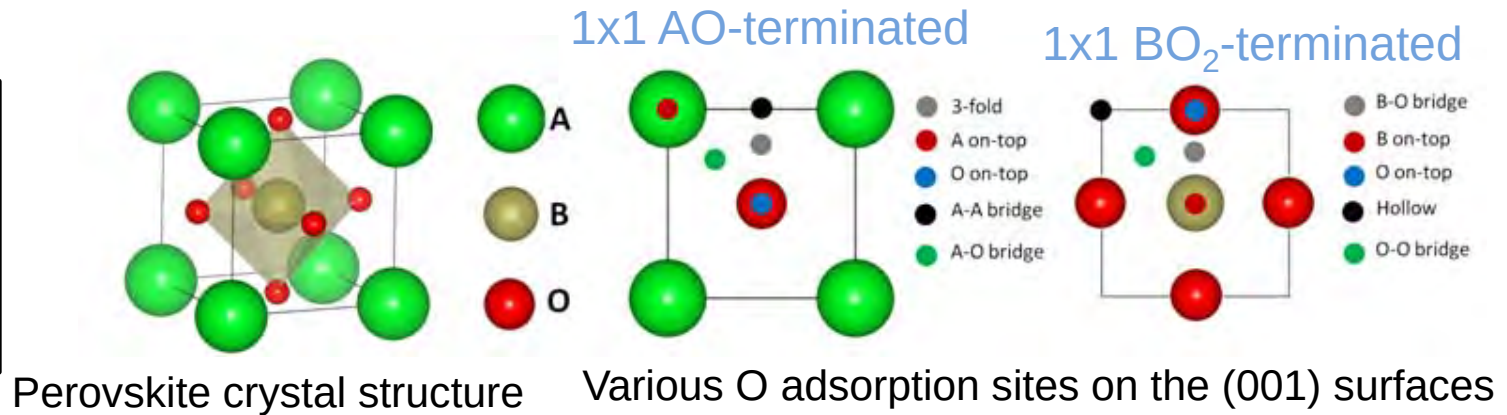
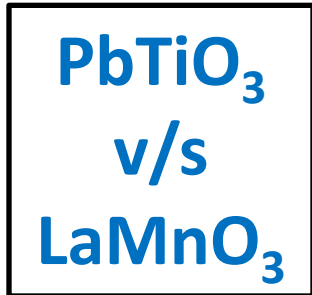
TGA and DSC of TiO₂ nanorods array on substrates

Thermal stability of TiO₂ nanoarrays under reductive atmosphere

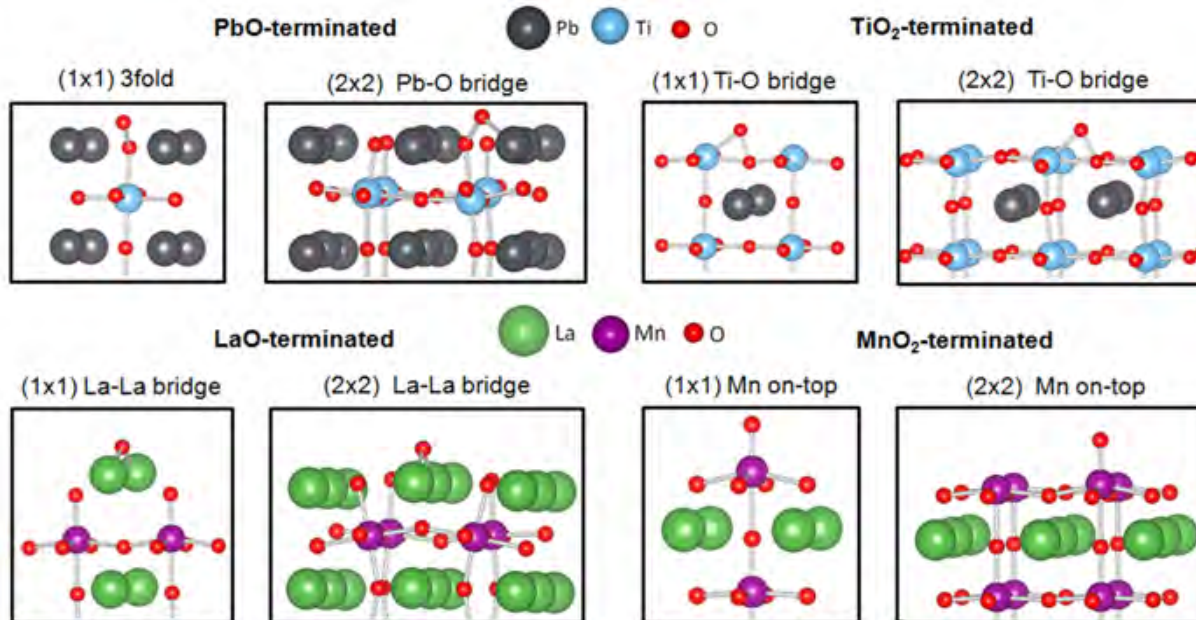


TPR-H₂ of Pt coated TiO₂ nanoarrays on substrates.

O ad-atoms on perovskites: Geometry, electronic structure and energetics

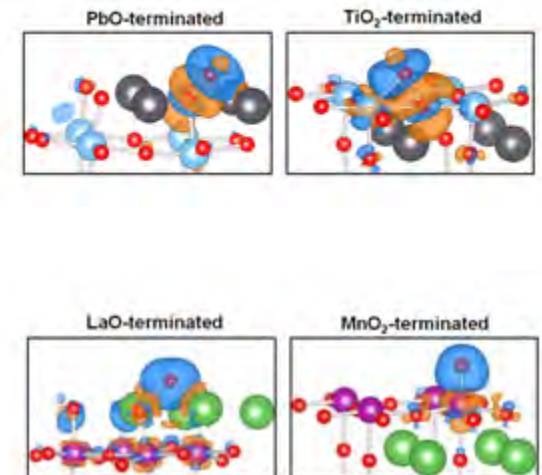


Relaxed geometry of O ad-atom covered surfaces



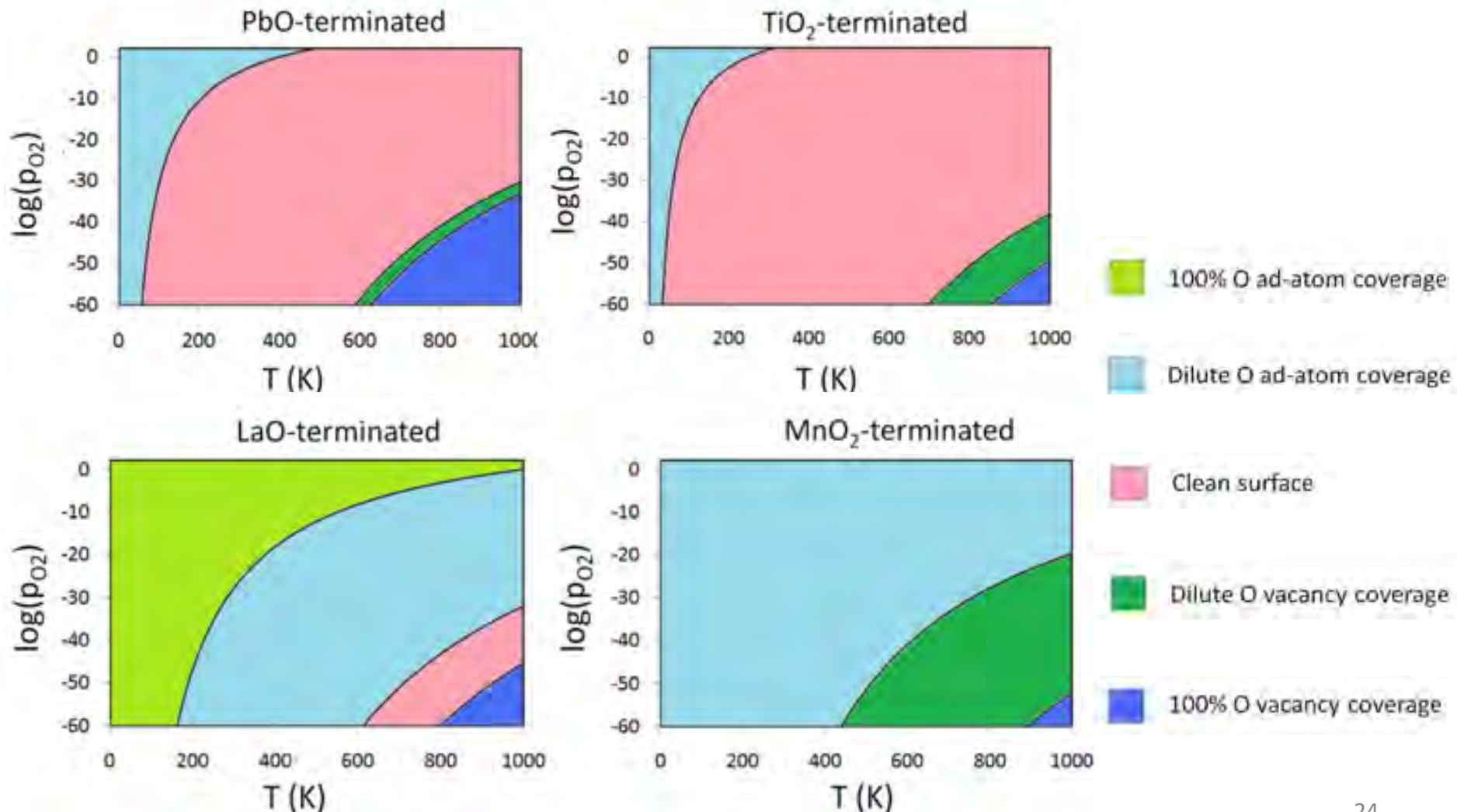
Difference electron density plots

$$[\Delta\rho = \rho_{\text{Oad}} - \rho_{\text{clean}} - \rho_{\text{O}}]$$



(p,T) surface phase diagrams:

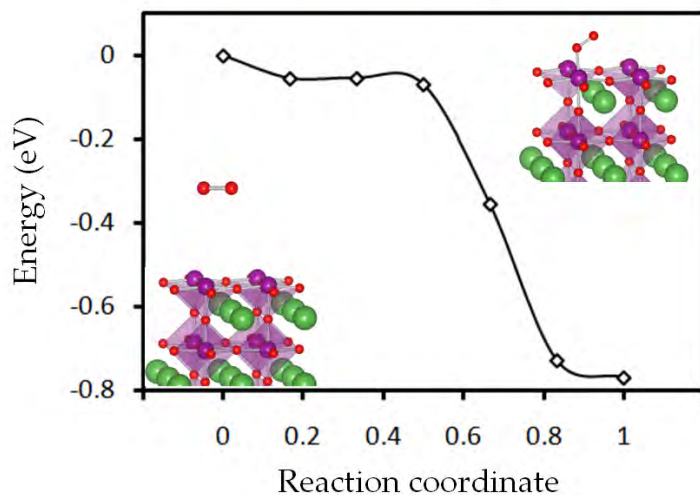
Thermodynamic stability of Clean and Oad atom
or vacancy covered surfaces



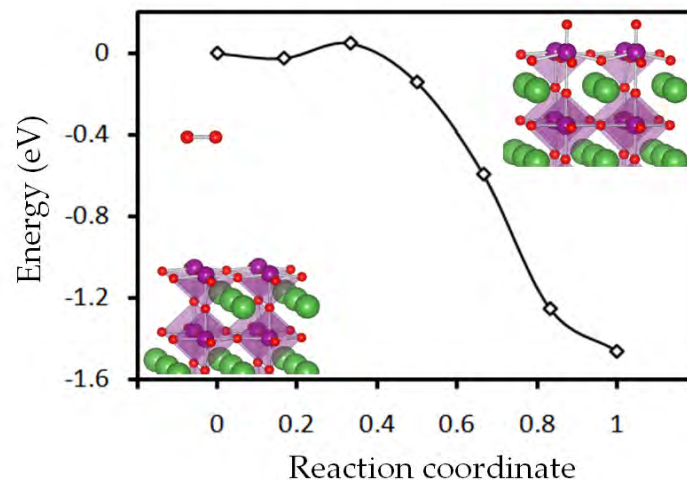
Based on DFT calculations within LDA approximation

Computed reaction barriers

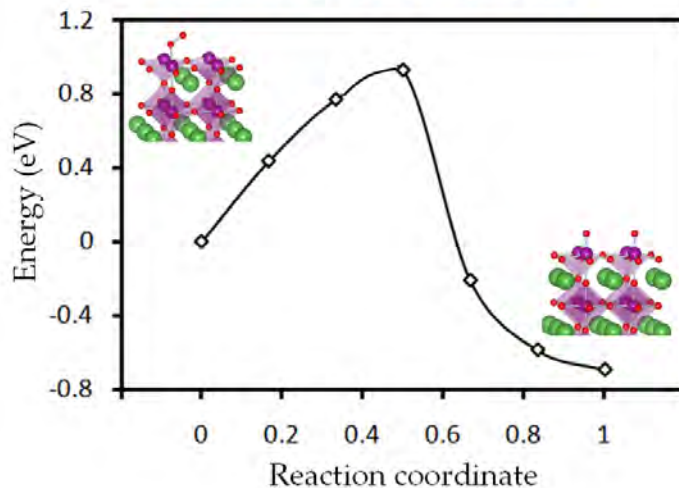
Molecular adsorption



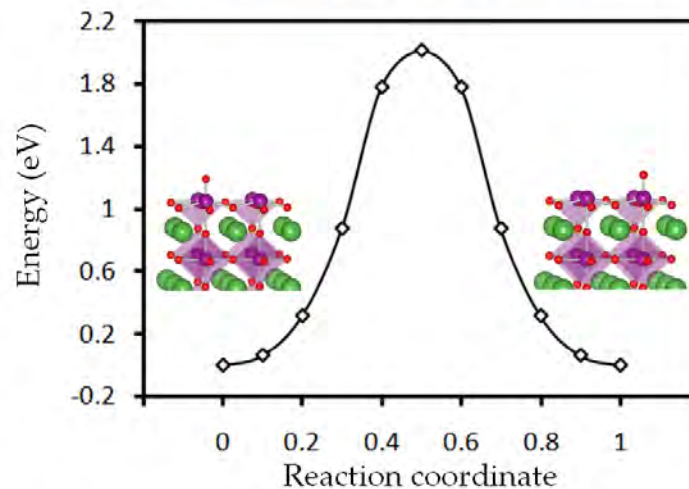
Dissociative adsorption



Surface Dissociation



Surface Diffusion



Collaborations

➤ Partners:

- Honda Research Institute (industry): collaboration on catalyst design and synthesis, emission control catalytic behavior testing;
- United Technologies (industry): collaboration on nanomaterials synthesis and surface analysis

Future work

- 1) Conduct systematical synthesis optimization of 3D composite nanowire arrays.
- 2) Continue the metal (oxide) loading/doping study on 3D composite nanowire arrays.
- 3) Evaluate the catalytic performance of 3D composite nanowire arrays on the NO_x storage and reduction performance.
- 4) Calculate reaction barriers for various elementary steps involved in the oxygen dynamics on the perovskite crystal surfaces associated with incorporation of NO_x interactions.

Acknowledgements

- Postdoc: Drs. Y. Guo, Z. Zhang, H. Gao, and G. Liu
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- Project officers: K. Howden, M. Ursic
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