

Super Truck Program: Vehicle Project Review

Recovery Act –Class 8 Truck Freight Efficiency Improvement Project

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Daimler Truck North America LLC

May 17th, 2012



Project ID: ARRAVT080



Timeline

- Project start: April 2010
- Project end: March 2015
- Percent complete: 40%

Budget

- Total project \$79,119,736
- Vehicle Budget \$47,486,735
 - DOE Share^(*) \$6,100,000
 - DTNA Share^(*) \$6,100,000

(*) through Feb, 2012 for vehicle R&D expenses only, engine R&D expenses reported separately

Barriers

- Resolve thermal & fluid dynamics tradeoffs between Aero & cooling
- Rejecting more heat in a smaller, aerodynamic hood & engine compartment
- Development of safe and efficient High Voltage power distribution, integrating multiple HV energy sources
- Making tradeoffs between efficiency, cost and weight
- Vehicle controls integration (Aux, Hybrid, Powertrain, Waste Heat, Predictive)

Partners

- Detroit Diesel
- Schneider National, Walmart
- National Renewable Energy Lab
- Oregon State University
- Strick Trailer
- Michelin
- ...



Objectives and Milestone

Develop and Demonstrate a 50% total increase in vehicle freight efficiency:

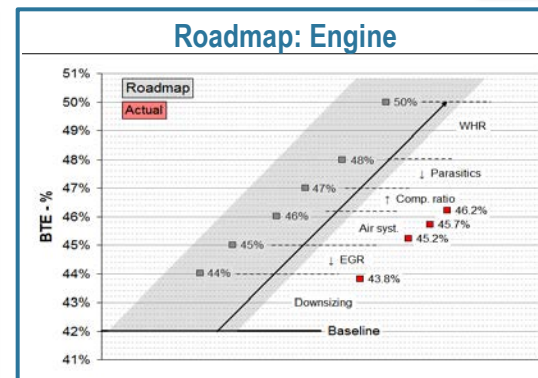
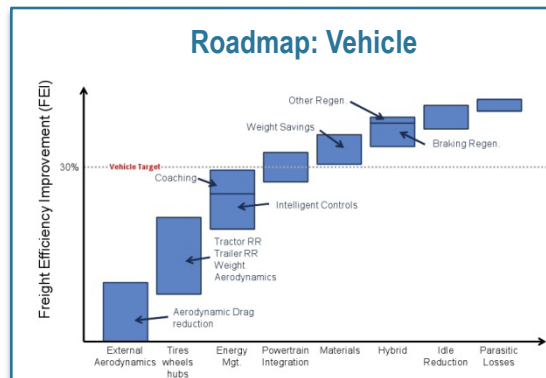
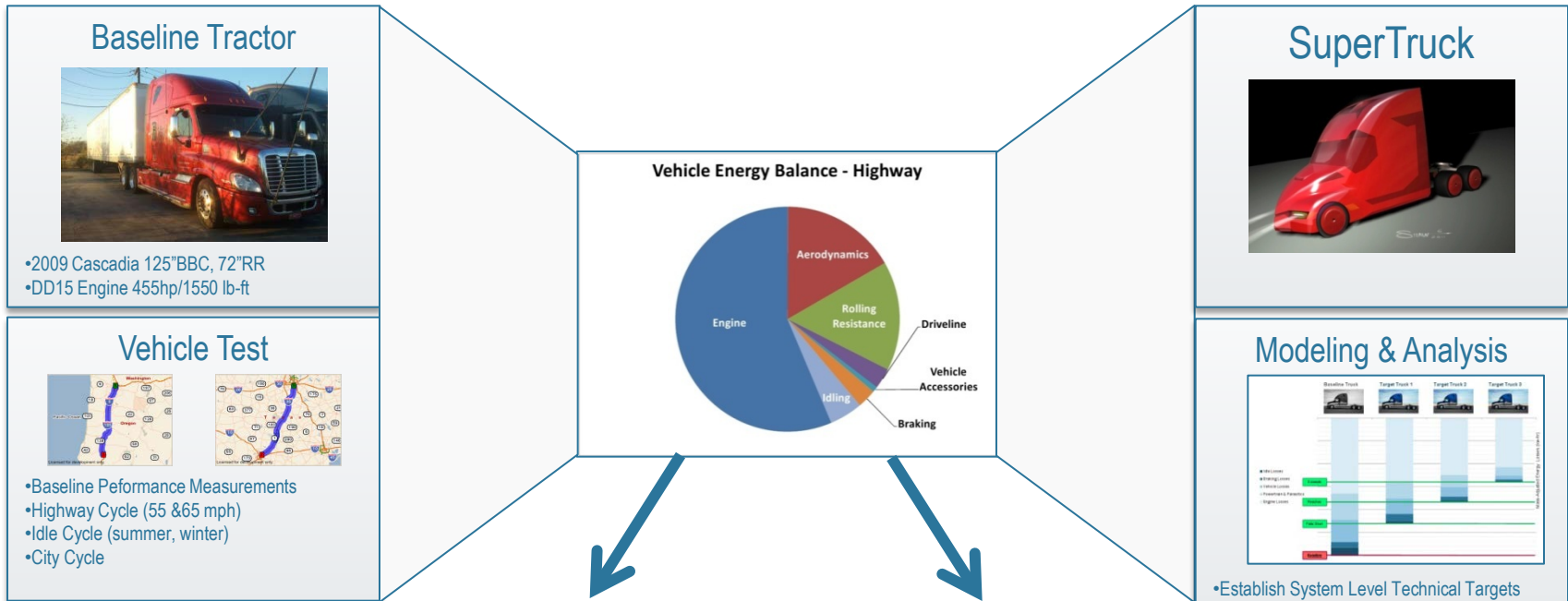
- At least 20% improvement through a heavy-duty diesel engine capable of achieving a 50% brake-thermal efficiency
- Identify key pathways towards achieving 55% through modeling and analysis

Timeline	Phase Description	Milestones
4/10–3/11	Analysis: <i>(1) Technology Modeling/Analysis and Initial Component Development and Demonstration</i>	Develop analytical roadmap: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50% vehicle freight efficiency improvement • 50% engine brake thermal efficiency
4/11–3/12	Specification: <i>(2) Experimental Demonstration of Technology Building Blocks for Intermediate Goals</i>	Experimentally demonstrate technology building blocks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 25% vehicle freight efficiency improvement (system level test) • 46% engine brake thermal efficiency
4/12–5/13	Design: <i>(3) Technology Identifications and Final Component Development and Demonstration</i>	Identify and initially develop technology building blocks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50% vehicle freight efficiency improvement (system level test & analysis) • 50% engine brake thermal efficiency
6/13–6/14	Build: <i>(4) Experimental Demonstration of Technology Building Blocks for 50% Engine Thermal Efficiency and 50% Vehicle Efficiency</i>	Experimentally demonstrate technology building blocks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50% vehicle freight efficiency improvement (system level test) • 50% engine brake thermal efficiency
7/14–3/15	Test: <i>(5) Final System Integration and Demonstration</i>	Experimental demonstration: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50% vehicle freight efficiency improvement (entire vehicle test) • 50% engine brake thermal efficiency (engine test) • 55% engine brake thermal efficiency (engine analysis)



Phase I Milestone Completed ✓

Analytical Roadmap Development to 50% Vehicle FEI & 50% Engine BTE

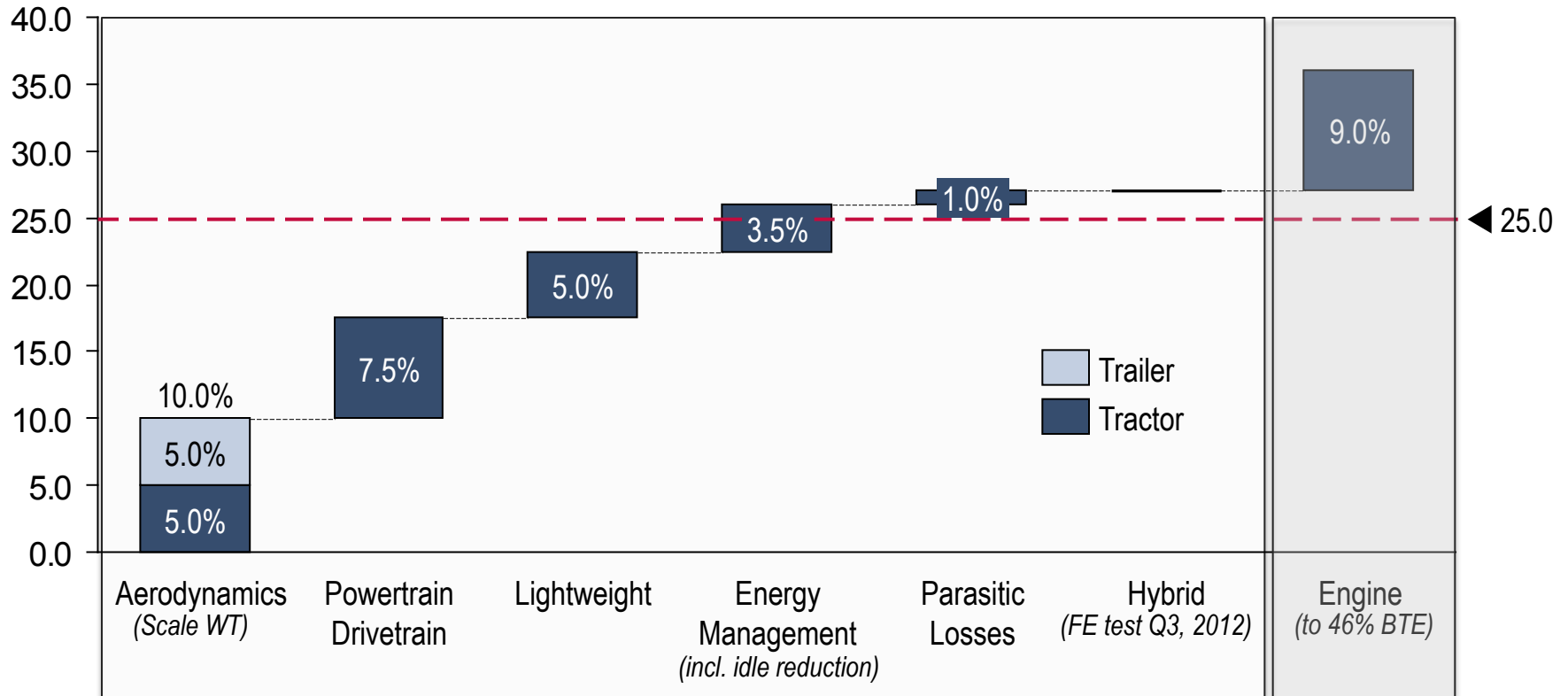




Phase 2 Milestone Status

Experimental testing to 25% vehicle freight efficiency

Freight Efficiency Improvement % - (system level measurements)





Experimental Tests Conducted on 'Tinker' Trucks



Anti-Idle
eHVAC
Cooling Package

HEV / Engine controls Integration

HV Power Distn.

eMotor Starter

SAE Hybrid Committee
Standards development for electrification of Powertrain and Accessories

Hybrid 'Tinker' Truck



Rear Axle Config/ Ratio

Direct Drive AMT w/ optimized shifting

Predictive Torque Mgt.

AccuSteer

Clutched Air Comp.

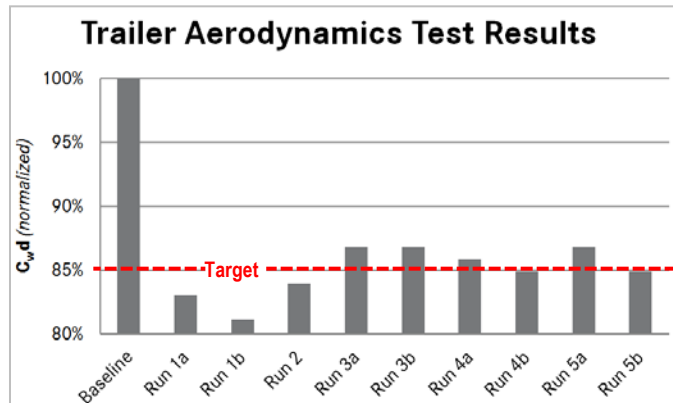
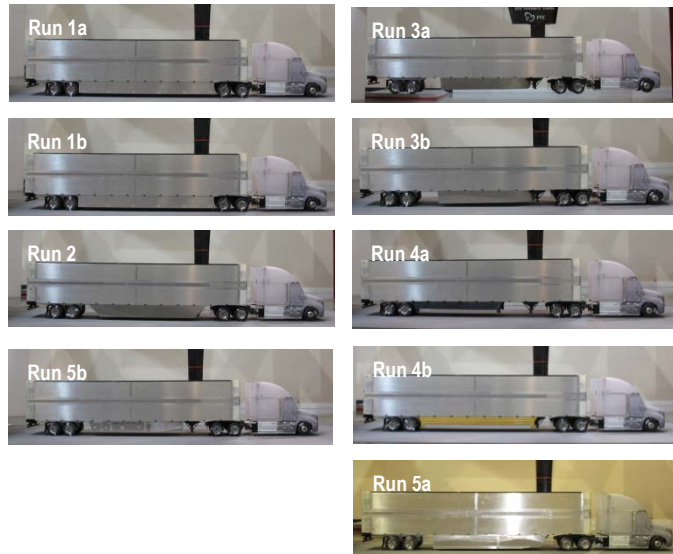
Electronic Air Control

Powertrain & Parasitics 'Tinker' Truck

External Aerodynamics

30% drag reduction target exceeded in CFD and Scale Wind Tunnel Tests

Trailer Aerodynamics



Tractor – Basic Shape Analysis

Computational Fluid Dynamics	Notional 1	Notional 3
Scale Wind Tunnel		
	15% reduction	15% reduction
ΔC_d Measured	15% reduction	15% reduction

CFD and Scale Wind Tunnel Testing

- Conducted steady state, closed grill simulation & testing
- Conducted transient, open grill simulation & testing
- Results correlate



Thermal Management / Cooling

Cooling concept developed to meet add'l heat rejection while maintaining aero.

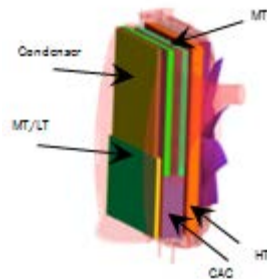
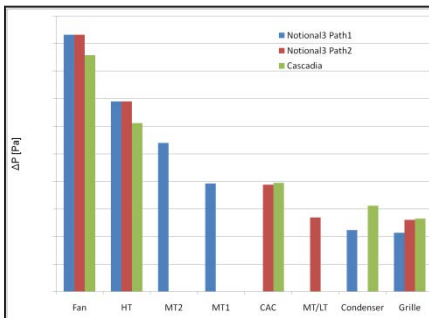
3D CFD Thermal Analysis



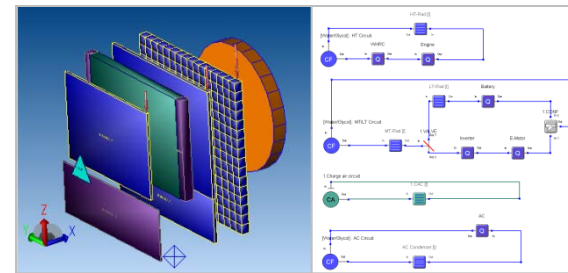
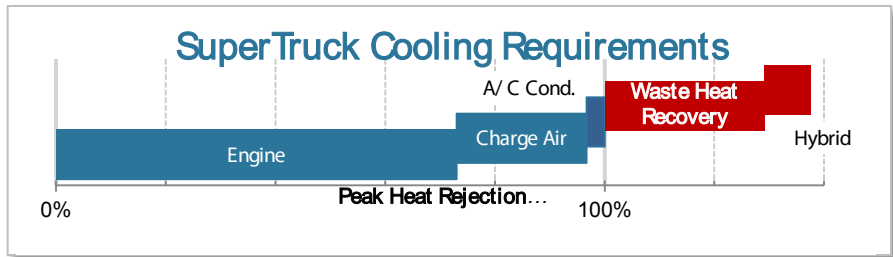
Analysis Study Complete

- WHR cooling circuit analysis
- Hybrid cooling circuit analysis
- Alternative layouts and packaging
- Cooling Performance analysis

Pressure Drop Analysis



1D Thermal Analysis



Load Sweep Analysis

INPUTS	1200 RPM 50% load	1200 RPM 60% load	1200 RPM 70% load	1200 RPM 80% load	1200 RPM 90% load	1200 RPM 95% load
Top Tank TD (HT) [K]	38.57	42.26	47.15	49.97	49.76	49.77
Outlet TD (MT) [K]	37.86	41.32	44.89	44.52	39.86	39.84
Outlet TD (LT) [K]	9.45	9.68	9.70	9.72	9.73	9.76
IMTD Charge Air [K]	8.13	8.98	9.94	11.16	12.86	14.98

Full Load Analysis

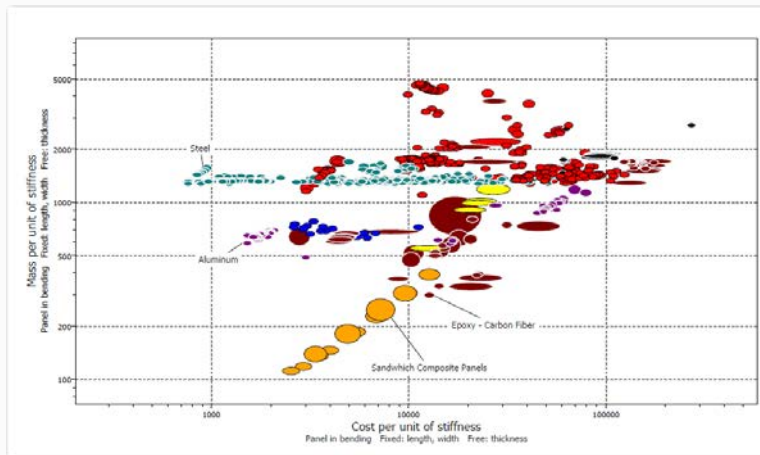
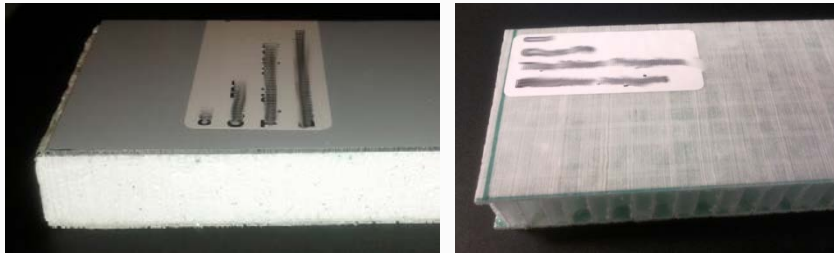
INPUTS	900 RPM 100% load	1000 RPM 100% load	1000 RPM 100% load	1200 RPM 100% load	1200 RPM 100% load	1200 RPM 100% load	1200 RPM 100% load
Top Tank TD (HT) [K]	50.66	51.24	51.23	50.86	52.27	50.70	50.57
Outlet TD (MT) [K]	39.79	39.61	39.42	39.02	32.69	32.76	32.69
Outlet TD (LT) [K]	7.52	6.82	6.87	6.86	6.56	6.47	6.37
IMTD Charge Air [K]	5.88	6.30	6.88	7.02	7.38	7.68	7.98

Lightweighting

Chassis analysis and tests to 4.5 – 5.8% FEI reduction, Cab analysis on-going

Cab Exterior

- Target floor, side/backwall, roof, hood systems
- Evaluate & test lightweight, low cost sandwich structures
 - Cores - foams, honeycomb
 - Faces – Al, FRP



Frame Rails

- Composite designed, installed & tested
- Low Cost Aluminum designed & installed

Next Steps

- Cross member development
- Complete Load-Optimized frame design in conjunction with lightweight suspension



Physical Test of Composite Rail – 1st Revision

Mechanical Property	Symbol	Day Cab Reqs.	Sleeper Cab Reqs.
→ Vertical Bending Stiffness	(EI_y)	Exceeds	Meets
Lateral Bending Stiffness	(EI_z)	Falls Between	Falls Between
Torsional Stiffness	(GJ_R)	Exceeds	Meets

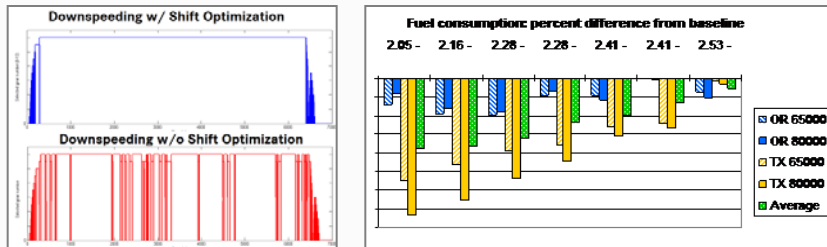
Powertrain Drivetrain Integration

7.5% FEI measured with further tests scheduled

Engine Downsizing

Modeling & Analysis

- Gear ratio Optimization on Transmission/Axle
- Shift strategy Optimization
- Gradeability / Startability

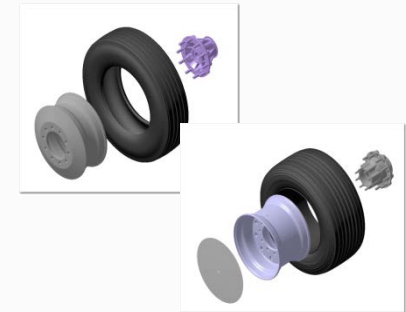


Testing

- Transmission/Axle Ratio Performance Q2, 2012

Tires/Wheels/Hubs

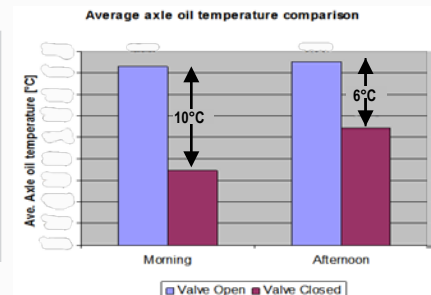
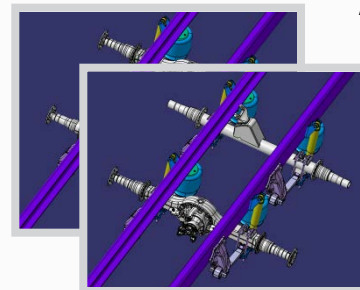
- Reduced Rolling Resistance
- Lightweight Wheels/Hubs
- Aero. Enhancements



Testing

- 1st Round of Testing Complete
- 2nd Round of Testing Q4, 2012

Axles



Axle Testing

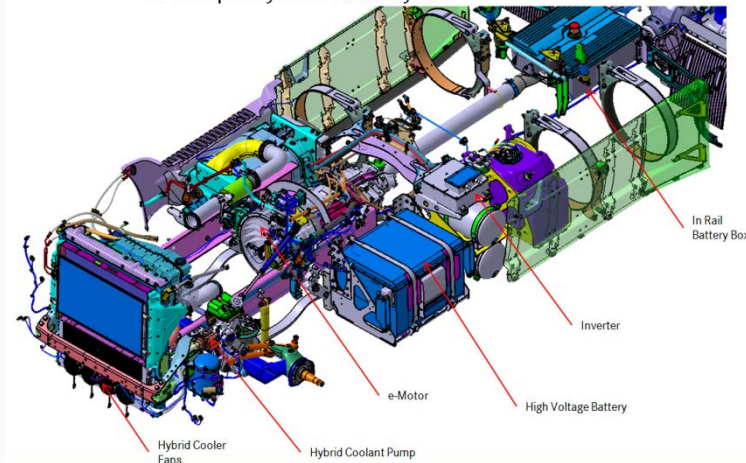
- Gear Oil Temperature Management
- Gear Oil Formulations
- Axle Configurations (traction enhanced 6x2)

Hybrid A-Sample

Analysis complete for sizing & performance, tests scheduled in Q3 2012

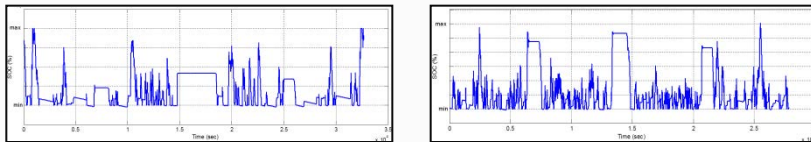
Digital Mockup

Cascadia HEV Component Location
A-Sample Hybrid Parts Layout



Modeling & Analysis

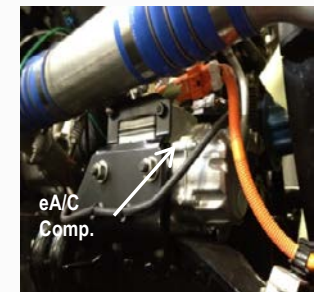
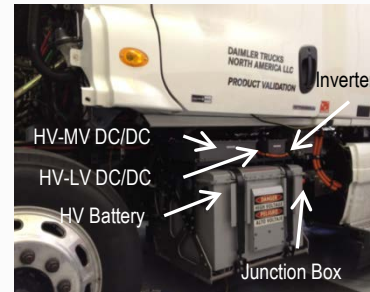
- Fuel Economy Estimation
- Component Sizing



(e.g. Battery SoC Analysis)

Hardware & Testing

- A-sample hardware installed
- Controls logic & EE integration (Hybrid + eHVAC)
- Functional testing on-going



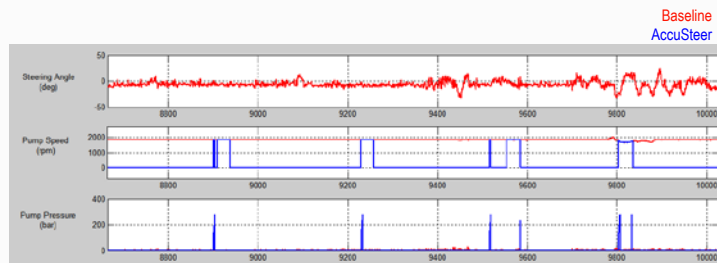
Vehicle Testing

- eHVAC Q1, 2012
- Highway /City FE test scheduled Q3, 2012

Parasitic Losses

Testing & Analysis show up to combined 1.5% FEI potential

Power Steering Closed Center Steering Gear (constant pressure, variable flow)



Modeling & Analysis Complete

- Performance Estimate
- Component sizing, controls developed
- Hardware procured
- Installation and Test scheduled for Q2, 2012

Air System

Clutched Air Compressor + Electronic Air Dryer



Air System Testing Complete

- Significant reduction in purge cycles
- Lower average compressor power

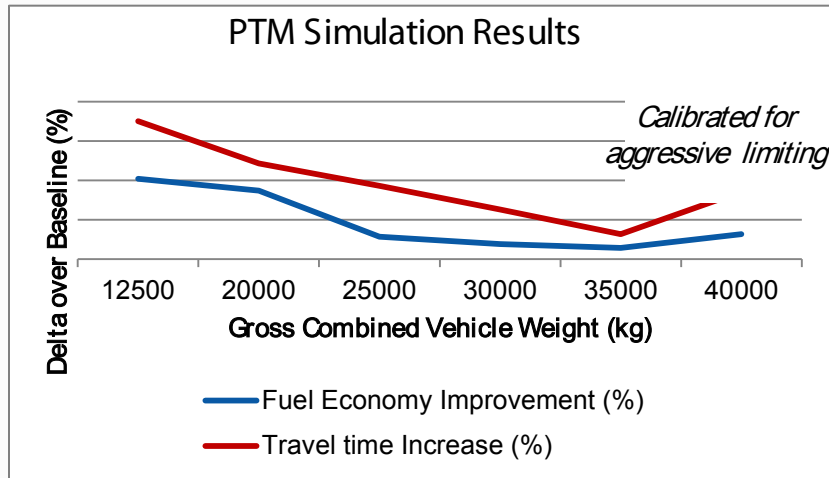




Energy Management

Predictive Torque Management

Limits torque based on vehicle mass and road grade to limit excessive accelerations, via J1939 TSC1



Vehicle Testing Complete ✓

- City Cycle route – up to 2.4% savings measured
- Customer Field Test: 5 tractors, 3 mo, >100,000 miles
- Driver Survey

Eco-Driver Feedback

Development Status

- A-Sample application complete, based on 4 criteria
- Fuel & Fleet Test Scheduled
- Customer field Test



Predictive Auxiliary Load Mgt.

Intelligently controls thermostatic valve, coolant pump & fan based on predictive engine load, and 3D Digital Maps.

Heated Thermostat



Variable Speed Pump

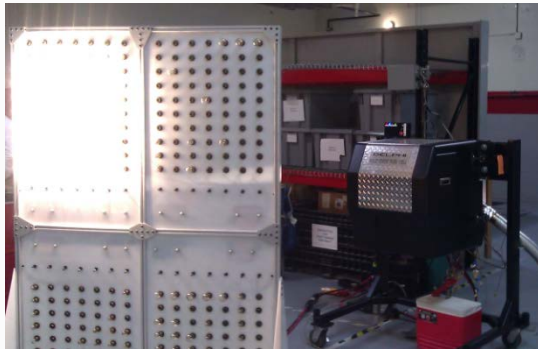
Development Status

- 2 state coolant Pump successfully tested
- Controls developed, hardware installed & functionally tested
- Fuel Economy Test for thermostat & full variable pump scheduled for Q2, 2012

Energy Management Anti-Idling

Completed testing indicates program on track to meet 4% FEI targets

DELPHI



Solid Oxide Fuel Cell Testing



- SOFC idle fuel consumption during overnight periods
- Power output sweep
- SOFC max power output for prolonged time periods
- Startup and shutdown measurements.

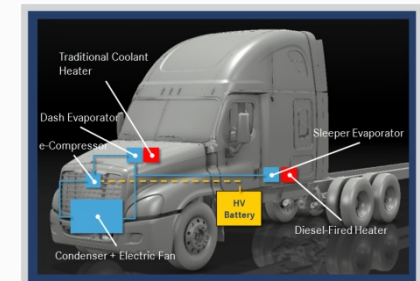


Cab Thermal Testing

- Thermal Soak
- Heat Transfer
- Thermal Imaging
- Air Exchange
- Insulation /Radiant Barrier

Hybrid & Parked eHVAC

- Controls development complete
 - e-fan
 - e-compressor
 - engine start/stop
- eHVAC Test scheduled end Q1, 2012





SuperTruck Partnerships and Collaborations



Department of Energy:

- Roland Gravel
- Gurpreet Singh
- Carl Maronde

Energy Management

Hybrid

Aero/Cooling

Lightweighting

Powertrain/Parasitics

Fleet

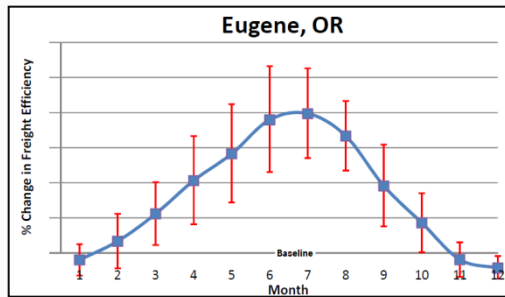
DAIMLER

Technical Backup Slides

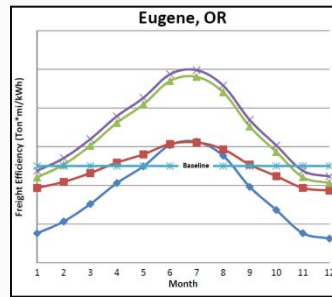


Energy Management

Solar



Irradiance & Temp Analysis



Solar Cell Comparison

Modeling & Analysis

- Freight Efficiency potential identified
- high-variability in performance

Vehicle Testing

- Scheduled Q2, 2012

Efficient Operations

Algorithm Development Complete

- Routing based on fuel consumption



Verification/Validation & Tests

- Simulation-Routing Verification work on-going
- Fleet Analysis, Q2 2012

Engine Summary and Future Work

- Engine has demonstrated 46.2% brake thermal efficiency
- Plans firmly in place for next level of performance improvement:
 - Higher compression ratio including new piston bowl and injector tip
 - Iterate SCR design for lower pressure drop
 - Reduced engine parasitics
 - Continue controls development and refinement
 - Waste heat regeneration development
 - Expander and generator
 - Add EGR waste heat recovery
 - Integrate onto vehicle

