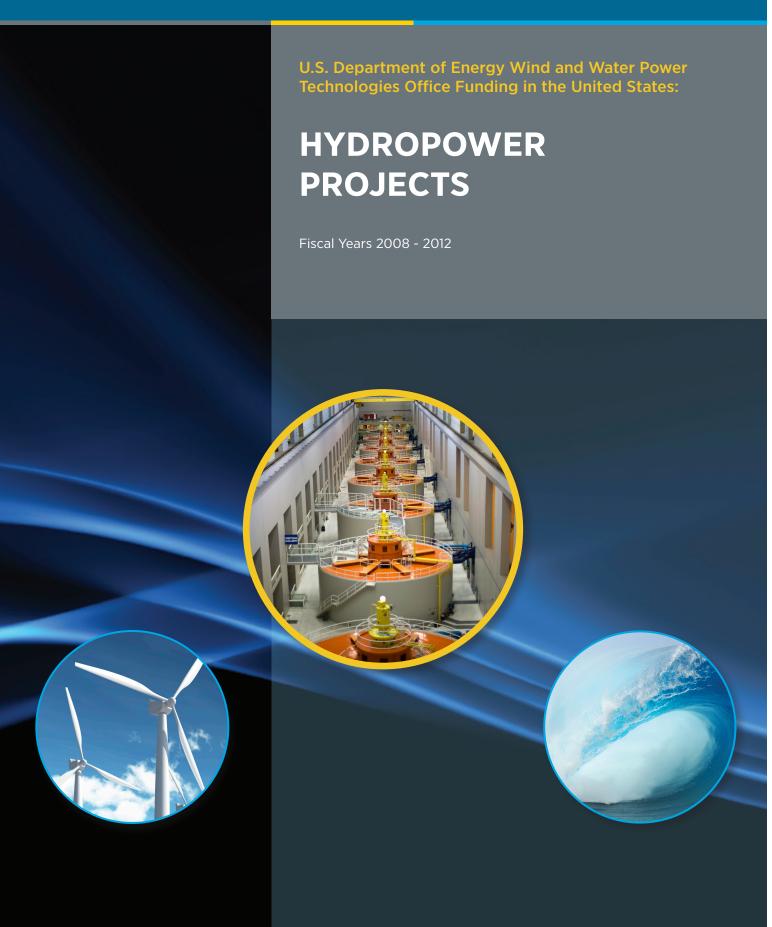
WIND AND WATER POWER TECHNOLOGIES OFFICE





Hydropower Projects



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Introduction

Wind and Water Power Technologies Office

The Wind and Water Power Technologies Office (WWPTO), within the U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE's) Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE), supports the development, deployment, and commercialization of wind and water power technologies. WWPTO works with a variety of stakeholders to identify and support research and development (R&D) efforts that improve technology performance, lower costs, and—ultimately—deploy technologies that efficiently capture the abundant wind and water energy resources in the United States. WWPTO is one office that contains two distinct focus programs: wind and water. The Wind Program and the Water Power Program operate as integrated, but separate entities within WWPTO.

From Fiscal Year (FY) 2008 to FY 2012, WWPTO provided R&D funding across eight broad areas:

- 1. Hydropower Projects
- 2. Marine and Hydrokinetic Projects
- 3. Offshore Wind Projects
- 4. Wind Turbine Projects
- 5. Wind Integration Projects
- 6. Environmental Impacts of Wind Projects
- 7. Wind Market Acceptance Projects
- 8. Wind Workforce Development Projects.

The breakdown of WWPTO funding is presented in a series of reports that showcase the projects funded in each of the eight above-mentioned areas.

Hydropower

Moving water is a powerful source of energy that is harnessed to provide clean, fast, and flexible electricity generation. Hydropower is currently the largest source of renewable electricity world-wide and represents a reliable and domestic resource that can power millions of American homes and businesses. Hydroelectric energy has been used in the United States since the 1880s and currently produces 6-7% of the nation's total electricity.¹ DOE estimates that the United States possesses significant additional hydroelectric generating capacity, both at existing dams and in man-made waterways.

The Water Power Program helps industry harness this renewable, emissions-free resource to generate environmentally sustainable and cost-effective electricity. Through support for public, private, and nonprofit efforts, the Water Power Program promotes the development, demonstration, and deployment of advanced hydropower devices and pumped storage hydropower applications. These technologies help capture energy stored by diversionary structures, increase the efficiency of hydroelectric generation, and use excess grid energy to replenish storage reserves for use during periods of peak electricity demand. In addition, the Water Power Program works to assess the potential extractable energy from domestic water resources to assist industry and government in planning for our nation's energy future. From FY 2008 to FY 2012, DOE's Water Power Program announced awards totaling nearly \$60 million to 30 projects focused on hydropower. Table 1 provides a brief description of these projects.

There are three sources of funding for WWPTO hydropower projects covered in this report: Congressional Appropriations for Funding Opportunity Announcements (FOAs), Congressionally Directed Projects (CDPs), and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Recovery Act).

The Water Power Program has rapidly expanded since it was established in 2008. From Fiscal Year (FY) 2008 to FY 2012, congress increased the Water Power Program budget from nearly \$10 million in FY 2008 to \$59 million in FY 2012

Types of Funding Sources

WWPTO's research and development (R&D) projects are financed through two primary sources of funding: Congressional Appropriations and Congressionally Directed Projects (CDPs). Congressional Appropriations determine the operating budgets for each EERE program. WWPTO-funded R&D projects are typically awarded to recipients as grants through competitive Funding Opportunity Announcements (FOAs) that are dedicated to specific topic areas. CDPs are also funded by Congress, but are outside of the annual federal budget process. Frequently, there is a cost-share requirement for recipients of both competitive FOA grants and CDPs.

In addition to these two primary funding sources, WWPTO may be financed directly through specific legislation passed by Congress. In FY 2009, for example, Congress passed the American Recovery and

Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Recovery Act). A portion of Recovery Act funding was dedicated to WWPTO's R&D projects.

WWPTO also funds research projects at DOE's national laboratories through the laboratories' annual operating plans. This funding is not detailed in this report. However, a national laboratory may be a lead or a partner on a competitively awarded project covered in this report. In these cases, the national laboratory is identified as the lead or partner in the appropriate project descriptions.

The Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) program, in DOE's Office of Science, provides competitive awards-based funding for domestic small businesses engaging in research and development (R&D) of innovative technology. SBIR has funded hydropower R&D projects; however, these projects are not covered in this report.

Table 1: FY 2008 - FY 2012 Hydropower Project Descriptions^a

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Advanced Energy	Hydropower From Wastewater	\$475,750	FY 2009 CDP	New York
Conversion, LLC				

Project Description

Advanced Energy Conversion, LLC (AEC) is designing a turbine that captures the kinetic energy of processed wastewater to generate electricity. Since electricity is often one of the largest operating costs at a wastewater treatment plant, generating on-site electricity at wastewater treatment plants has the potential to reduce energy costs. AEC has patented National Aeronautics and Space Administration award-winning technology that it will utilize to develop an integrated hydroelectric turbine generator to convert kinetic energy in an effluent stream (or any other low-pressure flow) into electricity. The turbine technology is expected to help reduce energy costs associated with wastewater treatment by generating onsite renewable electricity. The project examines the turbine design in both small facilities that process less than 1 million gallons of water per day and large facilities that process more than 75 million gallons of water per day.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Alabama Power Company	Upgrades to Alabama Power Hydroelectric Developments		Recovery Act Hydroelectric Facility Modernization FOA	Alabama
D 1 1 D 1 11				

Project Description

Alabama Power Company is upgrading four units at three of its hydropower facilities located on the Coosa River System. The four-unit upgrades include the installation of high-efficiency turbines to increase the efficiency and reliability of the individual units and the Coosa River System as a whole. The Coosa upgrades will provide additional low-cost renewable energy generation to meet demand and are expected to increase annual generation by 7.3%. In addition, the new units will reduce fish injury and turbine mortality, while increasing reliability and reducing maintenance costs.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Alcoa, Inc.	Tapoco Project: Cheoah Upgrade	\$12,950,000	Recovery Act	North Carolina
			Hydroelectric Facility	
			Modernization FOA	

Project Description

Alcoa Power Generating Incorporated, a fully owned subsidiary of Alcoa Incorporated, is implementing major upgrades at its Cheoah hydroelectric facility near Robbinsville, North Carolina. The planned upgrades include the installation of two new high-efficiency turbines, generators, and transformers, as well as improvements to the balance of plant equipment and preparation work for the installation of two additional units. The proposed two-year project is expected to increase site-wide generation by 47,200 megawatt-hours (MWh) annually. Completion of the full four-unit modification is expected to result in a 28% increase in generating capacity—from 88 megawatts (MW) to 110 MW—and add 40 to 50 years to the facility's expected lifespan without requiring modifications to the dam.

^a DOE Funding Amounts identified in this table reflect the total DOE funding planned for award to each project for the total period of project performance that may span multiple years. DOE Funding Amounts shown in this table may be subject to change.

Table 1: FY 2008 - FY 2012 Hydropower Project Descriptions^a

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Laboratory (operated by	Modeling and Analysis of Value of Advanced Pumped Storage Hydropower in the U.S.	\$1,875,000	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Illinois

Project Description

Argonne National Laboratory, in partnership with Siemens Energy, MWH Americas, Energy Exemplar, and National Renewable Energy Laboratory, is conducting a study to analyze the value of advanced pumped storage technologies in the United States. The project includes development of detailed dynamic simulation models of advanced pumped storage technologies, such as adjustable speed and ternary unit arrangements. Modeling and simulation studies will be conducted to quantify various energy and capacity services that can be provided by pumped storage plants to the power system, as well as to estimate the value of these services under different market structures and for different levels of variable renewable generation in the system.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
City of Boulder	Modernization of the Boulder Canyon Hydroelectric Project	\$1,180,000	Recovery Act Hydroelectric Facility Modernization FOA	Colorado

Project Description

The City of Boulder in Colorado is modernizing the 100-year-old Boulder Canyon Hydroelectric Project, originally constructed in 1910. With significant redirection of the historic water flow to meet the city's current municipal and minimum instream flow uses, the two existing 10 MW Boulder Canyon Hydroelectric turbines/generators are too large to operate efficiently and are at the end of their useful lifetime. With this funding, the city will install a single new turbine/generator unit that is appropriately sized (approximately 5 MW) for the available water flow. This unit is expected increase generation by as much as 30% and turbine efficiency by 18 to 48%, depending on flow. Over its 50-year life, the new unit is expected to generate approximately 500,000 MWh that would not otherwise be produced. The project will increase generation and efficiency; improve safety for personnel and equipment; improve environmental protection; modernize and integrate control equipment into the city's municipal water supply system; preserve significant historic engineering data; and contribute to economic recovery through the creation or preservation of 10 full-time jobs for one year.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
City of North Little Rock	Hydroelectric Facility Improvement Automated Intake Clearing Equipment and Materials Management	\$450,000	Recovery Act Hydroelectric Facility Modernization FOA	Arkansas

Project Description

The City of North Little Rock in Arkansas is upgrading a hydroelectric generation facility located at the Murray Hydroelectric plant on the Arkansas River. Currently, the facility experiences significant costs to collect debris that obstructs the intake on a regular basis and limits plant operation. The project will acquire and implement automated industrial equipment, including an intake maintenance device and wood grinder. The intake maintenance device will improve the plant's flow characteristics by continuously clearing the intake channel of the often heavy volume of debris that comes downstream. The wood grinder will receive the tree limbs, tree trunks, and other organic debris removed by the intake maintenance device, minimizing the current need for burning debris, and thus reducing air pollution.

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Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
City of Pleasant Grove	Project Blue Energy	\$337,936	FY 2010 CDP	Utah

Project Description

The City of Pleasant Grove in Utah will utilize existing municipal infrastructure and resources to generate power. Project Blue Energy will be positioned at the mouth of Battle Creek Canyon where the city's potable water supply is stored and distributed, providing a secure location with a continuous water source at a suitable pressure for hydropower generation. The project aims to provide a facility to be used for the generation of micro-hydropower with access and exhibits available to students at local universities, municipalities, agencies, and the general public for micro-hydropower generation research. The City of Pleasant Grove will demonstrate the value of harnessing clean and renewable energy sources through the use of innovative micro-hydropower generation.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
City of Quincy	Quincy Area Hydropower Project	\$475,750	FY 2009 CDP	Illinois
Project Possibility				

Project Description

The City of Quincy in Illinois is conducting feasibility studies to assess the viability of developing hydropower generation facilities by installing new Very Low Head (VLH) hydropower technology turbines within existing lock and dams on the upper Mississippi River near Quincy, Illinois. Based on initial studies in France, the VLH units meet all "fish-friendly" criteria, exceeding current U.S. technology. Upon completion of the project, the energy generated is expected to exceed the amount of electricity currently consumed by the city's facilities, water, wastewater, and street lighting. Excess capacity will be sold on the grid to provide the city with additional revenue. If the funded studies prove VLH is feasible at the suggested sites, the City of Quincy could be the first VLH installation in the United States.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
City of Tacoma	North Fork Skokomish Powerhouse at Cushman No. 2 Dam	\$4,671,304	Recovery Act Hydroelectric Facility Modernization FOA	Washington

Project Description

The City of Tacoma Department of Public Utilities in Washington is installing two Francis turbine/generator units adding approximately 3.6 MW of annual electrical generation, increasing annual generation by 14%. The project is located at an existing dam, Cushman No. 2, which is part of the Cushman Hydroelectric Project owned by Tacoma Power. The installation of the new powerhouse will generate additional clean, renewable energy using currently diverted, but unutilized water flow. Because fish passage has been blocked since the construction of the two Cushman dams in the late 1920s, the project will develop an innovative fish collection and passage system that supports the reintroduction of Washington's endangered steelhead and salmon populations upstream of the Cushman Hydroelectric Project.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Earth by Design	45 Mile Hydroelectric Project	\$1,500,000	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Oregon

Project Description

Earth by Design will develop and test a new low-head modular hydropower technology in a canal in Oregon's North Unit Irrigation District to produce cost-competitive electricity.

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				Project Location
Institute Turbine Deployn	riendly" Hydropower Development & ment: Phase II Preliminary ering & Model Testing	\$1,113,361	Advanced Water Power FOA	California

Project Description

Electric Power Research Institute is completing the remaining developmental engineering required for a new hydropower turbine concept. A key aspect that differentiates the new turbine and advanced runner from existing turbines is the technology's "fish-friendly" design. Upon completion of the project, Electric Power Research Institute will possess a robust, fish-friendly design that is ready for field demonstration and is commercially viable.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Electric Power Research Institute	Quantifying the Full Value of Hydropower in the Transmission Grid	\$2,577,975	Advanced Water Power FOA	Tennessee

Project Description

Electric Power Research Institute, in partnership with Oak Ridge National Laboratory and Sandia National Laboratories, is developing and demonstrating an innovative approach for quantifying and maximizing the benefits provided by hydroelectric and pumped storage projects to transmission grids. The project will establish a wide-area modeling approach, build a database, and develop and simulate scenarios in support of defining a new methodology for planning and applying hydropower assets to support the integration of variable renewables to the transmission grid.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Electric Power Research Institute	Deployment and Testing of the Alden Hydropower Fish-Friendly	\$1,500,000	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	California

Project Description

Electric Power Research Institute will help deploy and test the Alden fish-friendly turbine to generate electricity while allowing safe fish passage. The project proposes a three-year installation and test plan to verify model test data and fish survival predictions.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location	
Hydro Green Energy	Laboratory Demonstration of a New American Low-Head Hydropower Turbine	\$300,000	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Illinois	
Duciest Description					

Project Description

Hydro Green Energy will design, build, test and validate a stackable, modular low-head hydropower turbine that can be used for water projects such as existing locks and dams that aren't currently equipped to produce hydropower.

Project	t Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Hydro (Green Energy	Real World Demonstration of a New American Low-Head Unit	\$1,500,000	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Pennsylvania

Project Description

Hydro Green Energy will further develop, install and evaluate the stackable low-head modular hydropower turbines at a constructed waterway in Braddock, Pennsylvania.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Hydro Research	Hydro Fellowship Program	\$3,747,025	Advanced Water Power	muti-state
Foundation			FOA	

Project Description

Hydro Research Foundation is establishing a competitive Hydro Fellowship Program designed to stimulate new student and academic interest in conventional or pumped-storage hydropower research and careers. The Hydro Fellowship Program expects to award fellowships to approximately 40 graduate- and doctoral-level students for two-year periods of study in the fields of hydropower-related engineering and environmental sciences. The fellowship is open to students across the nation.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Los Alamos County	Installation of a Low-Flow Unit at the Abiquiu Hydroelectric Facility	\$4,558,344	Recovery Act Hydroelectric Facility Modernization FOA	New Mexico

Project Description

The County of Los Alamos Department of Public Utilities (DPU) owns and operates the Abiquiu Hydroelectric Plant located in Rio Arriba County, New Mexico. DPU is constructing a powerhouse addition and installing a new 3 MW low-flow turbine generator to the existing hydroelectric plant. The project is expected to increase total plant power generation by 22% from 13.8 MW to 16.8 MW. The addition of this equipment will allow for year-round generation of power during the Rio Chama low-flow winter season, as well as increased power generation throughout the remainder of the year. The project is one aspect of Los Alamos County's commitment to sustainable public utility systems (electric, water, gas, and wastewater) through its Los Alamos Green utilities initiative and resource conservation programs.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Minnesota Power	Fond du Lac Hydroelectric Facility Modernization	\$815,995	Recovery Act Hydroelectric Facility Modernization FOA	Minnesota
Duningt Description				

Project Description

Minnesota Power is upgrading a 12 MW turbine/generator unit at the Fond du Lac hydroelectric facility, constructed in 1924. The project will return the existing hydroelectric generator to its original nameplate capacity by overhauling the unit to increase annual generation by 3,000 MWh from current operation. Replacement of. the original cast iron runner and wicket gates with a new state-of-the-art steel runner and steel gates is estimated to improve annual generation by an additional 3,000 MWh based on 10-year averaged data for a total of 6,000 MWh or 12% increase in annual generation over the present.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Natel Energy	Development and Endurance Testing of SLH Timing Belt Powertrain in Hydraulic Laboratory Environment	\$300,000	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	California
	2			

Project Description

Natel Energy will develop and evaluate a new type of powertrain to help decrease the cost of energy for the Schneider Linear hydroEngine through lower capital and maintenance costs.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location		
Natel Energy	North Unit Irrigation District Monroe Drop Low-Head Hydropower Technology Demonstration	\$746,042	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Oregon		

Project Description

Natel Energy will deploy and test a scaled-up version of the modular Schneider Linear hydroEngine at a Bureau of Reclamation facility in Oregon, validating the commercial performance and economic feasibility of the device in low-head constructed waterway. This project is also funded by the Department of the Interior.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Near Space Systems	Small Hydropower Research and Development Technology Project	\$300,000	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Colorado

Project Description

Near Space Systems will develop modular designs for new innovative hydropower turbines to harness energy from outlet pipes, incorporating a novel generator design.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
New Mexico State University	Scalable Low-Head Axial-Type Venturi-Flow Energy Scavenger	\$299,312	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	New Mexico

Project Description

New Mexico State University will design, build, test, and validate a device to harvest the energy from low-head dams and drops in waterways.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (operated by Battelle)	Sensor Fish Re-design to Support Advance Hydropower Development	\$299,906	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Washington

Project Description

Pacific Northwest National Laboratory is redesigning the sensor fish to accommodate a wide range of users and provide critical in situ measurements over the majority of the range of turbine designs. It will directly support the development of hydropower technologies that feature enhanced environmental performance designs to increase electricity generation, while reducing fish and habitat impacts, and improving downstream water quality.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Pennsylvania State University	DOE/PSU Graduate Student Fellowship Program for Hydropower Research	\$3,000,000	Advanced Water Power FOA	Pennsylvania

Project Description

The Pennsylvania State University (PSU) and American Hydro Corporation (AHC) are establishing a competitive DOE/PSU Fellowship Program to support graduate student research directly related to the hydropower industry. Fellows in the program will receive a highly competitive stipend package and a faculty mentor/advisor that can help identify and support the fellow's pertinent and challenging area of hydropower research. PSU faculty and representatives from AHC, DOE, and an electric utility company will review fellowship applications and expect to award a minimum of approximately 10 fellows with approximately \$100,000 per year per project. The program will provide the hydropower industry with new research and hydropower experts that can support the development of a more efficient use of our nation's hydroelectric power facilities, thereby reducing air pollution and greenhouse gas emissions.

Percheron Power Low Head Hydro in Engineered Drops of the Columbia Basin Project S1,495,427 Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA Washington Development FOA	Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
	Percheron Power	Drops of the Columbia Basin	\$1,495,427	Technology	Washington

Project Description

Percheron Power will install the nation's first Archimedes Hydrodynamic Screw hydropower system in Washington's Potholes East Canal for evaluation. The system may eventually be deployed at low-head sites throughout the Columbia Basin Project and in other man-made waterways. This project is also funded by the Department of the Interior.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Regents of the University of Minnesota	Turbine Aeration Physical Modeling and Software Design	\$250,000	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Minnesota
Project Description				

This project will develop a modeling tool to advance the development and implementation of aerating turbines at hydropower facilities to improve water quality. The project will combine a physical test bed with new analytical models for investigating how hydropower turbine blade shape and operation affect oxygen transfer and aeration.

Sacramento Municipal Utility DistrictConstruction Support for New Slab Creek Power House Project\$1,494,750Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
			\$1,494,750	Technology	California

Project Description

Sacramento Municipal Utility District will develop a new small powerhouse to utilize the increased environmental flows at Slab Creek reservoir in California, using a novel siting approach. The project will demonstrate how two smaller units can generate more electricity than one larger unit.

Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
Sacramento Municipal Utility District	Iowa Hill Pumped Storage Development	\$4,961,138	Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	California

Project Description

This project will reduce risk and subsequent costs by conducting geotechnical investigations of the mountain where the lowa Hill Pumped Storage project's water conveyance and powerhouse will be located. The project will also analyze the value of energy and ancillary services it will provide to better understand the value of advanced pumped storage for renewables integration. Both tasks are critical in reducing financial uncertainty of the 400 MW pumped storage project that will support integration of variable renewable energy resources such as wind and solar in California.

Walker WellingtonW4E Hydropower Turbine Generator System Validation\$93,000Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
	Walker Wellington		\$93,000	Technology	Maine

Project Description

Walker Wellington will validate the design of a direct-drive, modular turbine-generator for manmade water structures with various head and flow conditions. The project will support commercialization of the generator.

Weisenberger MillsDemonstration of Variable Speed Permanent Magnet Generator at Small, Low-Head Hydro Site\$56,000Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA	Project Recipient	Project Title	DOE Funding Amount	Funding Source	Project Location
	Weisenberger Mills	Permanent Magnet Generator at	\$56,000	Technology	Kentucky

Project Description

Weisenberger Mills will evaluate variable speed, permanent magnet generators for small low-head hydropower. The new technology could increase efficiency, allowing generators to obtain more energy from the same amount of water discharge.

Hydropower Funding Distribution

DOE funded 30 hydropower projects through the Water Power Program from FY 2008 to FY 2012. These projects are categorized in the following sections by activity area, topic area, geographic region and division, state, recipient type, and funding source.

Funding by Activity Area and Topic Area

The Water Power Program's R&D efforts fall under six major activity areas (see Table 2). The majority of the projects funded under these areas are aimed at reducing the technical barriers to hydropower device development, improving device reliability and performance, and enhancing the understanding and evaluation of various technology types. A smaller portion of Water Power Program funding is focused on reducing the time and costs associated with siting water power projects; better quantifying the potential magnitude, costs, and benefits of

Over fifty percent of WWPTO's hydropower funding for projects announced in FY 2008 to FY 2012 is directed at hydroelectric facility modernization through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Recovery Act). Modernization efforts are dominated by projects that increase hydropower facilities' generating capacity and improve plant and equipment efficiency. Alcoa Incorporated was awarded \$12.95 million for the modernization of the Cheoah Hydroelectric Facility, the largest hydropower award resulting from the Recovery Act.

water power generation; and identifying and addressing other barriers to deployment.

Capacity and Efficiency Equipment Upgrades represents the largest activity area in terms of total funding, largely due to the FY 2009 Recovery Act FOA, "Hydroelectric Facility Modernization." Many of those projects have finished, however, so look for the Water Power Program to increase funding in the other five activity areas moving forward.

Table 2: FY 2008 - FY 2012 Hydropower Funding Distribution by Activity Area & Topic Area

Activity Area	Total Funding	Percent of Total
Capacity and Efficiency Upgrades	\$30,625,643	51.6%
Renewables Integration	\$9,414,113	15.9%
Advanced Generating Equipment	\$7,315,531	12.3%
Educational Programs	\$6,747,025	11.4%
Environmental Mitigation Technologies	\$2,913,267	4.9%
New Generating Capacity	\$2,308,436	3.9%
Total	\$59,324,015	

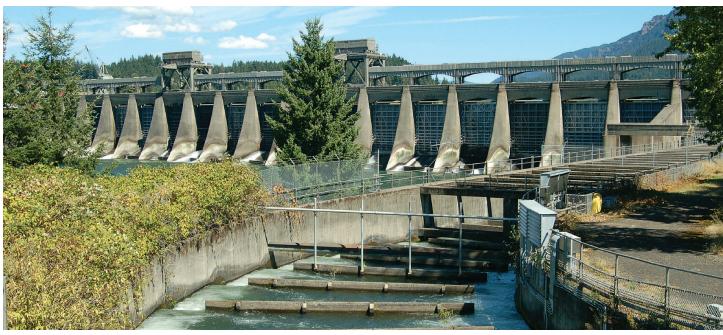


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Funding by Geographic Region & Division

Hydropower projects were awarded in each of the country's four geographic regions. Table 3 provides details on how the Water Power Program's funding was distributed within regions and divisions. The geographic regions and divisions used to present the distribution of WWPTO's funding are

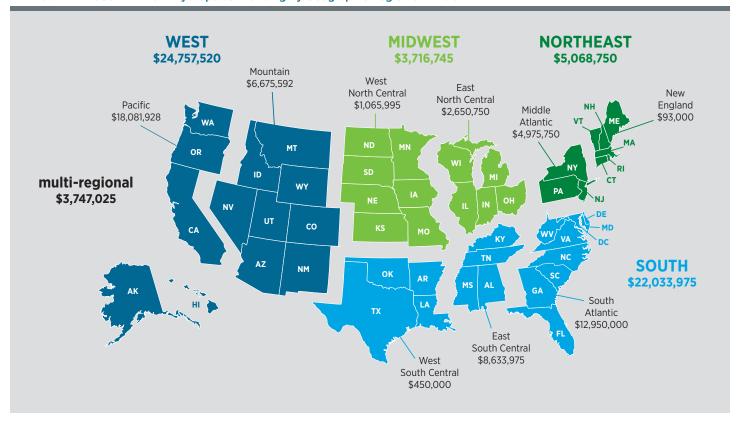
based on the U.S. Census Regions and Divisions.² One project spanned several regions and divisions and is thus categorized as multi-regional.

Exhibit 1 provides a map that shows how the Water Power Program's hydropower project funding was distributed throughout the United States.

Table 3: FY 2008 - FY 2012 Hydropower Funding by Geographic Region & Division

Region	Region Total Funding	Division	Division Total Funding
West	¢24.757.520	Pacific	\$18,081,928
west	\$24,757,520	Mountain	\$6,675,592
		South Atlantic	\$12,950,000
South	\$22,033,975	East South Central	\$8,633,975
		West South Central	\$450,000
Nawkhaask	¢г 000 750	Middle Atlantic	\$4,975,750
Northeast	\$5,068,750	New England	\$93,000
Mishoosh	Ф7 71C 74E	East North Central	\$2,650,750
Midwest	\$3,716,745	West North Central	\$1,065,995
multi-regional ^b	\$3,747,025	national	\$3,747,025
		Total	\$59,324,015

Exhibit 1: FY 2008 - FY 2012 Hydropower Funding by Geographic Region & Division



^b The multi-regional category is not used in the U.S. Census regions and divisions. The multi-regional category reflects WWPTO funding awarded to projects occurring across multiple divisions and regions.

Funding by State

Projects in 16 states have received funding for hydropower efforts through the Water Power Program. Funding awarded to one project is disbursed through fellowships eligible to students in many states, and is categorized as multi-state. Table 4 outlines funding by state.

Combined, North Carolina, Alabama, and Washington received more than 40% of total funding for hydropower projects. All three had large projects funded by the Recovery Act and are working to modernize hydroelectric facilities in their states. California was the state with the most funding not awarded a Recovery Act project.

Table 4: FY 2008 - FY 2012 Hydropower Funding Distribution by State

State	Total Funding
Alabama	\$6,000,000
Arkansas	\$450,000
California	\$9,369,249
Colorado	\$1,480,000
Illinois	\$2,650,750
Kentucky	\$56,000
Maine	\$93,000
Minnesota	\$1,065,995
New Mexico	\$4,857,656
New York	\$475,750
North Carolina	\$12,950,000
Oregon	\$2,246,042
Pennsylvania	\$4,500,000
Tennessee	\$2,577,975
Utah	\$337,936
Washington	\$6,466,637
multi-state ^c	\$3,747,025

^c The multi-state category reflects WWPTO funding awarded to projects occurring across multiple states.

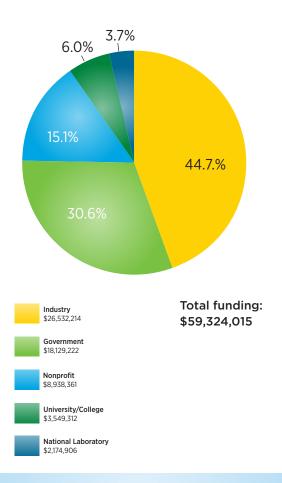
Funding by Recipient Type

DOE funds a variety of recipient types, including private industry, nonprofit organizations, universities and community colleges, investor-owned utilities and public utilities, local and state governments, as well as DOE national laboratories, other federal agencies, and interstate government agencies.

Nearly half of the total funding was awarded to private industry and one-third to local governments or municipalities. The remaining funds were awarded to four nonprofit organizations, three universities, and two national laboratories. Exhibit 2 provides these details by recipient type.

The Recovery Act funding was split between private-industry and local governments and/or municipalities. Private industry-lead projects received nearly \$19.8 million of the total \$30.6 million and local governments and/or municipalities received just over \$10 million in funding.

Exhibit 2: FY 2008 - FY 2012 Hydropower Funding Distribution by Recipient Type



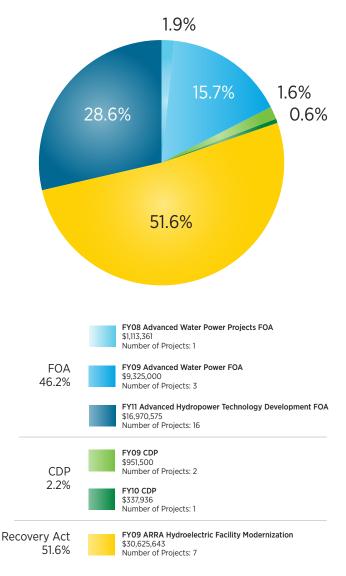
Industry projects awarded to private-sector companies dominate the Water Power Program's hydropower investment portfolio, representing 44.7%— \$26.5 million of total funding.

Funding Sources

Exhibit 3 below provides details on the sources of funding for the Water Power Program's 30 hydropower projects awarded from FY 2008 to FY 2012.

Between FY 2008 and FY 2012, \$27.4 million was awarded to 20 hydropower projects from Congressional Appropriations through three Water Power Program FOAs. An additional \$1.3 million was awarded to three hydropower projects through Congressionally Directed funds, and \$30.6 million was awarded to seven projects from the Recovery Act through one FOA.

Exhibit 3: FY 2008 - FY 2012 Funding Sources for Hydropower R&D Projects



Total funding: \$59,324,015 Total number of projects: 30

Anticipated Accomplishments

The Water Power Program provided nearly \$60 million in funding for hydropower projects from FY 2008 to FY 2012, with numerous projects operating over multiple years. The Water Power Program anticipates significant key accomplishments in increased hydroelectric generation and equipment efficiency; advanced turbine development; support for hydropower research fellowships and professional opportunities; environmental benefits for fish populations; and research to support hydropower integration with the transmission grid.

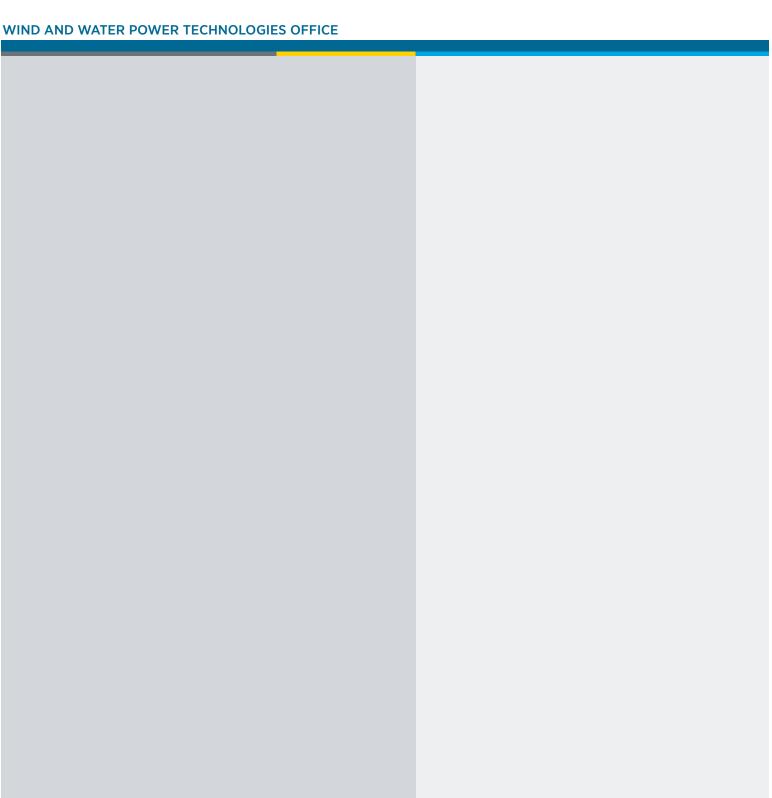
A few of the Water Power Program's anticipated project accomplishments include the following:

- The increased generation resulting from the Recovery Act-funded hydroelectric modernization projects is estimated to exceed 135,000 MWh annually; enough to meet the annual electric usage of more than 10,000 average U.S. homes at an estimated incremental cost of less than \$0.04 per kilowatt hour.
- The two university research fellowship programs are expected to revitalize interest in hydropower, provide the industry with skilled workers, and support U.S. hydropower innovation and leadership in the world. Over 30 professionals in these programs will receive advanced degrees and enter the hydropower workforce by the second quarter of FY 2014.
- Two Recovery Act projects—the Boulder Canyon hydroelectric facility modernization by the City of Boulder, and the Cheoah hydroelectric facility upgrade by Alcoa Power in North Carolina—were completed in FY 2012, adding approximately 27 gigawatts of new generating capacity to the hydropower fleet.
- The Electric Power Research Institute and Alden Labs demonstrated in the lab that the Alden turbine is able to generate hydroelectric energy with fish survival rates ranging from 98% to 100% in FY 2011. A full scale demonstration of the Alden turbine is expected in FY 2014.
- Advanced Energy Conversion, LLC designed and built a prototype turbine capable of capturing the energy from low-pressure flows (e.g., treated wastewater effluent exiting sewage treatment plants) in FY 2012.
- Sixteen new projects representing a DOE investment of \$17 million started work in FY 2012 as part of the Advanced Hydropower Technology Development FOA. These projects will tackle important issues to the hydropower industry including advanced turbines, new-site development, generators and power systems, fish passage, pumped storage systems, and hydropower market design.

End Notes

¹ U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Wind and Water Power Program, *Water Power for a Clean Future*, DOE/GO-102011-3287. June 2011. http://water.energy.gov/pdfs/51315.pdf

² Energy Information Administration, U.S. Census Regions and Divisions. June 14, 2000. http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/reps/maps/us_census.html





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