

Energy Efficiency in K-12 Schools & State Applications

June 27th, 2013

DOE's State and Local Technical Assistance Program

DOE's Technical Assistance Program





Priority Areas: Technologies and Programs

• Peer exchange & trainings

- > Past and upcoming webinars for K-12 schools on Solution Center
- Upcoming webinars focused on state EE initiatives in specific sectors next session on Higher Education, Thursday, July 25th

Resources

- Building Technologies Office site, including Advanced Energy Retrofit Guides: www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/commercial/aerg.html
- Financing Energy Upgrades for K-12 Schools on Solution Center now, Guide for Performance-Based Contracting for K-12 Schools later this summer
- Energy Education & Workforce Development site, K-12 Lesson Plans & Activities: <u>http://www.eere.energy.gov/education/lessonplans/default.aspx</u>
- Improved Solution Center resource portals for Technologies and Programs live later this year, including K-12 schools
- Apply for one-on-one assistance and peer matching



How to Tap into These and Other TAP Offerings

• Visit the *Solution Center*

www.eere.energy.gov/wip/solutioncenter/

Submit an *application* for assistance
 <u>www.eere.energy.gov/wip/solutioncenter/technical_assistance.html</u>

 Sign up for *TAP Alerts*, the TAP mailing list, for updates on our latest and greatest <u>TechnicalAssistanceProgram@ee.doe.gov</u>





Retrofit Best Practices for K-12 Schools

Bob Hendron – National Renewable Energy Laboratory

June 27, 2013

K-12 Schools AERG

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National Renewable Energy Laboratory E Source Rocky Mountain Institute National Association of Energy Service Companies The Abo Group Big Ladder Software The RMH Group Cumming

Energy Use by Building Sector

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K-12 School Energy Use Breakdown

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- Lower utility costs
- Reduced maintenance costs
- Improved student performance
- Reduced absenteeism
- Enhanced community image

Typical School Retrofit Process

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Three categories of efficiency improvement

- Existing building commissioning (EBCx)
 - Low-cost/no-cost measures (no capital investment)
 - Quick payback
- Staged retrofit
 - Multiphase series of improvements
 - Aligned with a school's capital improvement program
- Whole-building retrofit
 - Higher savings possible
 - Timed with school remodeling, expansion, or other major building change
 - May be less disruptive in summer months

- School remodeling
- Major addition (new classrooms, auditorium, gymnasium)
- Roof, window, or siding replacement
- End of life HVAC, lighting, or other major equipment replacement

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Renewable Energy

- Major upgrades to meet structural codes
- Large incentives targeted to schools
- Fixing an "energy hog"

Common Benchmarks



| Benchmark Type | Description | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Best in class | The performance level of the top performer sets the bar when comparing buildings. Several net zero energy schools have been built around the country. | |
| Performance goal | A specific performance level can be established as a target against which progress can be measured. For example, energy use intensity targets for K-12 Schools Advanced Energy Design Guide | |
| Baseline | An initial performance baseline of the school, which is established before any commissioning or other EEMs are taken, can be used to track improvements over time | |
| Above average | Percent energy savings relative to an average school. ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager can be used to determine the average energy use of similar schools. | |
| National ratings | National performance ratings, such as those established by ENERGY STAR, can be used as performance targets for specific buildings such as schools | |



| Audit Type | Accounts for Interactions? | Application Notes |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Preliminary analysis | No | Indicates overall potential for improvement |
| Walk-through analysis | No | Identifies no-cost and low-cost EEMs |
| Single system/ targeted audit | No | Considers single systems in detail |
| Investment-grade audit | Yes | Accounts for interactions between building systems |

Common Financing Options for K-12 Schools

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- Capital Budget
 - Often very constrained for schools
- Revolving Investment
 - Energy savings for one school can help fund projects elsewhere in the district
- Bond Issue
- Energy Savings Performance Contract
 - Allows other building improvements to be bundled with energy efficiency measures
- Lease Purchase

For further information see DOE's K-12 Schools Financing Guide (http://emp.lbl.gov/sites/all/files/lbnl-6133e.pdf)

Economic Analysis



- Focus on multi-year cash flow analysis
 - Energy and demand cost savings
 - First cost, replacement cost, and salvage value
 - Operations and maintenance savings
 - Financial incentives (tax credits, subsidies, etc.)
- Use net present value instead of simple payback
 - NPV considers long-term benefits beyond payback period
 - For retrofits, NPV captures impact of changes to equipment useful life
- Deep retrofits may allow use of incremental costs instead of full first costs



Provide power strips in easy-to-access locations to facilitate equipment shutdown

Repair broken and visibly damaged windows

Repair any damaged or missing pipe and tank insulation

TAB of chilled water pumps and valves, refrigerant lines, air handlers, and flow modulation devices

Verify or establish a comprehensive maintenance protocol for HVAC equipment

Verify correct operation of OA economizer

Apply thermostat setback/setup when building is unoccupied

Decrease ventilation flow rates to meet ASHRAE 62-1999 requirements

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Replace incandescent lamps in exit signs with LEDs

Replace T12 fluorescent lamps and magnetic ballasts with high- efficiency T8 lamps and instant-start electronic ballasts

Replace incandescent lamps with CFLs

Install wireless motion sensors for lighting in rooms that are used intermittently

Replace HID lights with T5 HO fluorescents in gymnasiums

Install more efficient exterior lighting for façades and parking lot

Replace kitchen appliances with ENERGY STAR models

Install low-flow showerheads in locker rooms

Add evaporative precooling of condenser supply air

Install VSDs on chilled-water and hot water pumps

Replace oversized, inefficient fans and motors with rightsized NEMA premium efficiency models

Upgrade to DCV to reduce OA flow during partial occupancy

K-12 Schools AERG Example Building Energy Savings Summary



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Georgina Blach Intermediate School Case Study



- Location: Los Altos, California
- Year built: 2002
- Gross square footage: 61,500
- Building expansion and retrofit
- Key measures
 - Daylighting strategies (clerestories at classrooms, daylighting dimming controls)
 - Efficient lighting design (reduced footcandles, direct/indirect lighting fixtures, occupancy sensors)
 - Efficient ventilation solutions (low energy fans, natural ventilation, door contacts connected to local HVAC system that turn fans off when doors are opened)
- 41% site energy savings per ft²

Carol & Park B. Smith Middle School Case Study



- Location: Bernards Township, NJ
- Gross square footage: 280,474
- Building addition and retrofit
- Key measures
 - Two 2-MMBtu condensing hot water boilers.
 - Lighting controls and high-performance lighting.
 - Premium efficiency motors, variable frequency drives, and variable air volume units in each classroom.
- \$955,000 initial investment (\$755,000 with incentives)
- 39% site energy savings per ft²
- 4.4 year payback (3.5 years with incentives)

www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/commercial/aerg.html

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Advanced Energy Design Guides

Advanced Energy Retrofit Guides

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Energy Modeling Software

Global Superior Energy Performance Partnership

Research Projects

State & Local Energy Efficiency Action Network

Advanced Energy Retrofit Guides

The Advanced Energy Retrofit Guides (AERGs) were created to help decision makers plan, design, and implement energy improvement projects in their facilities. With energy managers in mind, they present practical guidance for kick-starting the process and maintaining momentum throughout the project life cycle. These guides are primarily reference documents, allowing energy managers to consult the particular sections that address the most pertinent topics. Useful resources are also cited throughout the guides for further information. Each AERG is tailored specifically to the needs of a specific building type, with an emphasis on the most effective retro-commissioning and retrofit measures identified by experts familiar with those unique opportunities and challenges. The guides present a broad range of proven practices that can help energy managers take specific actions at any stage of the retrofit process, resulting in energy savings for many years to come.



The Advanced Energy Retrofit Guides (AERGs) help building owners and managers as well as design and construction professionals plan, design, and implement energy efficiency upgrades in commercial buildings.

Popular Commercial Links

Success Stories

Tools

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- EnergyPlus Whole Building Energy Simulation
- OpenStudio Energy Simulation Application Suite
- High Performance Buildings Database
- Building Energy Software Tools Directory



Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

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High Performance Schools The Kentucky Experience

National Renewable Energy Laboratory Webinar June 27, 2013

Greg Guess, Director Division of Efficiency and Conservation Kentucky Department for Energy Development and Independence



Characteristics



Photo courtesy Sherman-Carter-Barnhart Architects

- Healthy and Productive Environment
- Cost Effective to Operate and Maintain
- Sustainability
- Reduced energy consumption saves districts money
- School Facility as 3-D Classroom

Healthy & Productive Environment



- Large amounts of natural daylight
- Superior indoor air quality
- A safe and secure environment



Photo courtesy Richardsville Elementary School, Warren County Public Schools

Cost Effective to Operate & Maintain

- Energy analysis tools optimize energy performance
- A life-cycle cost approach reduces the total costs of ownership
- A commissioning process ensures the facility will operate in a manner consistent with design intent



Sustainability

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- Integrates Energy conservation and renewable energy strategies
- High-performance mechanical and lighting systems
- Environmentally responsive site planning
- Environmentally preferable materials and products



Photo courtesy Tate-Hill-Jacobs Architecture

• Water-efficient design.

Reduced Energy Consumption Saves Money

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- Milton Elementary School, Trimble County Kentucky
- One of 7 Kentucky Schools to earn EPA ENERGY STAR score of 100
- The lowest cost per square foot school in Kentucky, the year it was built.
- Facility size 47,300 square feet
- Cost per square foot \$149.46
- Energy management plan implemented for two years (FY 2011 – 2012) achieved cumulative avoided costs \$102,122.

School Facility as 3-D Classroom



Three Dimensional Teaching Tool

- Opportunities for students to access, monitor, and learn about building performance
- Energy-based curriculum
- Introduce students to careers in environmental sciences
- Create lifelong
 environmental stewards

Integrated Design Process

Creating a school with these characteristics is not difficult, but does require an integrated, whole-building approach to the design process.

Engage all stakeholders in:

- Design
- Construction
- Operation



Building Blocks

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Acoustic Comfort Commissioning Day lighting Durability Energy Analysis Tools Energy-Efficient Building Shell Environmentally Preferable Materials and Products Environmentally Responsive Site Planning High-Performance HVAC & Electric Lighting Life Cycle Cost Analysis Renewable Energy Safety and Security Superior Indoor Air Quality Thermal Comfort Visual Comfort Water Efficiency

Source: Sustainable Buildings Industry Council

LEED



- LEED, Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design.
- Developed by U.S. Green Building Council to provide building owners and operators a concise framework for identify and implementing practical and measurable green building design, construction, operations and maintenance solutions.

New Construction and Major Renovations

- Sustainable Sites
- Water Efficiency
- Energy and Atmosphere
- Materials and Resources
- Indoor Environmental Quality
- Innovation and Design Process

Partnering With ENERGY STAR $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}$

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- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency national energy performance rating system.
- Facilities among the top 25 percent of all comparable buildings.
- Measure a year's worth of energy-use data.
- ENERGY STAR buildings must receive at least 75 out of 100 points in EPA's rating system.



ENERGY STAR Resources

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Designed to Earn the ENERGY STAR®



• Helps architects and owners save money, energy, prevent carbon emissions and answer EPA's call to fight global warming.



- Target Finder, no-cost online tool enables architects and building owners to set energy targets and receive an EPA energy performance score for projects during the design process.
- Design projects that meet the commercial building space type criteria and receive an EPA energy performance score of 75 or higher from the online Target Finder tool are eligible for Designed to Earn the ENERGY STAR certification.

High Performance Design Guide

- Developed for several building types.
- Current series provide recommendations for achieving 50 percent energy savings over the minimum code requirements of ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-2004.
- Allows designers to easily achieve advanced levels of energy savings without detailed energy modeling or analyses.
- ASHRAE
- AIA
- IESNA
- USGBC
- USDOE



Advanced Energy Design Guide for K–12 School Buildings

Achieving 50% Energy Savings Toward a Net Zero Energy Building



Resources

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 Sustainable Buildings Industry Council – High Performance School Buildings Resource and Strategy Guide



 Collaborative for High Performance Schools

The Net Zero Concept – the Next Step

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Questions:

- Could we create a building that **consumes a minimal amount of energy**?
- Could we then offset that by allowing it to produce clean energy?

Net Zero

Net Zero is defined by the Kentucky Department of Education as a facility that, although connected to the power grid, would produce as much energy as it would use annually.

This means, on average, generates enough energy to meet its annual energy demands.

These facilities are typically extremely efficient, to the point that the addition of renewable energy sources to meet the energy needs become cost effective.

Net-Zero Ready

Net-Zero Ready Schools – defined as one that is designed with components and building strategies integrated into the design process to achieve state-of-the art energy efficiency – operation at or below 20 kBtus/sf/yr, with hardware and engineering in place to readily accept renewable energy installations at a later date.

Kentucky Department of Education reports 14 Net-Zero ready school projects completed or initiated.

Integrated Design Team





- Owner's needs to set the design criteria for design team.
- Design professionals: architects and engineers.
- School Administrators.
- School Facility Staff.

Consider





- SiteSource
- Cost

Construction



- Building Commissioning is key
- Required for LEED certification

Operation





- Top-down leadership and support is critical for success.
- Need to involve all building
 occupants:
 operations and maintenance staff,
 fiscal personnel, parents and
 community.

Photo courtesy Sherman-Carter-Barnhart Architects

Kenton County School District

- Recognized by the EPA as an ENERGY STAR Leader for increasing the energy efficiency of its entire portfolio of buildings by 20 percent.
- Saved more than \$1 million in operational costs since the district's first high-performance school opened in 2005.
- 11 ENERGY STAR school facilities, out of 18 buildings district-wide.
- Energy management is a critical component of the district's mission and vision to prepare students for the global workplace and market.
- The E=WISE2 (Education creates Wisdom in Saving Energy and the Environment) program, a student-led energy education program created in partnership with the NEED (National Energy Education Development) Project is the foundation of the district's behavioral-change initiative.
- Utilizing the district's Energy Center, a comprehensive Web application provided by NET (New Energy Technologies), this team focus on monitoring, improving the habits of building occupants and educating the faculty, staff and community about energy efficiency and environmental stewardship.

Designed Net-Zero Ready

Turkey Foot Middle School Kenton County School District

Year School Built 2010

School Building Size 133,000 sf

PV installation completed April 2012

Consuming 25 kBtu/sf/yr before solar

443 kW solar PV

Construction Cost - \$200/sf with solar PV

Architects: PCA Architecture

Engineer: CMTA Consulting Engineers

Building Performance - 13 kBtu/sf (May 2012-April 2013)



Turkey Foot Savings Comparison





Photo courtesy Kenton County School District

New vs. Old Turkey Foot Middle School Comparison

2011-2012 Savings of \$56,395

Old TF School

Square Footage Annual Energy Cost EUI (kBtu/sf) 66,523 \$94,954 79.2

New TF School

133,000 \$38,558 13.6

% Difference

199.9% increase 59.4% decrease 82.8% decrease

Net-Zero Energy



Richardsville Elementary School is the first net-zero energy public school in the United States. Building is 72,285 sf and serves over 500 students Uses 75% less energy than the average American school. Produces as much clean energy as it consumes by converting solar power to electricity with a 349 kWsolar panel array.



Richardsville Elementary

- ✓ Registered as a LEED Gold School with the USGBC, making it as environmentally friendly as it is energy efficient.
- $\checkmark\,$ Constructed at a cost equal to a conventional school.
- ✓ Teaches students environmental stewardship by involving them in monitoring the building's performance.
 - Student energy teams analyze the school's plug-in devices and lighting.
 - Student monitored recycling program.
 - The weather station, part of the outdoor classroom, helps students monitor solar panel efficiency.

Strategies

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- ✓ High Performance Building Envelope
- ✓ Active Day lighting
- ✓ Geothermal HVAC
- ✓ Monitoring Controls
- ✓ Dedicated Outside Air System with Energy Recovery and CO₂ Sensors
- ✓ Alternative Renewable Energy Source
- ✓ Green Kitchen Strategies
- ✓ Operations and Maintenance Plan
- ✓ Wireless Computer Technology

Energy in Education Collaborative

- A multi-faceted partnership including the Kentucky Department for Energy Development and Independence; the School Energy Managers Project; Kentucky National Energy Education Development Project; and the Kentucky Green and Healthy Schools Program.
- Provides sustainable solutions to Kentucky's K-12 schools
- Reduces operational costs through energy efficiency initiatives and supporting student environmental learning.

School Energy Managers Project

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- School Energy Managers Project (SEMP)
- Foundation is ENERGY STAR's Guidelines for Energy Management
- <u>http://ww.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c+guidelines.guidelines_index</u>





KY NEED

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- National Energy Education Development (NEED) Project
- 30+-year old national non-profit
- Provide curriculum materials, activities kits and workshop to train teachers
- Assist with the formation of school-based energy teams
- Provide for recognition of achievement at the state and national level



www.need.org

Green and Healthy Schools

Kentucky Green and Healthy Schools (KGHS)

KGHS is a project-based and student-centered program that empowers students and staff to move their school toward becoming safer, healthier, and more environmentally sustainable

Inquiry-based program uses the entire school building and grounds as a learning laboratory for students Student teams evaluate school practices in 9 different areas, including energy, water and solid waste.

As students implement improvements in each area, they get recognition for achievements.

Not staff intensive, mostly computer-based.

www.greenschools.ky.gov



Kentucky Accomplishments

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- 70% increase in ENERGY STAR schools in less than 3 years.
- Places 5th nationally in percentage of schools ranked ENERGY STAR.
- 15% of Kentucky's ENERGY STAR schools have scores above 95. Among these schools, eight have scored a near-perfect 99, and ten schools are among the most efficient schools in the nation with a score of 100.
- Two districts out of four nationwide received the 2013 ENERGY STAR Partner of the Year Award for energy management
- 12 districts recognized as ENERGY STAR Leaders for portfolio-wide energy efficiency improvements of 10%, 20% or 30% or more on organization-wide baseline.
- First Net-Zero Energy K-12 School in USA, located in Richardsville, KY
- LEED Existing Building project currently underway in Wilmore, KY
- Six schools received US Green Ribbon Awards, 2012 and 2013 combined.

Take-Aways

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- You can do this!
- Challenge design team efficiency does not have to cost more.
- Do design charette know what you want.
- Don't be afraid to set ambitious goals.
- Do building commissioning.



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