

Development of Reversible Fuel Cell Systems at Proton Energy

Everett Anderson

NREL/DOE Reversible Fuel Cell Workshop

19 April 2011



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Proton Energy Proton OnSite

- Reflects developing business model & expansion into other markets
- Leader in on-site generation of nitrogen, oxygen & zero air to compliment hydrogen
- Remains dedicated to the H₂ energy market

"We bring the gas solution to our client - be it hydrogen gas to a power plant, nitrogen gas to a laboratory or oxygen to a submarine. Proton OnSite is now the leader in on-site gas generation, everywhere."

- Rob Friedland, CEO and president of Proton OnSite



Outline

- Company Intro
- Regenerative Fuel Cell Configurations
- Technology Development/Demonstrations
- Unitized vs. Discrete Trade-off
- Renewable Energy Storage Application
- Development Needs
- Current Progress / Future Work



Proton OnSite

- Manufacturer of Proton Exchange Membrane (PEM) hydrogen generation products using electrolysis
- Founded in 1996
- Headquarters in Wallingford, Connecticut.
- ISO 9001:2008 registered
- Over 1,400 systems operating in 60 different countries.











Proton Capabilities



PEM Cell Stacks



Complete Systems



Storage Solutions

- Complete product manufacturing & testing
- Containerization and on-site gas storage solutions
- Integration of electrolysis into RFC systems
- Turnkey product installation
- World-wide sales and service



Power Plants



Heat Treating



Semiconductors



Laboratories



Government



Hydrogen Products Commercial Products

HOGEN[™]Hydrogen Generators





H Series



C Series



S Series

HPEM High Pressure Generators

Lab Gas Generators



StableFlow[™]



Hydrogen Control Systems

Future Products



Fueling



Backup Power

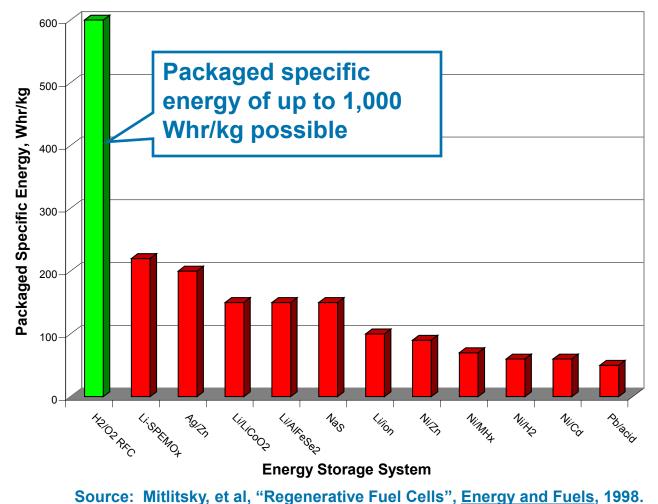


Renewable Energy Storage



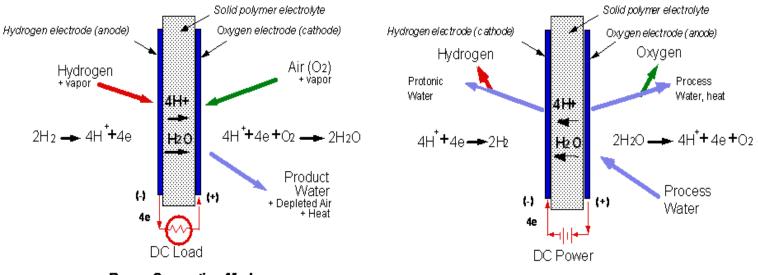
Regenerative Fuel Cells

Comparison of specific energy to batteries





PEM Fuel Cell & Electrolysis PEM Fuel Cell PEM Electrolysis



Power Generation Mode

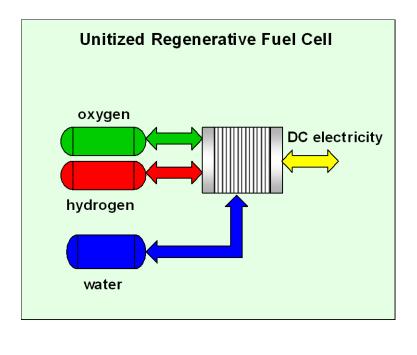
Hydrogen Generation Mode

- Humidified gas streams vs. liquid water in contact with membrane
- Both need to consider 2-phase flow optimization in flow fields
- High potential material compatibility (~1V or less versus up to ~2V or more)
- Different pressure differentials (20 to >2400 psi) and high sealing loads
- Long lifetime expectations (5,000 vs. > 50,000 hours)

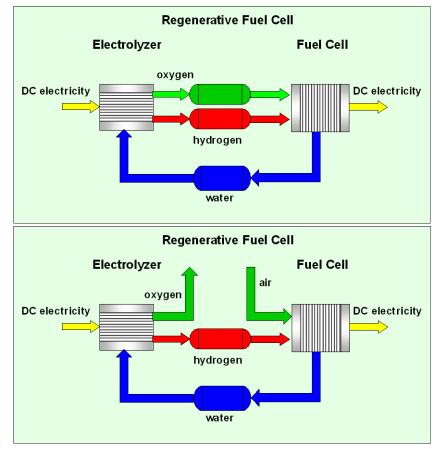


Regenerative Fuel Cells Options

- URFC Unitized RFC
 - A cell stack that operates as both fuel cell and electrolyzer

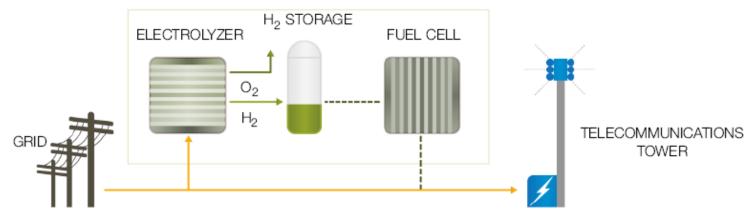


- DRFC Discrete RFC
 - Separate fuel cell and electrolyzer stacks

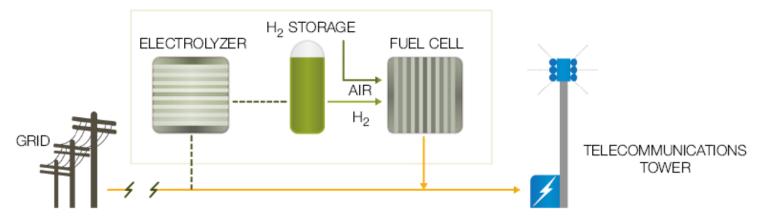




Backup Power System Concept Using RFC & High Pressure Electrolyzer



When grid power is available, the HOGEN HP recharges the hydrogen storage.



When grid power is lost, the stored hydrogen is directed to a fuel cell, which provides backup power to the load.



Backup Power

Major Telecom Backup Power



- 3.5kW (net) of backup
- High-pressure hydrogen electrolyzer
- Enables function during a prolonged power outage

Wallingford Electric Substation



- 10kW (net) of backup
- Up to 8 hours of operation
- Outdoor high-pressure hydrogen electrolyzer
- 3 Plug Power GenCore[®] fuelcell modules



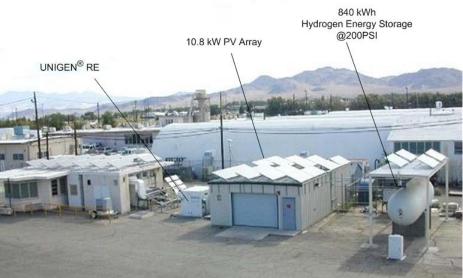
Renewable Hydrogen Based Energy Storage

- China Lake Project
- Battery Replacement

Project System Parameters:

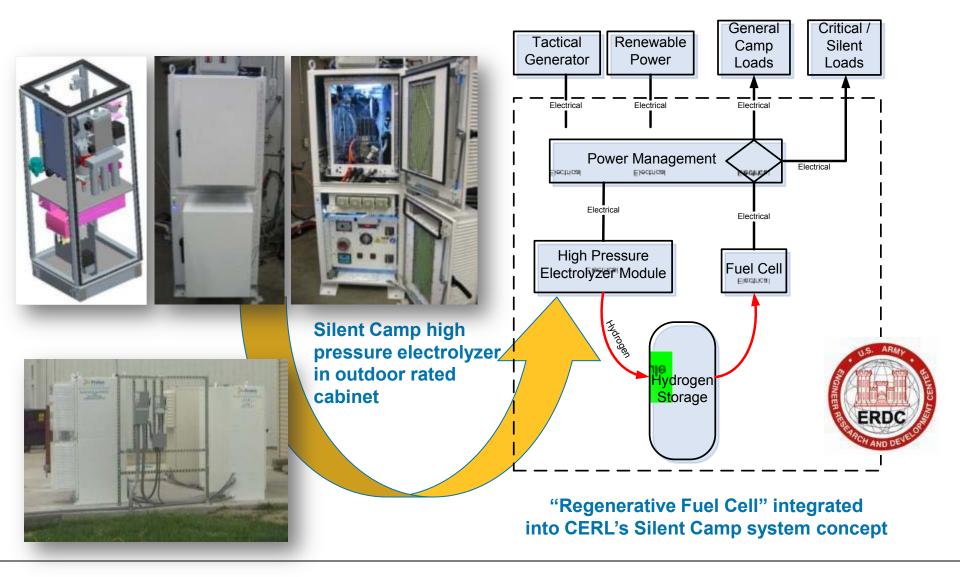
- 24/7 Power from Photovoltaics
- 10.8 kW Photovoltaic Array
- 840 kWh stored as H₂ @ 200 psi
- Two 1.2 kW PEM Fuel Cells





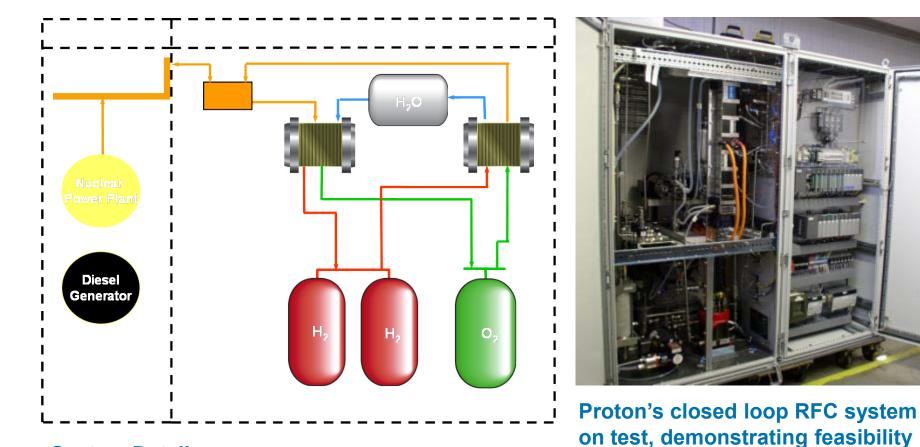


Army CERL Silent Camp® System Concept





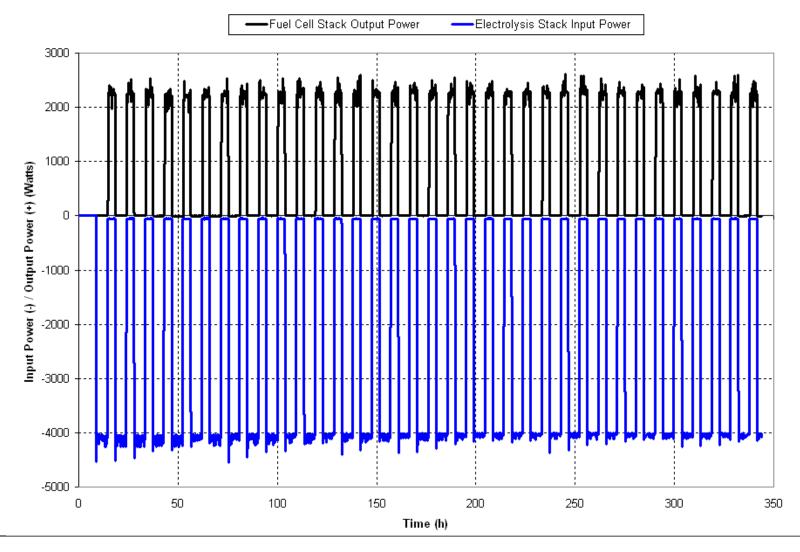
2 kW Closed Loop Regenerative Fuel Cell System



System Details: Fuel Cell – 4.4 kW Commercial H₂/Air stack Electrolyzer – HOGEN® S-series stack, modified for 400 psi balanced pressure

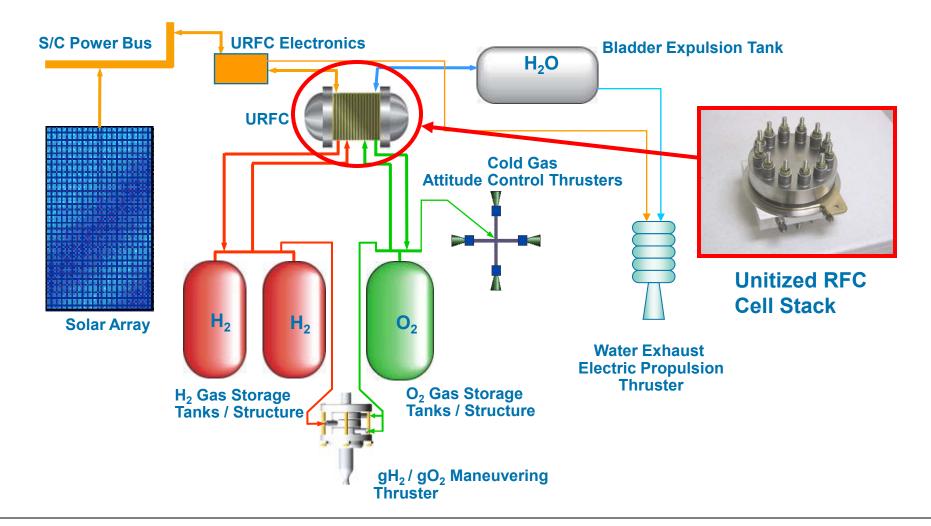


Charge / Discharge Cycle Data for RFC System





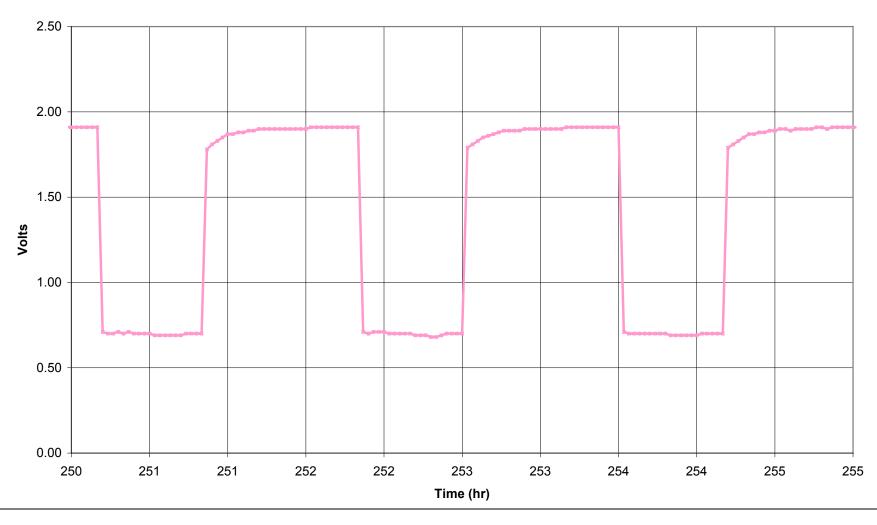
Energy Storage Plus On-Board Fuel Production DARPA Water Rocket: Unitized, Zero-G RFC





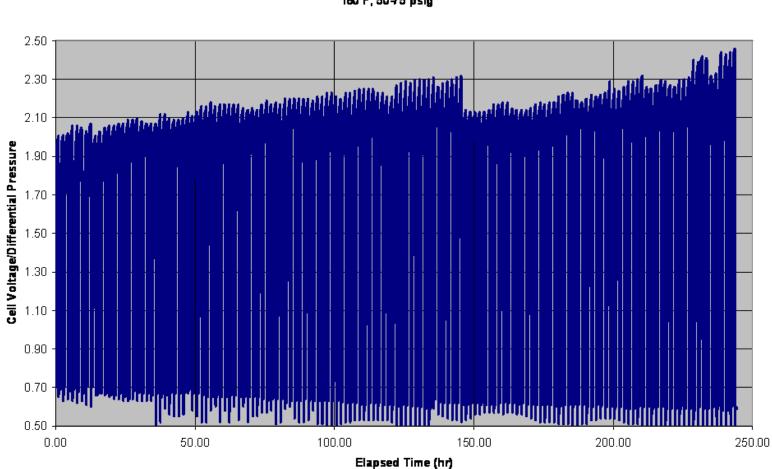
Closed-Loop Static URFC Cycles

Static Feed UNIGEN Cycle Test (UNG0424401) Electrolysis 60 min @ 200; Fuel Cell 40 min @ 300 ASF 160 F, 50-75 psig





Static URFC ~150 Closed-Loop Cycles

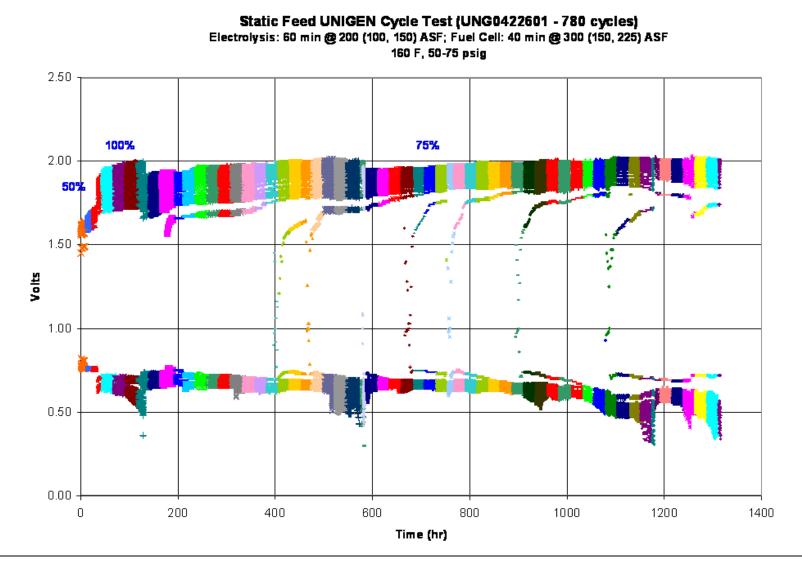


Static Feed UNIGEN Cycle Test (Total 8/1/03 3:00 PM - 147 cycles)

Electrolysis: 60 min @ 200 ASF; Fuel Cell: 40 min @ 300 ASF 160 F, 50-75 psig

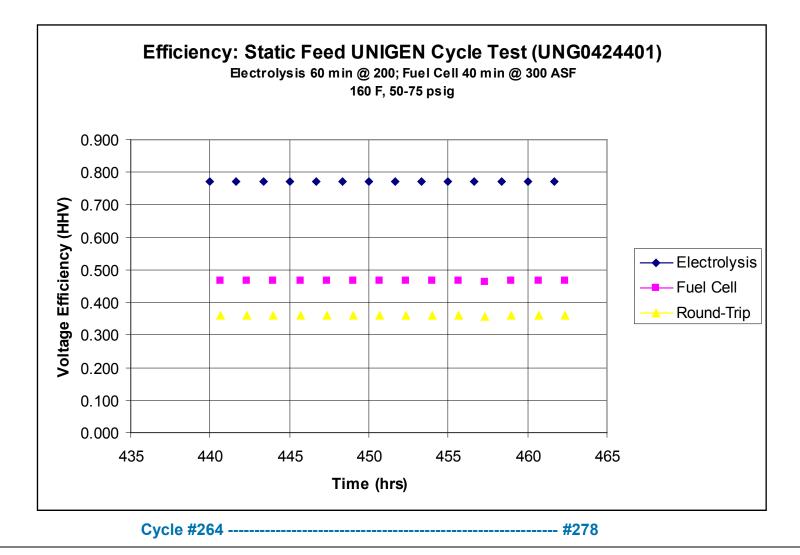


Static URFC 1,300 h Closed-Loop Cycles





Roundtrip Efficiency of URFC Test Stack 37%





Unitized Versus Discrete RFC

- Grid Support Requirements
 - Size (kW to MW)
 - Operating mode (Charge Discharge Cycle)
 - Time scale (ratio of stack as % of total system)
- Performance Compromise
 - Non-optimum catalysts, electrode structures
 - Up to 70% penalty for unitized approach vs. discrete
- BoP complexity
 - Water, thermal management
- Leveraging Mature Technology
 - Commercial readiness of PEM fuel cells & electrolysis



Grid Energy Storage Applications

- Distributed Energy Storage
 - 25-200 kW, 2-4 hrs, secondary (customer) voltage
- Load Shifting
 - kW's to MW's, up to 10 hrs, various voltages
- Substation Grid Support
 - 1-20 MW, 2-6 hrs, distribution voltage
- PV Voltage Transient Support

 Up to MW's, 1 sec to 20 min, distribution voltage
- Wind Smoothing
 - 1-100 MW, 2-15 minutes, distribution voltage

Ref: EPRI Energy Storage Systems Project, 2010, TTC



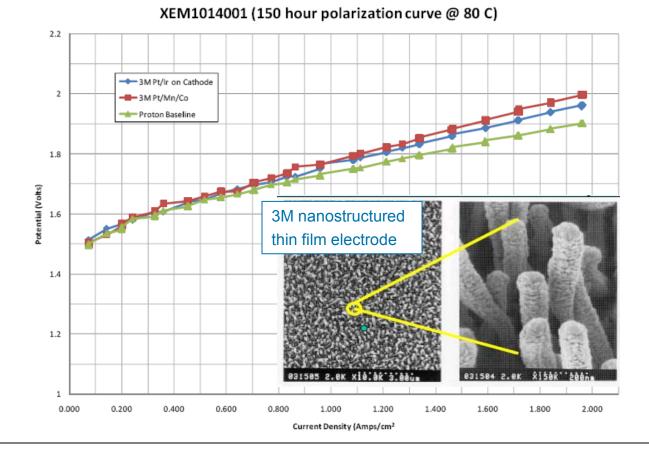
Development Needs

- Materials Development
 - Bifunctional catalysts, electrode structures, GDLs, membrane robustness for electrolysis
 - Oxygen compatibility
 - Complications of pressure generation
- System Development
 - Integration of separate BoP's, gas drying, power, thermal & water management
 - Benefit of pressurized oxygen?
- Manufacturing
 - Lack of supply chain for electrolysis, active area scale vs. pressure, need for automation to drive cost reductions



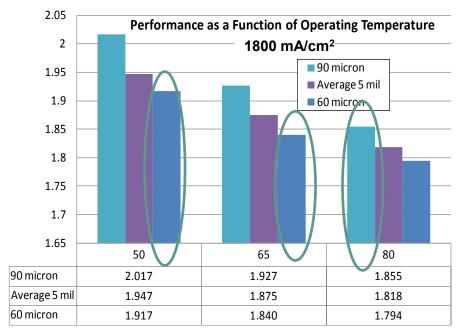
Catalyst Loading

 Alternate electrode structure shows near equivalent performance for 10x lower loading

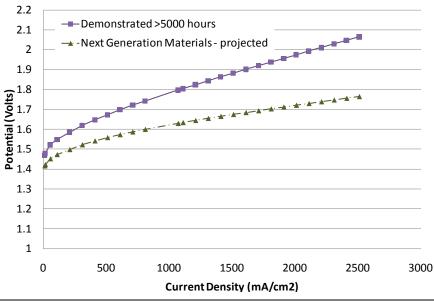




Performance Improvements



Demonstrated >85% efficiency @ 80°C and 1.8 A/cm² at production-scale cell and 200 psi differential pressure





Production Scale

65 Kg/day (200 kW_{in})





Fluids Side

Electrical Side

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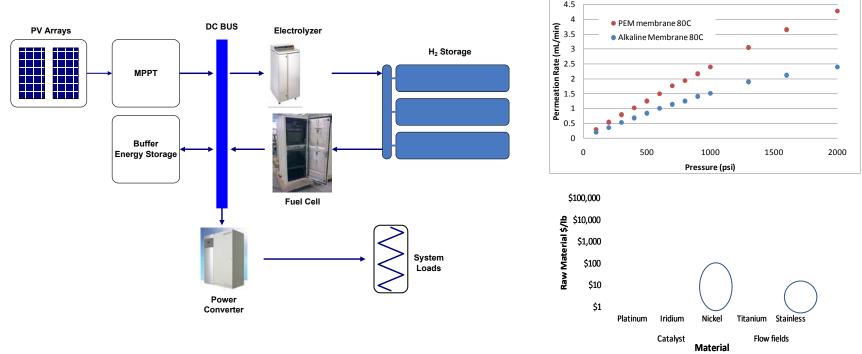
1 MW BPS PEMFC



Future Work

AEM-based Regenerative Fuel Cell

- Develop a low-cost, high efficiency
- Tightly integrated electrolyzer / fuel cell system
- Advanced rechargeable energy storage device for grid buffering.

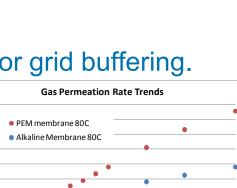


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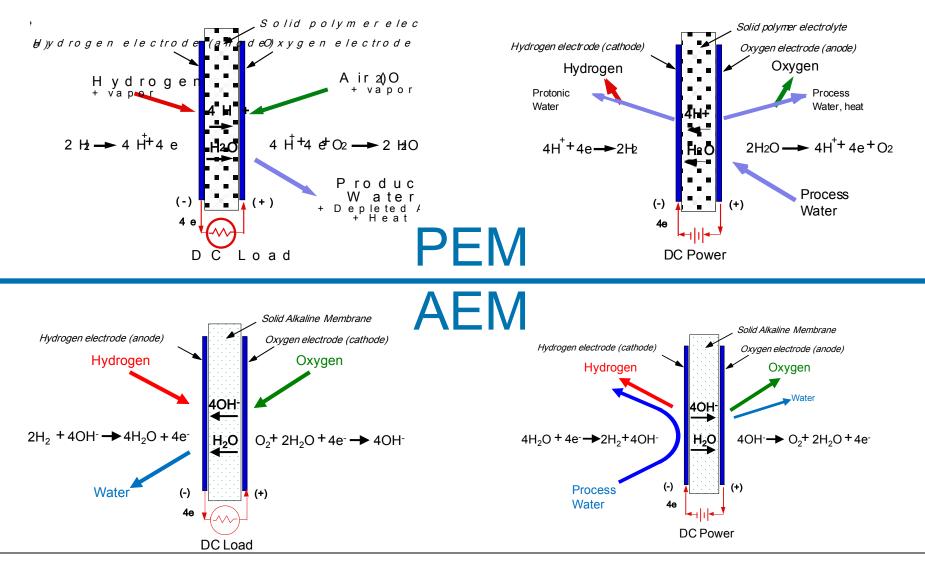




PENNSTATE



PEM / AEM Cell Comparison





Summary

- Demonstrated history in development of regenerative fuel cell systems
- Single stack dual stack debate depends on application
- Integration of existing technology can bridge gap
- Single stack is longer term approach
- Both options need materials & systems development and can benefit from manufacturing scale

Thank you!

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