



**Very High Fuel Economy, Heavy Duty Truck, Narrow  
Range Speed Engine, Optimized Via Unique Energy  
Recovery Turbines and Facilitated by High Efficiency  
Continuously Variable Drivetrain**

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Bahman Habibzadeh  
Volvo Powertrain North America

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“This presentation does not contain any proprietary or confidential information”

# OUTLINE

- Goals and Objectives
- Barrier
- Approaches
- Performance Measures and Accomplishments
- Technology Transfer
- Collaborations
- Plans for Next Fiscal Year
- Summary
- Publications

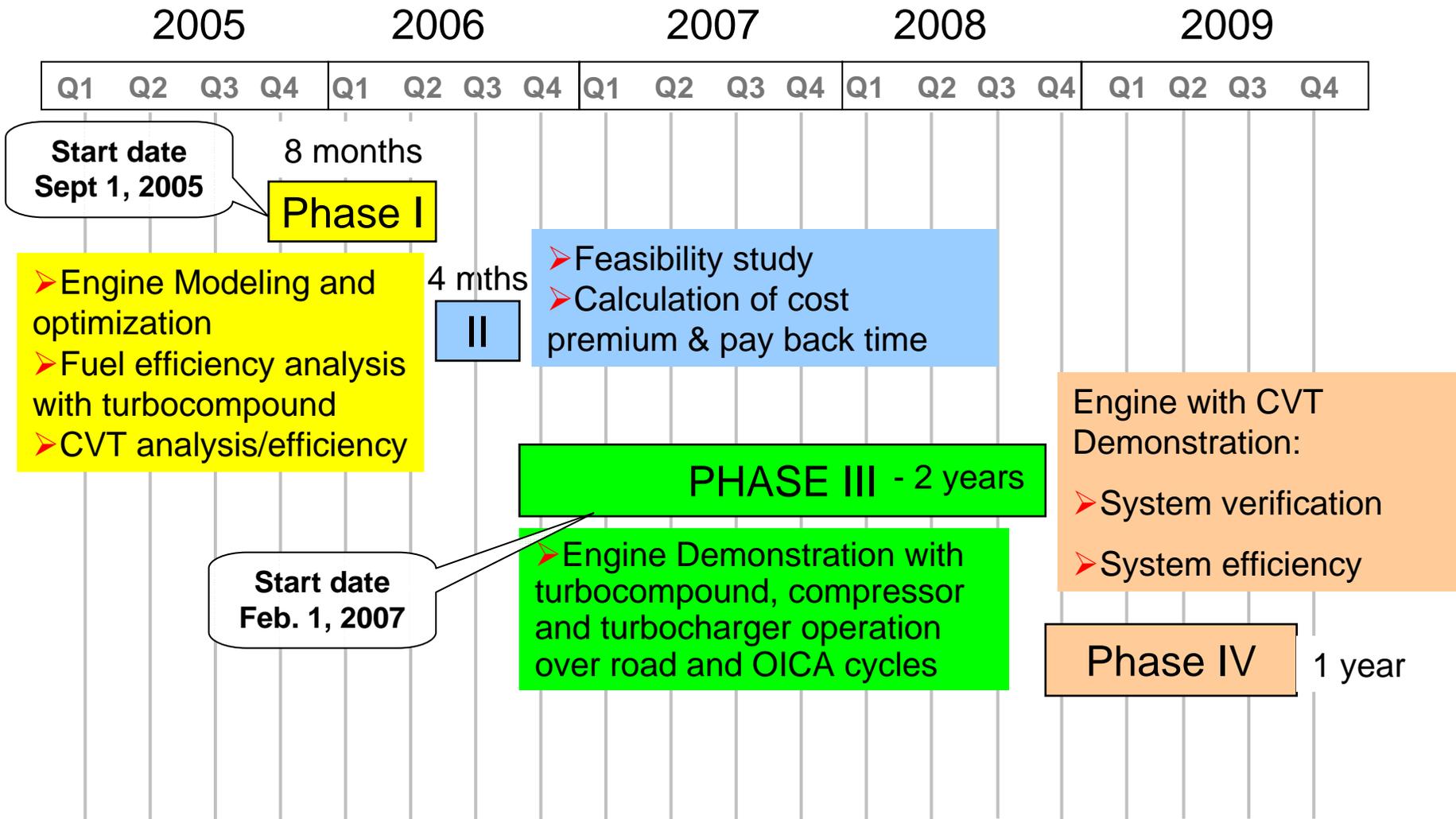
## GOAL & OBJECTIVES

- To apply waste heat recovery to improve the efficiency of a heavy duty diesel engine operating over an on-highway cycle. An overall efficiency increase of 10% is expected to be achieved while meeting 2007 emissions standards
- To operate a heavy duty diesel engine at a narrow range speed to eliminate the inefficiencies associated with varying speed engines. Engine always operates at its peak efficiency
- The enabling technology for the single engine speed operation will be achieved by coupling the engine to a Continuously Variable Transmission (CVT)
- To recover a portion of the energy lost in the exhaust a turbocompound system will also be incorporated optimized for the single speed operation

# BARRIERS

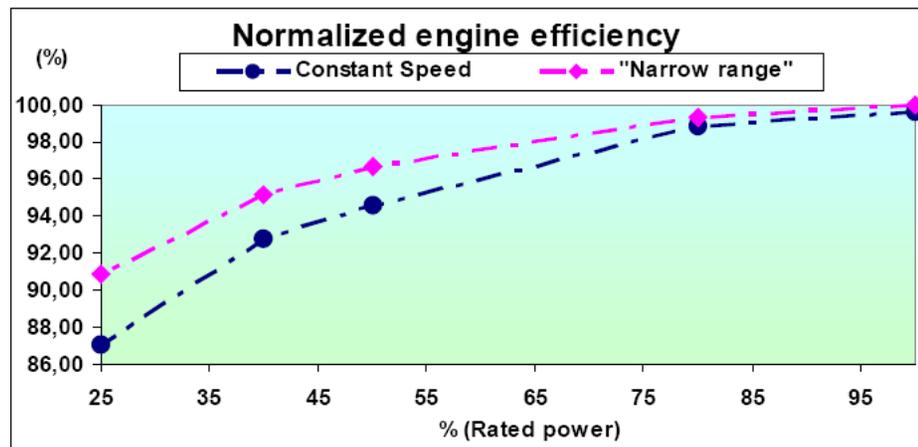
- Design new turbocharger unit with high performance efficiency for narrow range speed engine operation
  - High performance compressor
  - High performance turbine
- Design turbocompound unit based on Volvo D12 engine
  - Optimize for narrow range speed operation
- Repositioning of EGR valve

# APPROACH



# PHASE I ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- ❑ Narrow Range Speed picked over the Constant Speed engine



- ❑ Net efficiency gain over the baseline engine US07 MD13

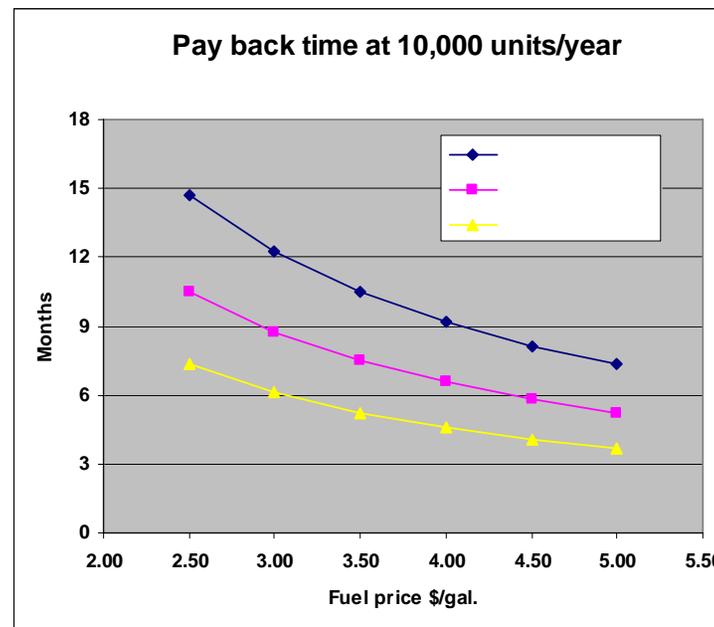
- Turbo-compound

- OICA 10.3%
- Road 8.3%

- Coupled to a 95% efficiency CVT the gain 5%

# PHASE II ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- ❑ The turbocharger and turbocompound can be designed for high efficiency
- ❑ Different EGR systems are relatively similar in performance
- ❑ The cost premium is paid back in approx. 12 months at a fuel consumption improvement of 5% and a fuel price of \$3.00/gallon



# SUMMARY OF PHASE III

- Risk analysis and design of components
- Manufacturing
  - Turbocharger
  - Turbocompound
  - Modification parts
- Turbo testing
- Baseline engine testing
  
- Build prototype engine
- Engine/Turbo testing
- Control system development
  - Emission verification
  - Fuel efficiency verification

# TURBO DESIGN AND TESTING

- Turbo design:
  - Compressor : Titanium impeller designed for high pressure ratio
  - Turbine : High performance radial turbo turbine
  - Compound Turbine: The compound turbine is of the axial type
  
- Gas stand test:
  - Rotor dynamic test
  - Mechanical functionality
  - Compressor performance and bearing system efficiency
  
- Turbocharger tested on engine
  
- Turbo compound unit to be tested on engine to control the mechanical function and rotor dynamics

# NON-TURBO MODIFICATIONS

- Modified Exhaust Manifold
- Modified Camshaft
- Timing Gear Plate
- Flywheel Housing
- Idler and Bull Gears

# TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

- Operating the diesel engine at a narrow range speed is not a radical new concept but an attempt to further optimize engine components by removing the inefficiencies associated with speed changes
- Decoupling engine speed from road speed by means of a CVT allows optimizing engine speed for best fuel consumption.
- Prototypes are designed such that there is least packaging problem on the chassis, although truck demonstration is not part of this program.

# ACTIVITIES FOR NEXT FISCAL YEAR

- Assemble engine with new designed components:
  - Turbocharger
  - Turbocompound
  - Exhaust manifold / modified EGR system
  - Interface to flywheel housing / rear transmission
  - Camshaft
  
- Develop control strategy
  - Evaluate fuel economy over the OICA and road cycle
  - Comply US07 engine out emission
  
- Study on CVT hardware and engine/CVT integration strategy

# SUMMARY

- Narrow range speed engine with turbocompound coupled to a CVT with 95% efficiency provides 5% in fuel efficiency improvement
- Cost premium for the engine waste heat recovery component is estimated to be paid back within 15 months in fuel saving
- Turbocharger and turbocompound units are built and tested
- Baseline engine is tested
- Engine to be assembled with turbocompound and other modifications
- Engine control strategy to be developed

# COLLABORATIONS

## ➤ Volvo Powertain Malmo

- Specialized in the design of turbocharger and turbo-compound machinery and engine simulation

## ➤ Volvo Technical (VTEC)

- Specialized in vehicle simulation developing new technology

## ➤ EATON

- Specialized in transmission and CVT provider

# PUBLICATIONS

Bahman Habibzadeh, “Very High Fuel Economy, Heavy Duty, Constant Speed, Truck Engine Optimized Via Unique Energy Recovery Turbines and Facilitated by High Efficiency Continuously Variable Drivetrain”, DOE/NETL Contract - DE-FC-05NT42421, Quarterly Reports.

**THANK YOU!**

**QUESTIONS?**