

# Motor Thermal Management



*U.S. Department of Energy  
Annual Merit Review*

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*poster presented by*

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**APE030**

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# Overview

## Timeline

- Project Start: FY 2010 (New Project)
- Project End: FY 2013
- Percent Complete: 5%

## Budget

- Total Funding (FY10-FY13)
  - DOE: \$400K
  - Contract: \$0K
- Annual Funding
  - FY10: \$400K

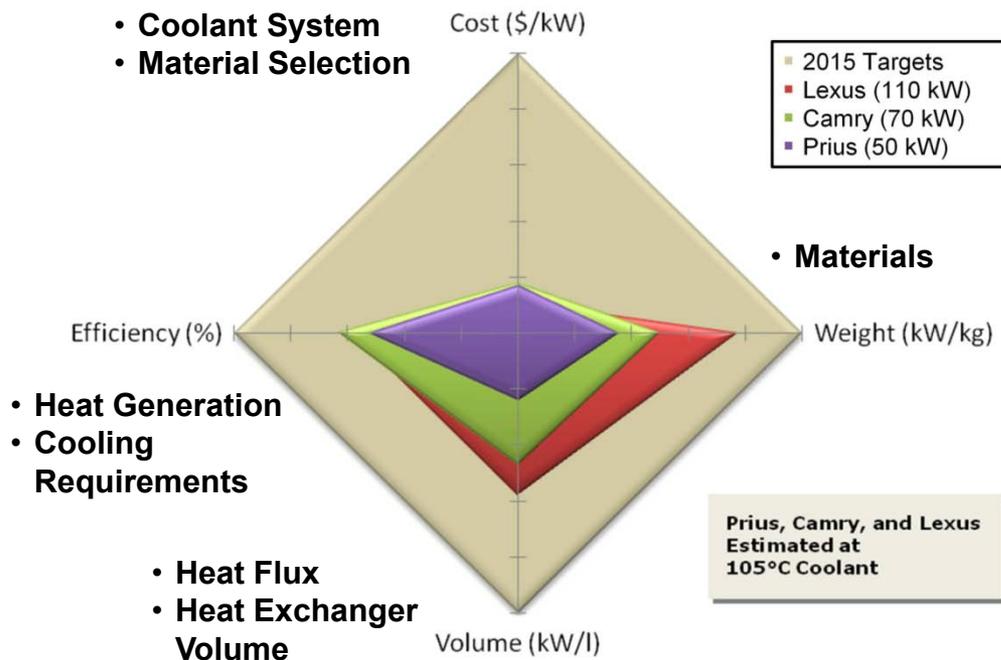
## Partners/Collaboration

- Electrical and Electronics Technical Team (EETT)
- USCAR Partners
- University of Wisconsin - Madison
- Oak Ridge National Laboratory

## Barriers

- Cost & Performance
- Weight & Volume
- Life & Thermal Management

## Targets



# Objectives: Relevance (1/4)

**The transition to more electrically dominated propulsion systems increases the importance of thermal control for electric machines (EMs).**

***Problem: Heat***

**Over sizing the EM is one solution** to improve performance of EMs within the thermal constraints [1].

***Goal: Lower cost, volume, and weight***

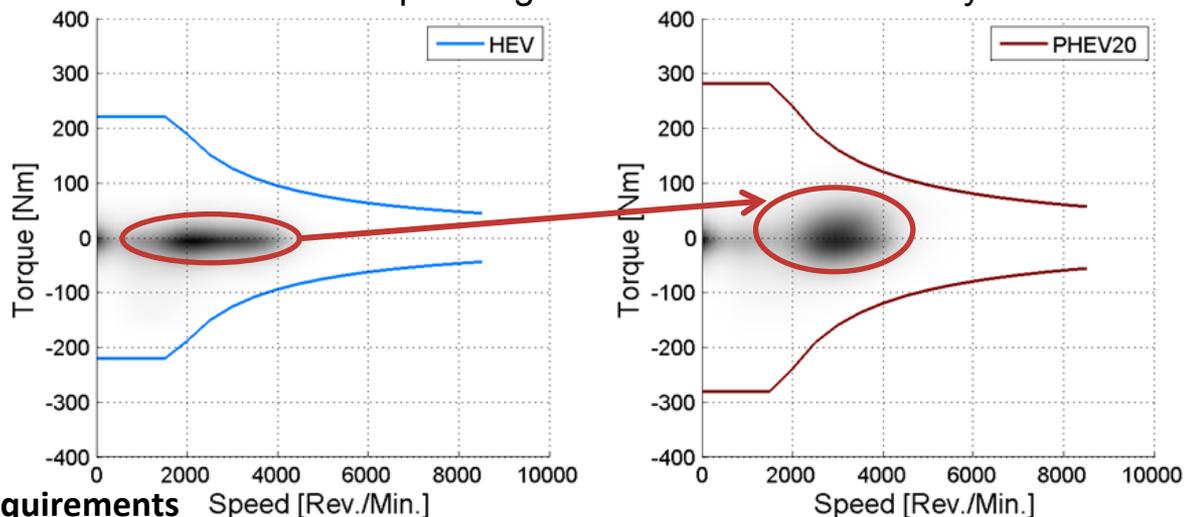
**Thermal management** is needed to **reduce size** and improve electric machine performance [1].

[1] Source: C. Liao, C. Chen, and T. Katcher, "Thermal Analysis for Design of High Performance Motors," IITHERM, May, 1998

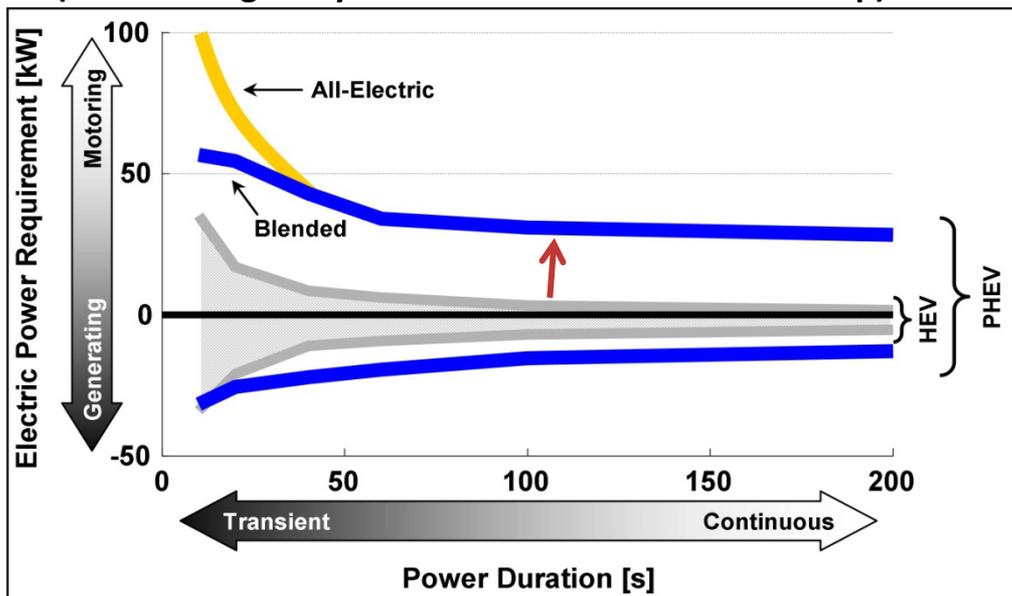
# Objectives: Relevance (2/4)

Significant increase in continuous power requirements with transition from HEV to PHEV.

Cumulative operating time of 227 in-use drive cycles.



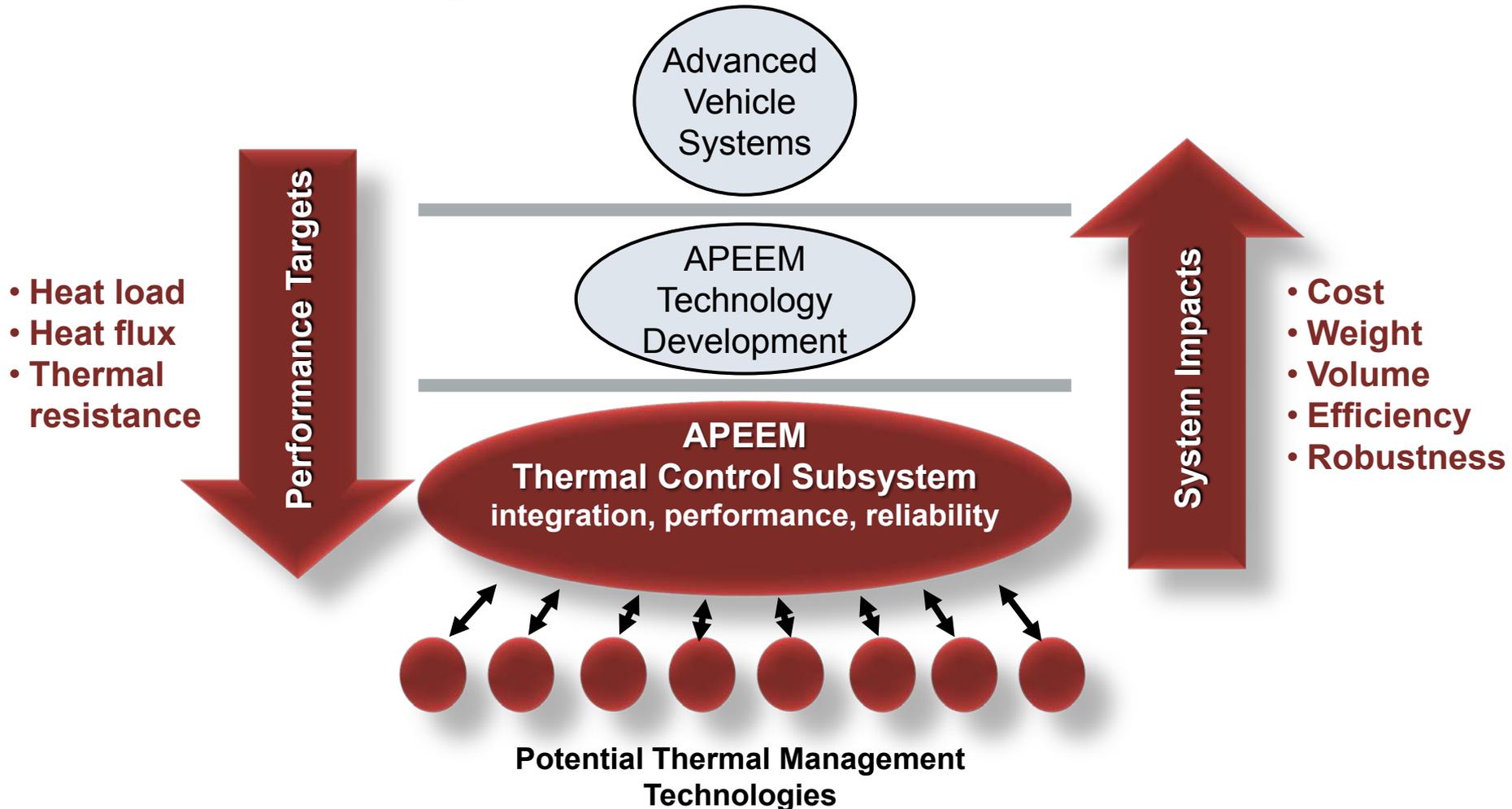
Midsize parallel hybrid electric power requirements  
(Source: Plug-In Hybrid Addendum to EETT Roadmap)



- Results based on Vehicle Systems Analysis activity simulated vehicle data and in-use drive cycles.
  - Parallel hybrid electric configuration.
  - Blended PHEV energy management strategy.

# Objectives: Relevance (3/4)

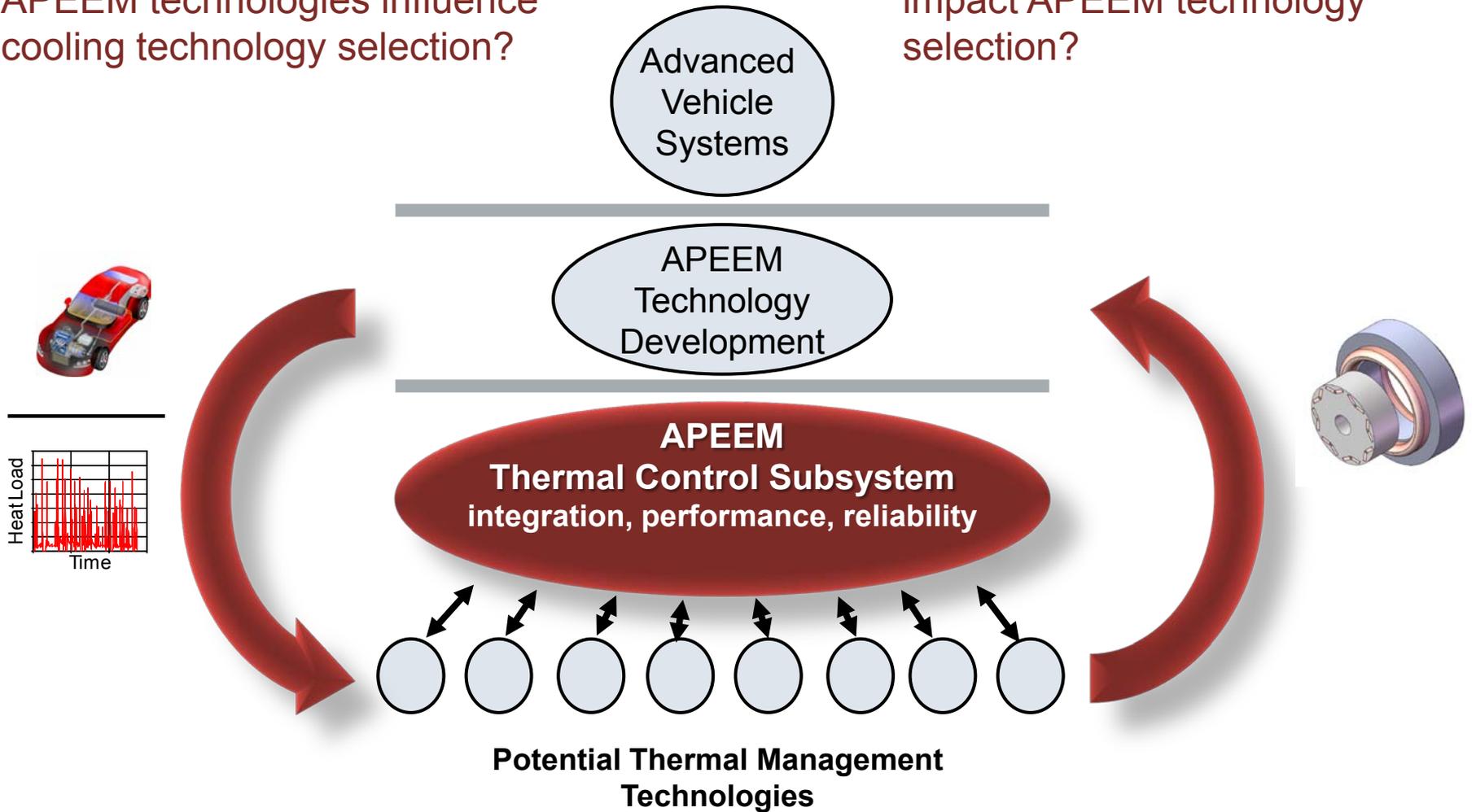
- Facilitate the integration of APEEM thermal management technologies into commercially viable advanced automotive systems including hybrid electric, plug-in hybrid electric, and fuel cell vehicles.



# Objectives: Relevance (4/4)

How do developments in APEEM technologies influence cooling technology selection?

How do developments in cooling impact APEEM technology selection?

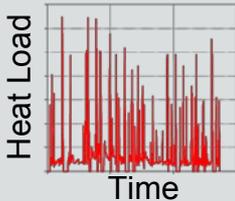


# Approach/Strategy (1/3)



## Vehicle Type

HEV, PHEV, EV, FCV, ...



## Component Use

Heat Loads / Efficiency  
(Peak, Continuous, Dynamic, ...)

## Cooling System

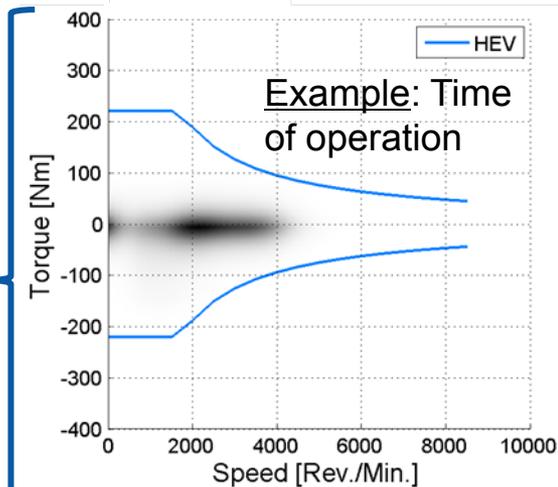
Coolant Temperature  
(Vehicle Integration)  
Heat Exchanger



## EM Package

Configuration  
Materials

Understand critical operating points.



Losses/Efficiency  
What are critical points in terms of heating?

Energy  
What are critical points in terms of energy use?

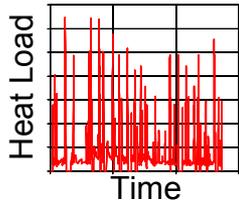
- Quantify energy impact.
- Focus efficiency improvements.
- Improve thermal management.

# Approach/Strategy (2/3)



## Vehicle Type

HEV, PHEV, EV, FCV, ...

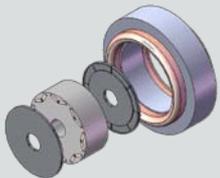


## Component Use

Heat Loads / Efficiency  
(Peak, Continuous, Dynamic, ...)

## Cooling System

Coolant Temperature  
(Vehicle Integration)  
Heat Exchanger



## EM Package

Configuration  
Materials

Thermal  
Limits ( $T_{max}$ )

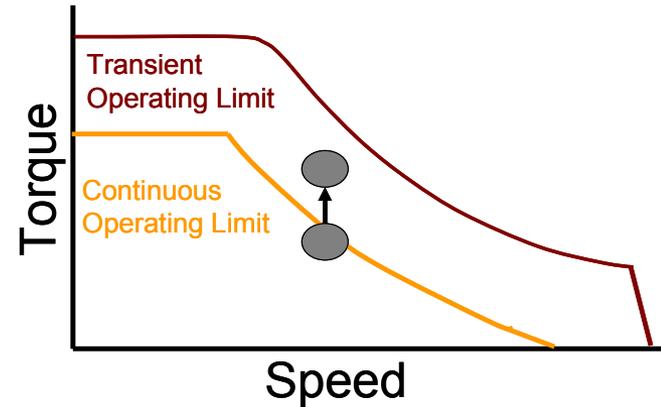


Heat Removal  
Capability

$Q$



Power  
Improvement



Impacts on  
Metrics



# Approach/Strategy (3/3) - Milestones

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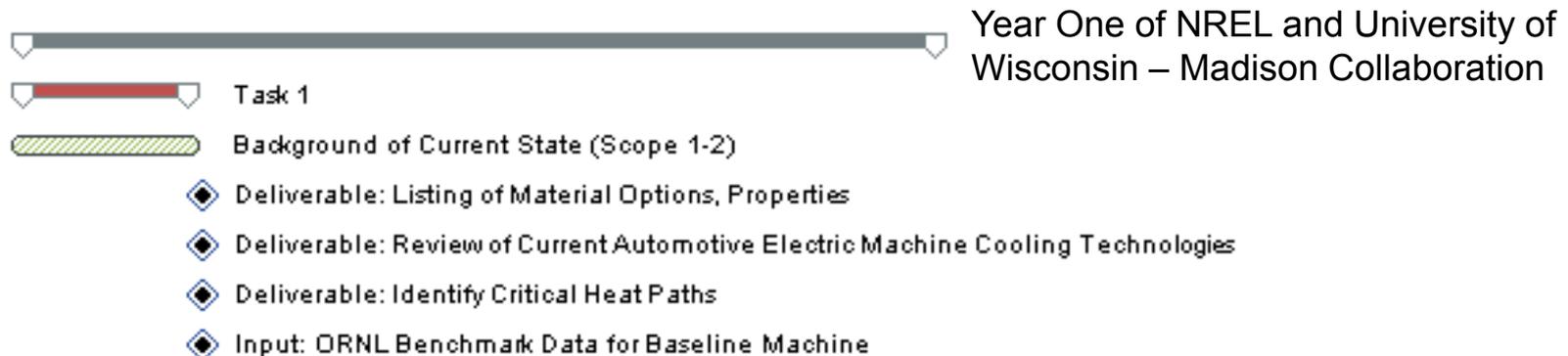
## FY10 (Scheduled)

- Annual milestone report - status update (October)

# Technical Accomplishments & Progress (1/4)

Completed formal agreements between NREL and the University of Wisconsin – Madison for collaboration efforts on electric machine thermal management.

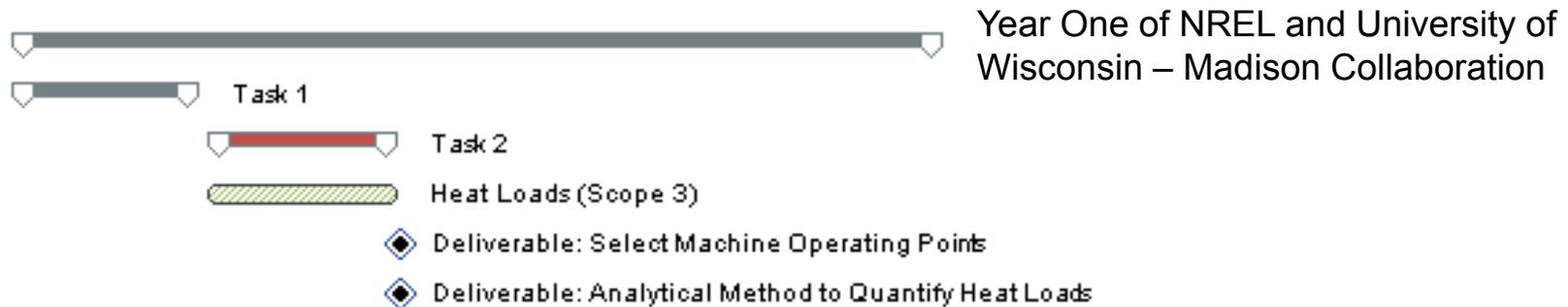
| 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
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- Identify material options for automotive electric drives.
- Review current cooling technologies for automotive traction drives.
  - Identify known synergies between cooling technologies and machine types (such as air, water ethylene glycol, oil...).
- Identify critical heat paths based on machine type and cooling method.

# Technical Accomplishments & Progress (2/4)

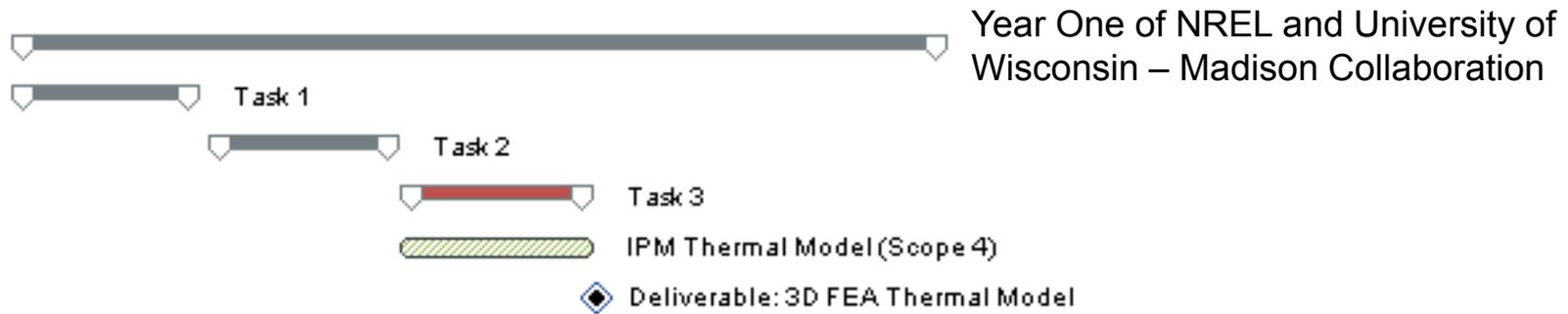
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- Identify baseline machine and limited set of operating points for analysis.
- Propose analytical method to determine the electric machine heat load distribution of an IPM machine.
  - Compare heat load estimates against available experimental data of baseline machine.
  - Ensure compatibility with MATLAB/Simulink.

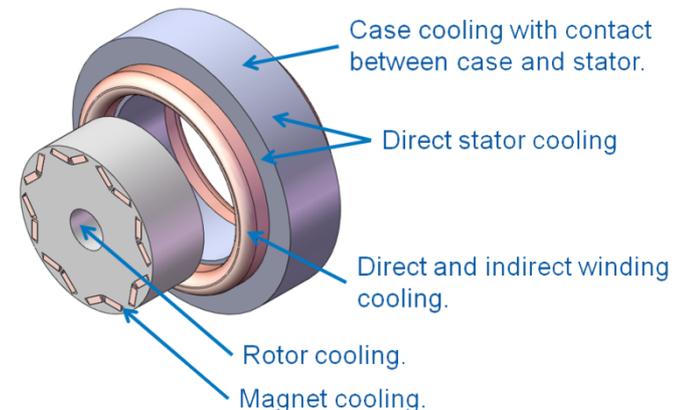
# Technical Accomplishments & Progress (3/4)

| 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
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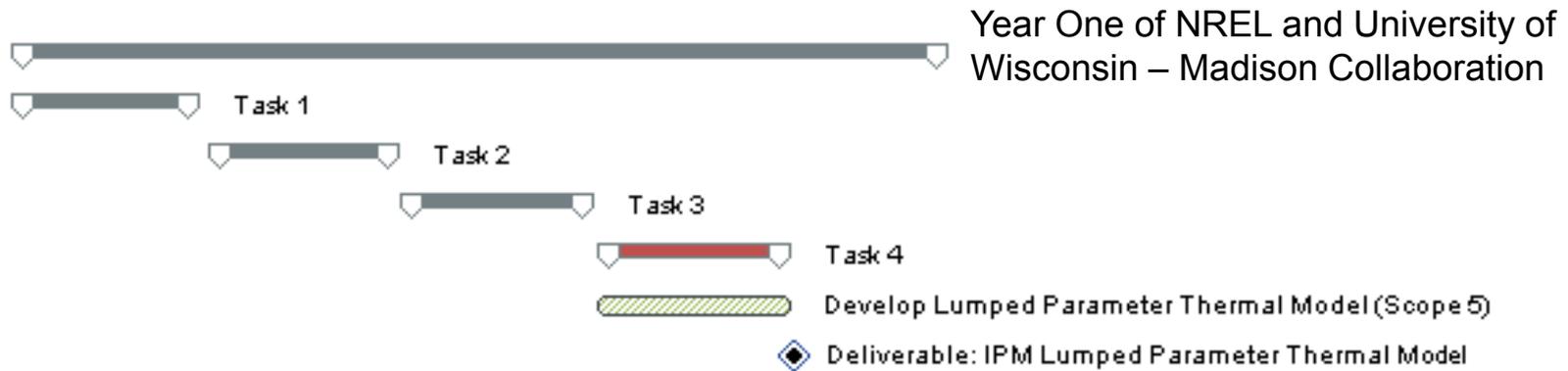
- Develop thermal FEA model of baseline IPM machine.
  - Identify appropriate levels of detail.
  - Develop foundation on which to characterize impact of alternative cooling strategies.

## Multiple Cooling Options



# Technical Accomplishments & Progress (4/4)

| 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
|------|------|------|
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- Develop approach for the creation of a lumped parameter thermal model of IPM machines.
  - Identify appropriate levels of detail.
  - Maintain compatibility with MATLAB/Simulink.

# Collaboration and Coordination

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## University

- University of Wisconsin – Madison (Thomas M. Jahns): Partner
  - Support with electric machine expertise.

## Industry

- Electrical & Electronics Tech Team: Partner
  - Input on plans and accomplishments.

## Other Government Laboratories

- Oak Ridge National Laboratory: Partner
  - Support from benchmarking activities.
  - Ensure thermal design space is appropriate and modeling assumptions are consistent with other aspects of APEEM motor research.

# Proposed Future Work

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- Expand to other machine types.
  - Ensure thermal design space is appropriate and modeling assumptions are consistent with other aspects of APEEM motor research.
- Perform cooling technology characterization and development in an electric machine context.
  - Develop avenues for improved cooling of motors (such as water jacket, stator cooling, winding cooling, magnet cooling, and rotor cooling).
- Transient analysis modeling capabilities.
  - Develop transient thermal modeling capabilities necessary to evaluate performance in real-world usage conditions.



# Summary

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## Technical Accomplishments

- Previously illustrated impact on motor thermal management with transition to more electrically dominate vehicle propulsion systems.
- Formal agreements between NREL and the University of Wisconsin – Madison are complete.
- Baseline IPM thermal test data provided by ORNL.

## Collaborations

- Collaborations established with R&D partners.
  - University of Wisconsin – Madison
  - Oak Ridge National Laboratory